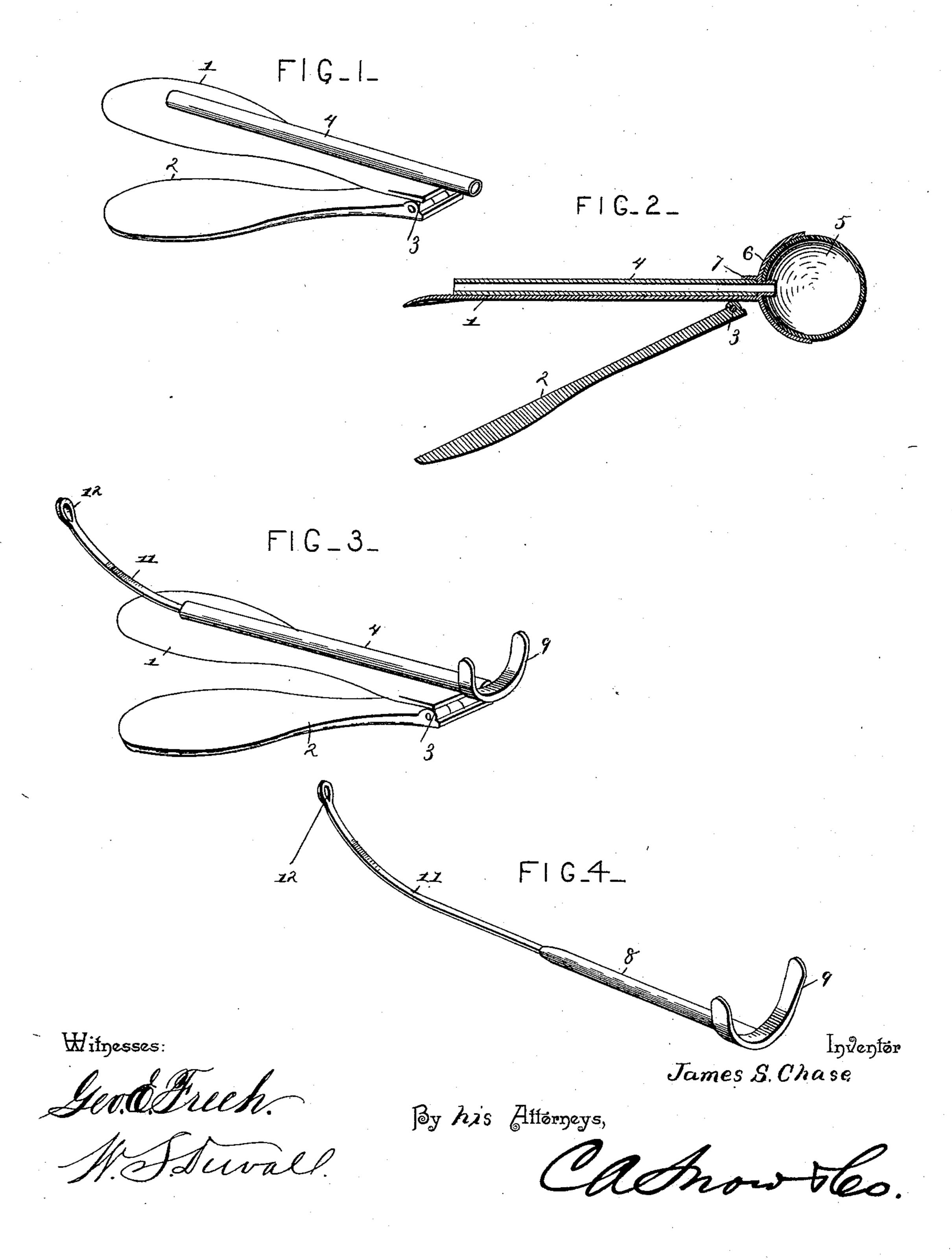
(No Model.)

J. S. CHASE. SURGICAL INSTRUMENT.

No. 465,161.

Patented Dec. 15, 1891.



United States Patent Office.

JAMES S. CHASE, OF COCHRANTON, PENNSYLVANIA.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 465,161, dated December 15, 1891.

