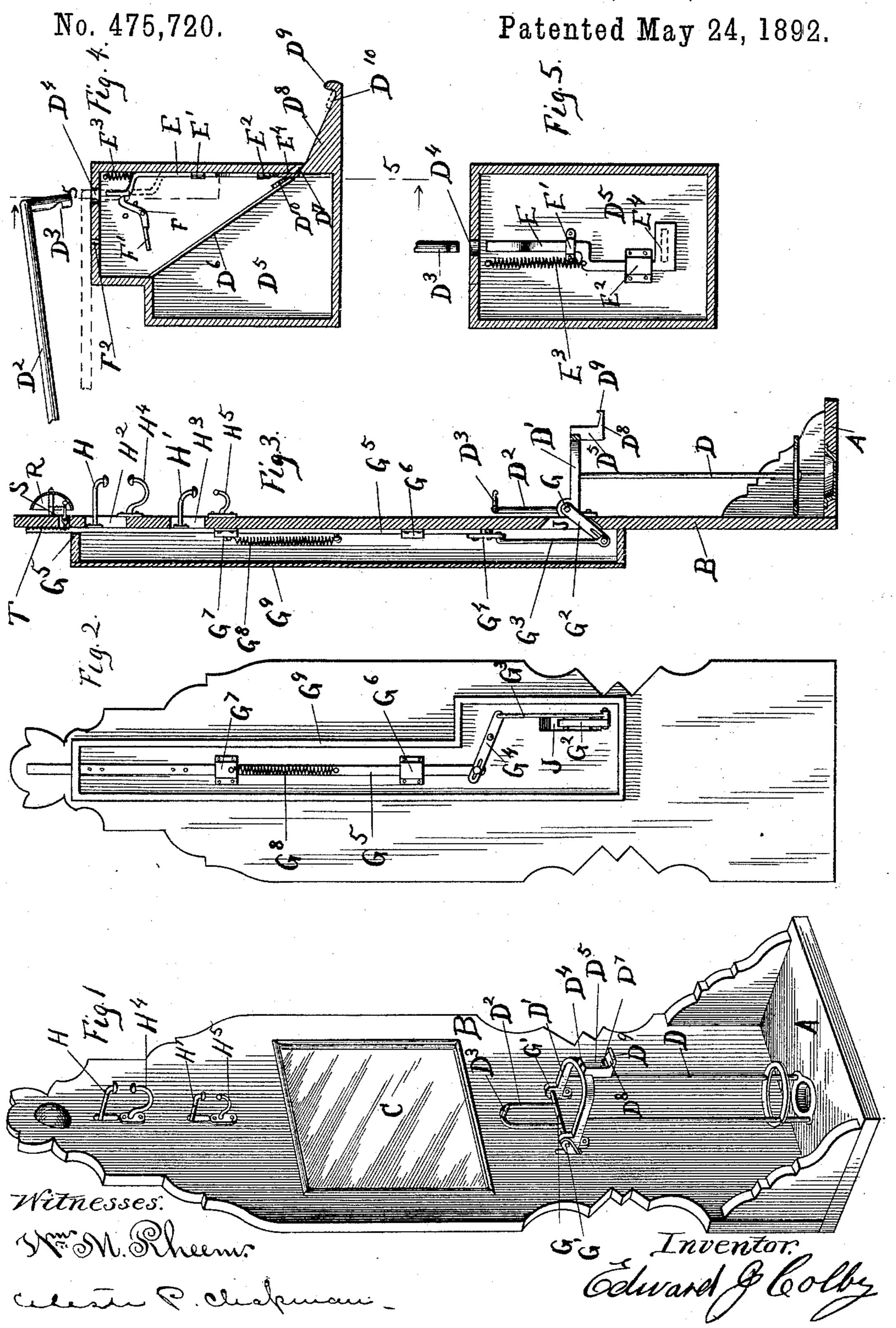
E. J. COLBY.

LOCKING RACK FOR UMBRELLAS, COATS, HATS, &c.



United States Patent Office.

EDWARD J. COLBY, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ASSIGNOR TO THE COLBY SPECIALTY SUPPLY COMPANY, OF SAME PLACE.

LOCKING-RACK FOR UMBRELLAS, COATS, HATS, &c.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 475,720, dated May 24, 1892.

Application filed June 25, 1891. Serial No. 397,442. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWARD J. COLBY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Locking-Racks for Umbrellas, Coats, Hats, and the Like, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact specification.

My invention relates to devices for securio ing umbrellas, coats, hats, and the like, and
has for its object to provide convenient and
simple means whereby such articles may be
secured in position in hallways, hotels, and
the like. It is illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein—

Figure 1 is a perspective view. Fig. 2 is a rear elevation. Fig. 3 is a vertical section. Fig. 4 is a detail section through the locking-box. Fig. 5 is a detail cross-section through the lock-box on the line 5 5.

Like parts are indicated by the same letters in all figures.

A is a base and B the back board; C, a mirror thereon.

D is an umbrella-rack having the upper rigid loop portion D' and pivoted locking-loop D², with the outer hook D³, adapted to pass through the slot D⁴ in the upper portion of the locking-box D⁵. Within this lock-so box is an inclined surface D⁶, which leads to the aperture D⁷, which opens upon the inclined surface D⁸, provided with a lower ledge D⁹ to receive and retain the check or key D¹⁰.

