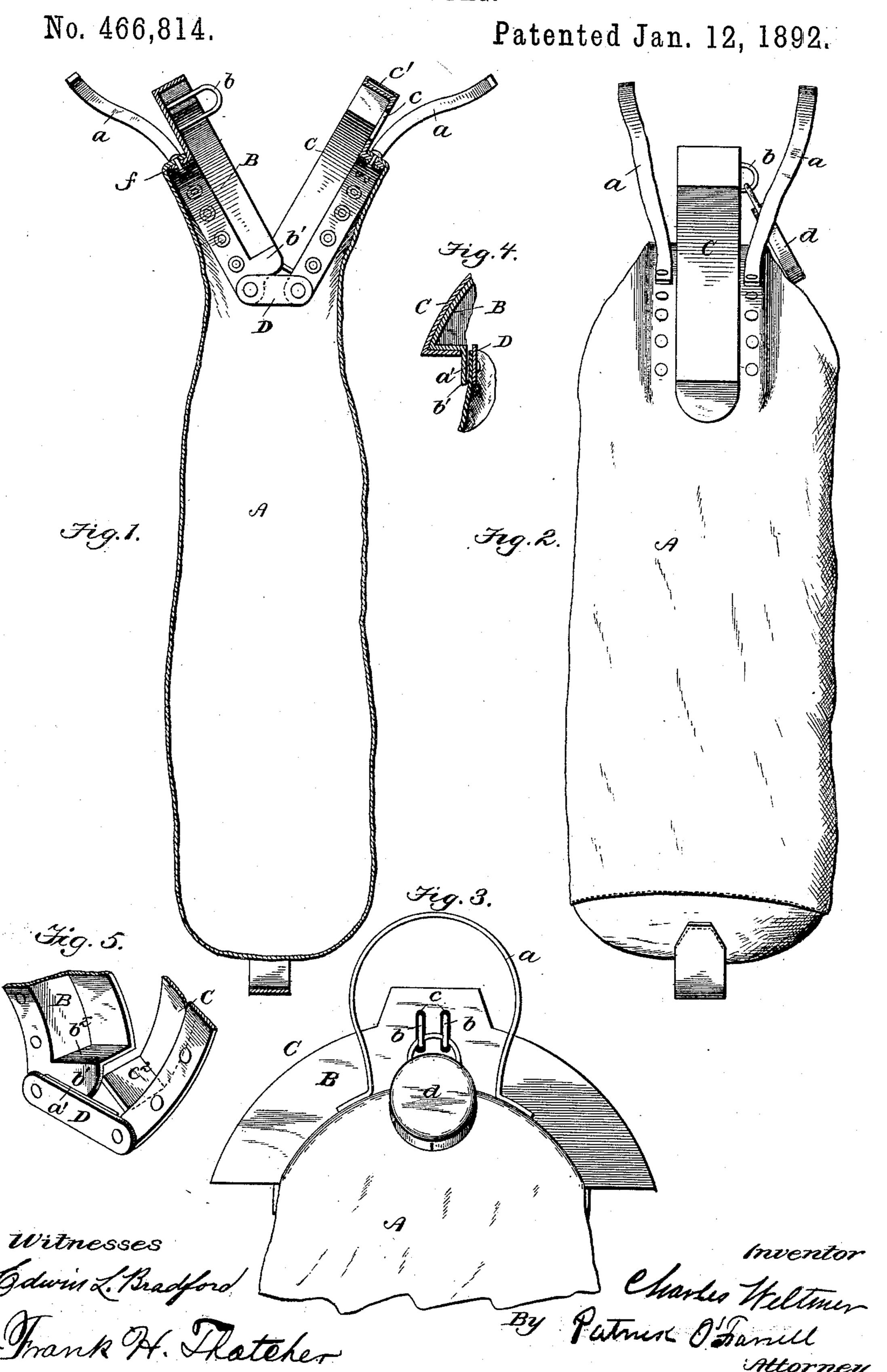
## (No Model.) C. WELTMER. MAIL BAG.



## United States Patent Office.

CHARLES WELTMER, OF CAMPBELLTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA.

## MAIL-BAG.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 466,814, dated January 12, 1892.

Application filed August 15, 1891. Serial No. 402,745. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES WELTMER, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Campbelltown, in the county of 5 Lebanon and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Mail-Bags, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the

accompanying drawings.