Application filed February 26, 1891. Serial No. 382,894. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES S. CHASE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Cochranton, in the county of Crawford and State 5 of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Surgical Instrument, of which the fol-

lowing is a specification.

This invention relates to surgical instruments; and the objects in view are to provide 10 a combination instrument adapted to be used in connection with an applicator—such as a brush, absorbent cotton, sponge, &c.—for the purpose of applying solutions to the membrane of the throat, and also to be adapted 15 for blowing powder upon said membrane and simultaneous with the use of the applicator or the powder-discharge to be capable of depressing the tongue.

With the above objects in view the inven-20 tion consists in certain features of construction hereinafter specified, and particularly

pointed out in the claims.

Referring to the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a tongue-depressor con-25 structed in accordance with my invention. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal sectional view of the same provided with a powder-discharging bulb. Fig. 3 is a similar view, the bulb removed and an applicator-support substituted. 30 Fig. 4 is a detail of the applicator-support.

Like numerals of reference indicate like parts in all the figures of the drawings.

In constructing the tongue-depressor I employ two members of suitable shape, prefer-35 ably approximating the shape of a spoonhandle. The upper member 1 is considerably lighter than the lower member 2, and the two are hinged together at their rear ends, as at 3, so that the upper member being supported 40 the lower member will drop by gravity and exert its weight upon the tongue for the purpose of depressing the same, thus affording an unobstructed view of the throat and the surrounding membrane.

45 Upon the member 1 is secured a small longitudinally-disposed tube 4, the rear end of which extends beyond the rear end of the members, while the front end terminates

short of the ends of the members.

5 designates a rubber bulb provided with

removably connect with the rear end of the discharge-tube 4. By compressing the bulb when removed from the tube and inserting the same into a mass of powder with which 55 it is desired to spray the throat and subsequently removing pressure from the bulb the same will draw therein a quantity of the powder. It is now simply necessary to insert the nipple of the bulb over the rear end of 60 the tube, an operation admissible without compressing the bulb by reason of the metal cap with which the bulb is provided.

When the parts are in position, the depressor is introduced into the patient's mouth, 65 the lower member exerting its weight to depress the tongue, and when the tube has pointed to a proper position it simply remains

to compress the bulb, thus dispelling the powder from the same into the tube, from which 70 latter it is discharged over the membrane.

The applicator-support consists of a stiff shank 8, cylindrical and adapted to be inserted within and fit loosely the rear end of the tube. The shank is provided at its rear 75 end with a thumb-ring 9, through which the thumb of the operator may be inserted, and merges at its front end into a steel-springwire applicator-support 11, curved as may be desired to suit the location of the diseased 80 part. The applicator-support terminates at its front end in an eye 12, and said end is slightly enlarged. The quill of a camel's-hair brush, a small pledget of absorbent cotton, or other solution-applying devices may be read- 85 ily connected to the same. If a brush is used, the quill is simply introduced over the end of the applicator, or if a cotton pledget is used the applicator is withdrawn from the tube until its front end is opposite the front go end of the tongue-compressor. A wad of cotton in sheet-like form is now introduced between the compressor and the applicator and the latter revolved, so as to wind the cotton thereupon. The pledget thus formed may be 95 manipulated by the fingers of the physician or operator to give to the same the proper point or curvature, as the nature of the case will dictate.

It will be observed that I have provided a 100 combination instrument for use in throat a metal cap 6, having a nipple 7, designed to I troubles which may be manipulated by the

physician with one hand while the remaining | hand is employed in holding the patient's | head and turning the same to afford better light, position, &c.

5 Having described my invention, what I

claim is—

1. A tongue-depressor consisting of a pair of spoon-shaped members hinged together, the upper one of which is provided with a 10 tube adapted to receive an applicator or a discharge-bulb, substantially as specified.

2. The combination, with a tongue-depressor having a tube mounted thereon, of W. A. Logan.

an applicator consisting of a cylindrical portion mounted in the tube for rotation, termi- 15 nating at its rear end in an operating-handle and at its front end in a pledget or brush receiving head, substantially as specified.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature 20

in presence of two witnesses.

JAMES S. CHASE.

Witnesses:

MILES W. TATE,