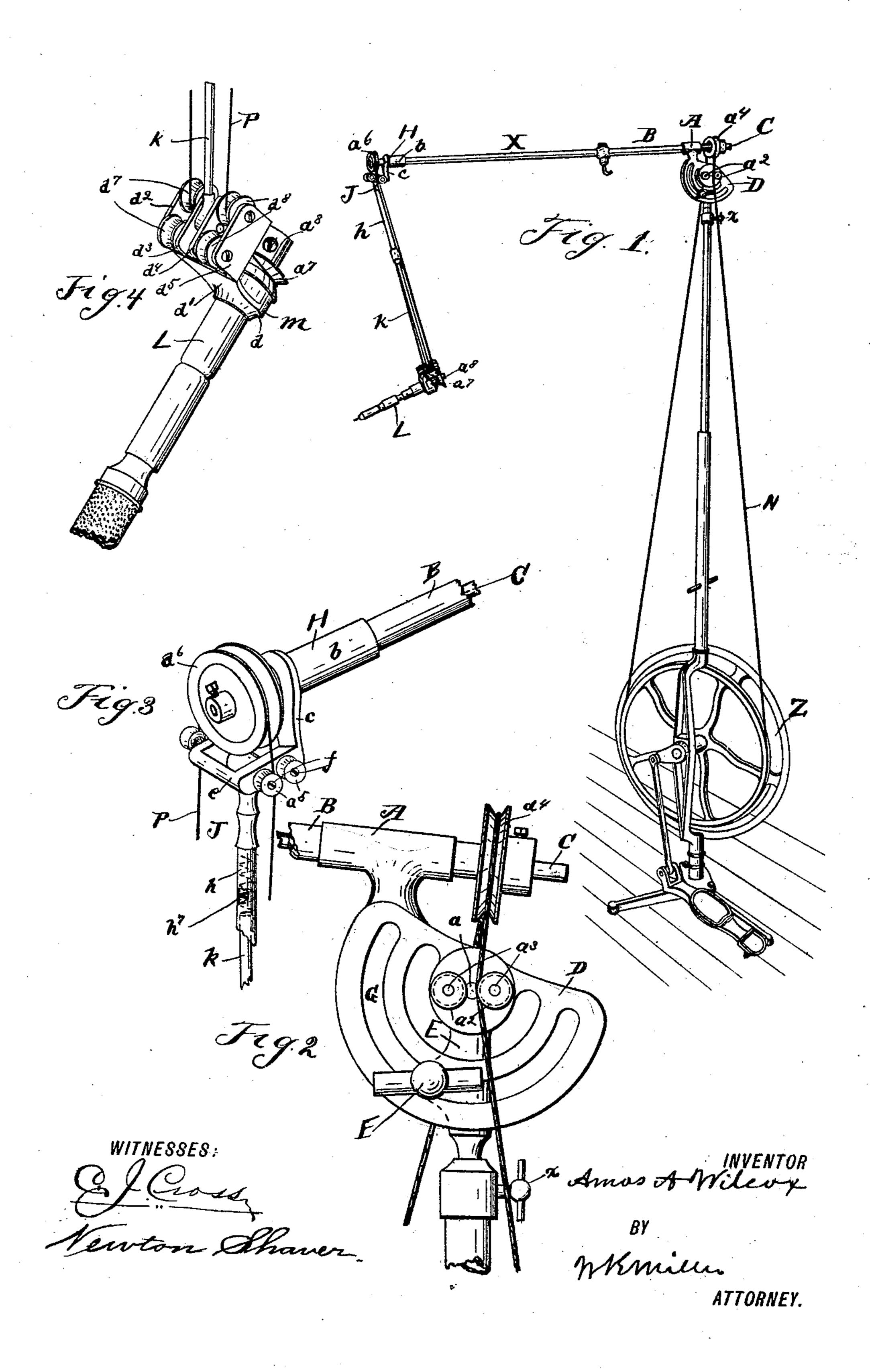
## A. A. WILCOX. DENTAL ENGINE.

No. 459,428.

Patented Sept. 15, 1891.



## United States Patent Office.

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## DENTAL ENGINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 459,428, dated September 15, 1891.

Application filed January 5, 1891. Serial No. 376,747. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Amos A. Willox, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Cleveland, county of Cuyahoga, State of Ohio, 5 have invented a new and useful Improvement in Dental Engines, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, making part of this specification.

My invention relates to improvements in dental engines; and it consists in certain features of construction and combination of parts, as will be hereinafter described, and

pointed out in the claim.