D⁹ to receive and retain the check or key D¹⁰. E is a slide within a lock-box moving in 35 the guides E' E² and upwardly drawn by the spring E³, provided at its lower end with the plate E⁴, which is adapted to close the aperture D7. This slide E is adapted to pass through the aperture D⁴ above, but is normally 40 held in its downward position by the hook D³ when engaged by the pivoted catch F, the rear end of which is provided with a plate F' beneath the aperture F² in the top of the lock-box. The loop D² is rigid upon the shaft 45 G, pivoted at G'G', and rigid upon this same shaft is the arm G², connected by a slot to the rod G³, the upper end of which is connected with the pivoted lever G⁴, which is connected by a slot with the sliding bar G⁵ G⁵. This bar 50 passes through the guides G⁶ G⁷ and is up-

ter-mentioned parts are contained in the box G⁹ on the back of the back board. To the slide is connected the locking-arms H H', which move, respectively, in the slots H² H³, 55 and are opposed to the fixed hooks H⁴ H⁵. The arm G² plays in the slot J. It is evident that these parts could be very greatly changed without departing from the spirit of the invention, and particularly it may be observed 60 that the key or check hereinafter more fully referred to could be of any desired shape and could be arranged so as to unlock the device in various ways, though I have shown it here as adapted to trip by gravity a retain- 65 ing pawl or catch. Some of the parts may also be dispensed with and the others still operate in substantially the same manner.

R is a bell on the front of the back board, provided with the pivoted clapper S, adapted 70 to be indicated by the ratchet T on the slide G⁵.

The use and operation of my invention are as follows: The device, substantially as illustrated in Fig. 1, may be placed in a hall, or, for example, at the entrance of a dining-room 75 in a hotel. There might of course be any number of such devices, and they might be independently supported or attached to the same frame. The person who desires to make use of the apparatus will place his umbrella 80 in the rack, his coat on the lower hook, and his hat on the upper hook, and will then bring down the locking-loop D² until the hook D³ passes through the aperture D⁴ and forces down the slide E against the spring E³ until 85 the plate E4 passes down, so as to uncover the slot D⁷ and permit the check or key D¹⁰ to pass through such slot out against the ledge D⁹. This motion, however, brings the parts down to the point where the hook D³ is en- 90 gaged by the catch or pawl F, so that the parts are thus retained in position, the umbrella being locked down by the catchingloop D³. This downward movement of the loop D² rocks the arm G² upwardly, raises the 95 rod G³, rocks the lever G⁴, and lowers the slide G⁵ with the hooks H H', which thus engage their opposed hooks and secure the hat and coat.

by a slot with the sliding bar G⁵ G⁵. This bar passes through the guides G⁶ G⁷ and is uptother device may be employed to give an wardly drawn by the spring G⁸. These latitudes at the time when the articles are locked

in or when they are released, or on both occasions, if desired.

To reiterate the operation and the explanation of the operation, it may be said that 5 when the parts are in the position indicated in Figs. 1 and 4 the key or check D^{10} is retained within the lock and the securing devices are all open. When the hat, coat, and umbrella have been placed in position, the 10 part D² will be brought forward into the position shown in dotted lines in Fig. 4. This will carry the slide E down against the action of the spring E³ in the position shown in dotted lines in Fig. 4, and the hook D³ will 15 be engaged by the end of the pawl F', while the slide E is held downwardly by the engagement of the end of the hook D³ with the top of such slide. By carrying the slide E downward the key or check D¹⁰ is permitted to slide 20 through this slot out into the position shown in dotted lines. The pawl F' may of course be greatly varied as to size, form, construction, and the like; but I have simply shown the conventional form to express the idea. 25 No mechanic would have a moment's hesitation in constructing the pawl and supporting it so as to accomplish the desired result. The keyhole F² and the key D¹⁰ and the end of the pawl F' may of course be greatly varied in 30 their construction, location, and arrangement, so as to make it difficult to unlock the device without its proper key; but I have shown the device in its simplest form.

I claim—

1. The combination of fixed hat and coat

hooks with opposed arms or hooks, a slide to which the latter are secured, a spring to normally elevate such slide and separate the hooks, and a lever to move the slide down and lock the hooks together to secure the hat 40 and coat, and an umbrella-securing part operatively connected with such slide.

2. The combination of fixed hat and coat hooks with opposed arms or hooks, a slide to which the latter are secured, a spring to normally elevate such slide and separate the hooks, and a lever to move the slide down and lock the hooks together to secure the hat and coat, and an umbrella-securing part operatively connected with such slide, and a 50 hook to automatically secure the umbrella-catch when the same is turned into position to hold the umbrella.

3. The combination of fixed hat and coat hooks with opposed arms or hooks, a slide to 55 which the latter are secured, a spring to normally elevate such slide and separate the hooks, and a lever to move the slide down and lock the hooks together to secure the hat and coat, and an umbrella-securing part operatively connected with such slide, and a hook to automatically secure the umbrella-catch when the same is turned into position to hold the umbrella, and a releasing mechanism in such lock adapted to be operated by 65 the key.

EDWARD J. COLBY.

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Witnesses:

CELESTE P. CHAPMAN, HARRIET M. DAY.