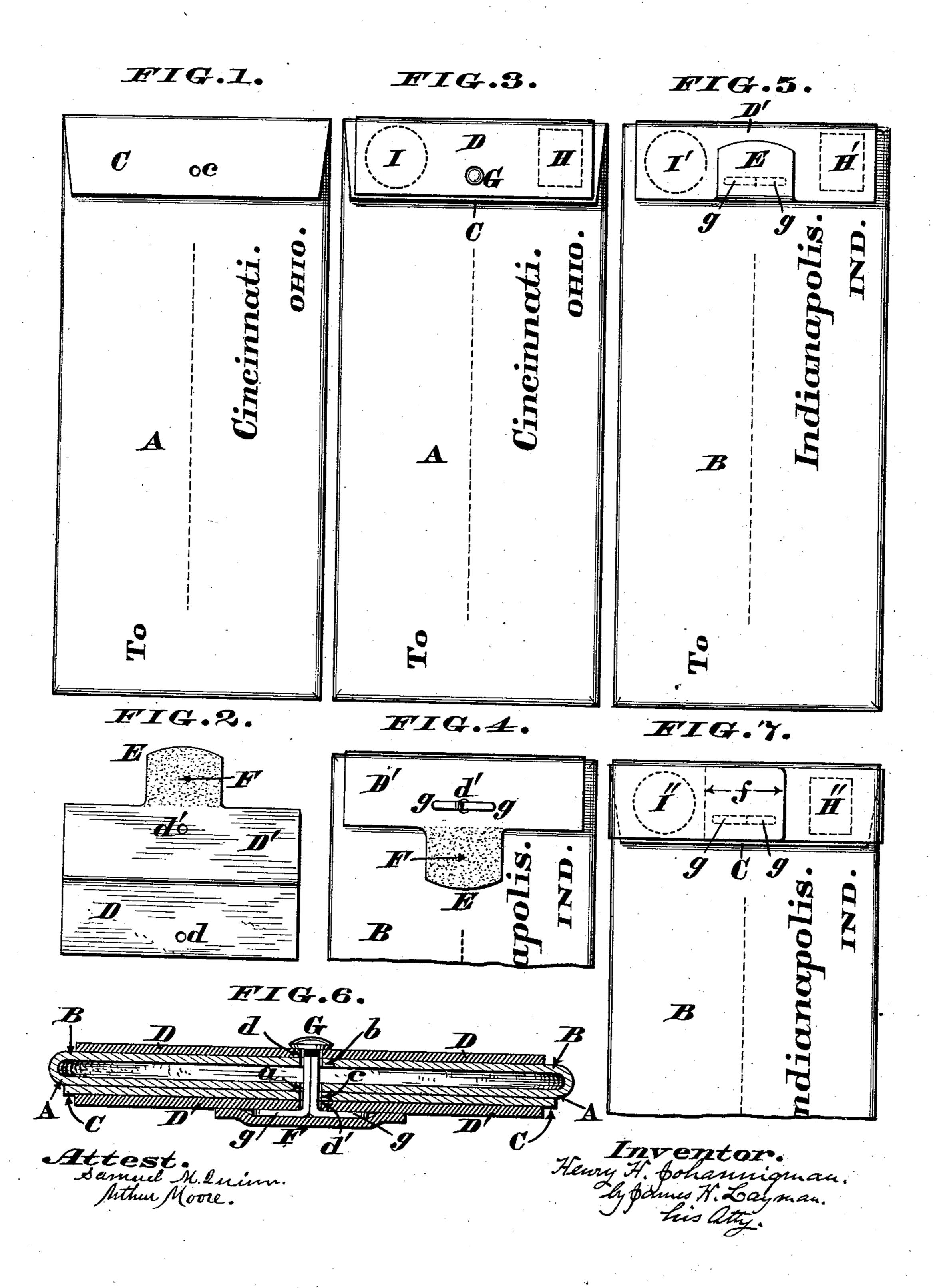
(No Model.)

H. H. JOHANNIGMAN. LETTER POUCH.

No. 472,791.

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United States Patent Office.

HENRY H. JOHANNIGMAN, OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

LETTER-POUCH.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 472,791, dated April 12, 1892.

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To all whom it may concern:

Beit known that I, HENRY H. JOHANNIGMAN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Cincinnati, in the county of Hamilton and State 5 of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Letter-Pouches; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, reference being had to the annexed drawings, which

10 form part of this specification.

This invention relates to those envelopes, letter-pouches, or other similar mail-cases which are comparatively permanent in their character and have an address on one side to 15 indicate the person and place the envelope is to be forwarded to and on the other side another address to show that the envelope after being used is to be returned to the sender; and myimprovement comprises a novel means 20 of securely closing the mouth of such pouches and yet permits their ready opening after the seal of the same has been broken. To accomplish this result the mouth of the envelope | or pouch is closed by any temporary device, 25 an ordinary paper-fastener being preferred for obvious reasons, which fastener not only passes through the envelope, but also traverses the front and back folds of a special form of tag. This tag is ordinarily made of 30 heavy Manila paper or other similar material and is doubled around the mouth of the envelope, and after the paper-fastener has been clinched against one fold of said tag a gummed tongue of the latter is moistened and 35 then caused to adhere to said fold. Consequently the clinched end of the fastener is sealed within this gummed portion of the tag, thereby effectually closing the mouth of the mail-receptacle, said tag being of such a size 4c as to afford ample room for the postal and canceling stamps, &c., thereby preventing any obliteration of the printed addresses or inscriptions of the envelope, as hereinafter more fully described.