My invention relates to mail-bags and fastenings therefor, and has for its object convenience in opening and closing the bag, security when closed, and facility for depositing the mail therein when opened. To ac-15 complish these ends I provide the open end of the mail-bag with a frame, the two parts of which when open cause the mouth of the bag to assume an approximately circular form. These separate parts of this frame are so con-20 structed that the one fits accurately within the other in a manner that when closed they cannot be opened by the insertion of a sharp instrument between the frames. This also adapts them to the exclusion of water, while 25 their circular form when open makes a large and flaring mouth for the ready reception of the mail-matter.

The invention is clearly illustrated in the

accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a vertical longitudinal section showing the interior of the bag and the framework as it appears from the inside. Fig. 2 is a side view showing the external appearance of the bag. Fig. 3 is a front elevation of the 35 upper part of the bag, showing the contour of the frame inclosing the mouth and the openings through which the staples pass to be secured by a lock when the bag is closed. Fig. 4 is a sectional detail showing how the frames 40 interlock and inclose that portion of the bag attached to the hinged link connecting the two jaws of the frame. Fig. 5 is a perspective in detail of the same.

Like letters of reference indicate corre-45 sponding parts throughout the drawings, in which—

A represents the body or bag having its open end attached by rivets to the flanges fof the frame, which is formed of two parts 50 connected on either side of the bag by links D. The confronting sides of the frame are ling flange f, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, and

chambered, as shown, and one is made sufficiently larger than the other to allow the smaller to fit accurately within its walls. This secures the mouth of the bag from being 55 forced asunder by the insertion of a sharp tool or instrument. The flange f of the frame to which the bag is attached extends far enough beyond the main part to allow the two sides to be connected by means of the 60 links D. These links accommodate the flexible portion of the bag to its changed configuration when open and prevent choking by the crowding in of the sides. The attachment of the pouch to the frame is continued from 65 the flange f onto the links D by rivets, thus uniting the frame to the bag continuously throughout its entire circle. One side of the frame is provided with one or more staples b, which when the pouch is closed extend 70 through opening c in the other side, where they may be secured by a lock, as shown in

Figs. 2 and 3.

By examination of Figs. 4 and 5 it will be observed that the jaws of the frame are pro- 75 vided with inwardly-projecting parts  $b^2c^2$ , and that the parts  $c^2$  terminate the inclosing jaw, except as to the part of the flange f that extends beyond to connect with the links D, but that the part  $b^2$  of the inclosed jaw ex- 80 tends back and is integral with the flange f of said jaw. It will also be seen that when the bag is closed and the jaws are interlocked the shield b' will pass by the end  $c^2$  of the inclosing jaw and downward, inclosing the 85 link D. As the leather or fabric of which the bag is composed is attached to the link at a', it comes between it and the shield b', and by fitting closely excludes dampness, and the link being completely inclosed in the bag will go be rendered secure. The sides of the frame have each a central enlargement, one side of. which is provided with staples that register with slots or openings in the other side and extend through the same when the bag is 95 closed, where they may be secured by a lock, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3.

Each jaw of the frame may be made integral by casting, forging, or otherwise. These jaws consist of a side plate B, formed as 100 shown in Fig. 3, having an outward-project-

confronting or inwardly-turned rims C, that terminate at either end with the parts  $c^2$  and b', the parts of the frame being connected by links D, as shown. In the part C is formed a label-holder c'. (Shown in Fig. 1.)

a a, Figs. 1, 2, and 3, are the straps for han-

dling the bag.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Let-

10 ters Patent, is—

1. A mail-bag-mouth frame consisting of interlocking jaws B, having rims C and flanges f, said flanges being pivotally connected by links D, and one series having shields b', formed integral with said flanges, in combination with a bag or pouch A, substantially as described.

2. In a mail-bag, a two-part frame, one jaw of which is provided with a rim C and flange of, said flange and rim terminating integrally

with and forming a shield b', substantially as described.

3. In a mail-bag, the two-part frame provided with interlocking rims C and outwardly-extending flanges f, one part of said frame 25 having downwardly-projecting shields b', in combination with the links D, substantially as described.

4. The combination, with a mail-bag, of a frame consisting of the two parts B, having 30 rims C, flanges f, shields b', and links D, substantially as described, and for the purpose specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

## CHARLES WELTMER.

Witnesses:

EMMA WELTMER, EDGAR WELTMER.