Figure 1 of the accompanying drawings is a view in perspective of a dental engine, illustrating my invention; Fig. 2, a side elevation of swivel and joint and means for securing the adjustable arm in desired adjustment; 20 Fig. 3, a perspective of an end portion of the adjustable arm, the swinging arm, and swiveled mule-pulleys; Fig. 4, a similar view of outer end of the swinging arm and the handpiece and mule-pulleys.

Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all of the figures of the

drawings.

The pedal-wheel Z and vertical staff or support Y are similar to other and well-known 30 dental engines, and will not need a further description for the purposes of this case.

A represents a sleeve or pipe coupling in which is secured a pipe portion B, in which is journaled a shaft C, said coupling hav-35 ing a segmental portion D, which is pivotally secured to the top portion of the support E, as shown at a in Fig. 2, said parts forming a laterally-projected arm. To secure said parts in desired adjustment with the 40 support E, a slot G is provided, as shown, through which is passed a thumb-screw F, which is turned into the neck E, the screwhead having shoulders to engage the edges of the slot G, by which the arm B may be secured in desired adjustment. On the sides of the segment D, diametrically opposite the pivot a, is provided small sheave-wheels  $a^2$ , loosely mounted on stud-pins  $a^3$ , said wheels serving as mule-pulleys to the sheave-wheel 50  $a^4$  on the inner end of the shaft C. On the outer end of the pipe portion B is swiveled a | C, by which said dental tool may be rotated,

frame portion H, comprising a sleeve b and arm portion cat a right angle with said sleeve, and a yoke portion e, extending from the arm c past the face of the sheave  $a^6$  and parallel 55 with the sleeve b, the sleeve to rotate about the pipe forming the arm B. At the sides of the yoke portion of the frame H are provided two small sheave-wheels  $a^5$ , turning loosely on pins f, secured to the side of the yoke, as shown, 60 forming mule-pulleys to the sheave  $a^6$  on the outer end of the shaft C, and in the yoke is pivotaly secured the head portion of a swinging arm J, said arm having a hollow or pipe portion h, in which is placed a coil-spring h', 65 against which is placed the outer stem portion k of the swinging arm J, said spring serving to force the stem k out of the pipe portion hfor the purpose of keeping the driving-belt taut on the sheave  $a^6$  on the shaft C, and a 70 similar sheave  $a^7$  on the tool-chuck spindle  $a^8$ . At the upper end portion of the spindle-sheath or hand-piece L is secured a frame portion M, comprising a thimble portion d, an outwardlyprojected arm portion d', having wing por- 75 tions  $d^2$ ,  $d^3$ ,  $d^4$ , and  $d^5$  projected therefrom at right angles to said arm and parallel with the hand-piece L, the wings  $d^2$  and  $d^3$  serving to support the small sheave-wheels  $d^7$  and the wings  $d^4$  and  $d^5$  to support similar wheels  $d^8$ , 85 thus forming a double set of mule-pulleys to the sheave-wheels  $a^7$ . The head portion of the stem k is pivotally secured to and between the wings  $d^3$  and  $d^4$ . The band N is placed about the pedal-wheel Z and up between the 85 sheave  $a^2$  and over the sheave  $a^4$  on the inner end of the shaft C, and the band P is placed about the sheave  $a^6$  on the outer end of the shaft C and a similar sheave  $a^7$  on the spindle a<sup>8</sup>. To tighten the band N, the neck E 90 is raised up and secured in adjustment by the thumb-screw F.

The object sought by this invention is to provide a duplex-belt engine having a driving-shaft adapted to be supported over or 95 about a patient in a dental chair, having at its outer end portion an arm adapted to swing in all directions and a dental tool-holder or hand-piece pivotally secured at the outer end thereof adapted to support a tool-chuck and 100 spindle having a belt connection with the shaft

said tool-holder adapted for a free and easy movement in all directions to adapt the dental tool to any and all positions necessary in the use of such tools in the practice of den-5 tistry.

Having thus fully described the nature and object of my invention, what I claim, and de-

sire to secure by Letters Patent, is-

In a dental engine, the combination, with a support, a drive-wheel journaled thereto, a pipe portion B, having a swinging adjustment with the support, a shaft C, journaled in said pipe portion and provided at the ends with sheaves  $a^4$   $a^6$ , an arm J, having a swinging

connection with the pipe portion B, a handpiece L, having journaled therein a tool-chuck
spindle provided at its inner end with a sheave  $a^7$ , means for connecting the arm J to the toolchuck spindle, a belt N, rove around the drivepulley and the sheave  $a^4$ , and a belt P, rove 20
around the sheaves  $a^6$   $a^7$ .

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 17th day of December, A. D.

1890.

AMOS A. WILCOX.

Witnesses:

J. D. SLATER, R. H. CUTTER.