In the annexed drawings, Figure 1 is a front view of an envelope embodying my improvements, the special tag being omitted therefrom. Fig. 2 is a view of this detached tag. Fig. 3 is another front view of the envelope, 50 but showing the tag attached thereto by a paper-fastener. Fig. 4 is a rear view of the up-

fastener being cliched against the tag and the ungummed tongue of the latter being in its normal position. Fig. 5 is a rear view of 55 the complete envelope, the clinched ends of the paper-fastener being sealed within the gummed tongue. Fig. 6 is an enlarged transverse section of the complete envelope, said section being taken in the plane of the paper- 60 fastener. Fig. 7 is a modification of my invention.

A represents the front of an envelope, letter-pouch, or other similar case or receptacle for conveying mail-matter, and B is the back 65 of said envelope, which back is preferably, but not necessarily, prolonged to afford a flap C, that covers the mouth of the pouch in the ordinary manner. Furthermore, the mouth may be situated either at one side or end of the 70 envelope, but usually at the end as a matter of better protection.

a, b, and c are holes made, respectively, in the front, back, and flap of the envelope to admit a paper-fastener or equivalent device, 75

said holes being seen in Fig. 6.

D D' in Fig. 2 represent two similar folds formed by bending a tag longitudinally, said folds being perforated at dd' and one of them being provided with a lateral extension or 80 tongue E, that is gummed on its outer surface, as at F. This tag is made of any suitable flexible material, capable of being united with gum or other adhesive coating; but generally said tag is composed of thick Manila 85 paper. G is an ordinary paper-fastener, and q q are the prongs of the same, which prongs or tangs can be bent down or clinched in the usual manner.

To illustrate the method of using my letter- 90 pouch, I will suppose it is to be used quite frequently by parties in Cincinnati, Ohio, and Indianapolis, Indiana, and that the names of these parties are printed where the dotted lines occur in Figs. 1, 3, and 5. I will also sup- 95 pose that the party at Indianapolis will first mail the letter to Cincinnati, and that his correspondent at this place will subsequently return it to the sender. The sender first inserts letters or other valuable mail-matter in 100 the mouth of the envelope and closes the latter with the flap C, after which act the tag is so bent and applied as to cause one of its folds per portion of the envelope, the ends of said I D to bear against said flap, as seen in Fig. 3,

while its other fold D' is held snugly against. the back B, as represented in Fig. 4, thus presenting the gummed tongue E outwardly. The prongs g g of the paper-fastener are now 5 passed through the coincident holes d, b, a, c,and d', and then the projecting ends of said prongs are clinched against the fold D' of the tag, as seen in Fig. 4, thereby securing the mouth of the envelope, but not rendering it a 10 sealed package. This sealing, however, is readily accomplished by moistening the gum F and then turning the tongue up and back so as to cause this gummed portion to adhere to the fold D', the result being the complete 15 concealment of the clinched prongs. The envelope is now a sealed letter; but as it has different addresses on its opposite sides some ready expedient must be resorted to in order that it may be mailed to the proper party. 20 Therefore the sender must stamp that fold D of the tag which happens to be on the side of the envelope where Cincinnati, Ohio, is printed, the position of this stamp being indicated by dotted lines H, the other portion of said 25 fold D' affording ample space for postmarking the letter, as suggested by the dotted circle I. When the letter is received, the gummed flap E is torn away from the fold D', thereby exposing the clinched prongs g g, 30 which are accordingly bent out straight to permit the withdrawal of the fastener G and the detachment of the doubled tag D D'. The latter is then thrown away, because it is no longer of any use, and the flap C being raised 35 the contents of the envelope are at once accessible. To return the envelope to the sender at Indianapolis, Indiana, a new tag is applied, and the stamp H' is then attached to the fold D' at the back B of said envelope, as seen in 40 Fig. 5, in which illustration I' represents the post mark. It will thus be seen that my invention is especially applicable to those return envelopes or pouches which are repeatedly sent back and forth from one party to

another; but the tag can be as readily applied 45 to other mailing-receptacles. In the modification of my invention (seen in Fig. 7) the tag is a mere band passed around the envelope-flap instead of over it, that portion of the tag between its exposed end and the dot- 50 ted line f being gummed, so as to act as a seal for inclosing the clinched ends of the paper-fastener, H" and I" being the stamp and post-mark. Figs. 4 and 5 show the clinched ends of the paper-fastener and the tongue of 55 the tag located on the rear side of the envelope, so as to cause the head of said fastener to appear on the face of the receptacle, as seen in Fig. 3; but this position of the fastener and tag may be exactly reversed, as represented 60 in Fig. 6 where said ends and tongue are in front and the fastener-head in the rear; but while the position of these parts is wholly immaterial it is essential to the proper mailing of the envelope that the stamp be attached 65 on the side having the address to which the envelope is to be sent. Finally the holes ab c d d' should be made in their appropriate places when the envelope and tag are manufactured, in order that the fastener may be in- 70 stantly applied without using a perforating implement.

I claim as my invention—

An envelope or letter pouch perforated near its mouth, as at a b, and a perforated tag D 75 D', having a gummed portion E, which tag is folded over said mouth and secured by a paper-fastener, as G, the clinched ends of the latter being sealed by causing said gummed portion E to adhere to one fold of said tag, 80 substantially as herein described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

the presence of two witnesses.

HENRY H. JOHANNIGMAN.

Witnesses:

JAMES H. LAYMAN, FRANCIS M. BIDDLE.