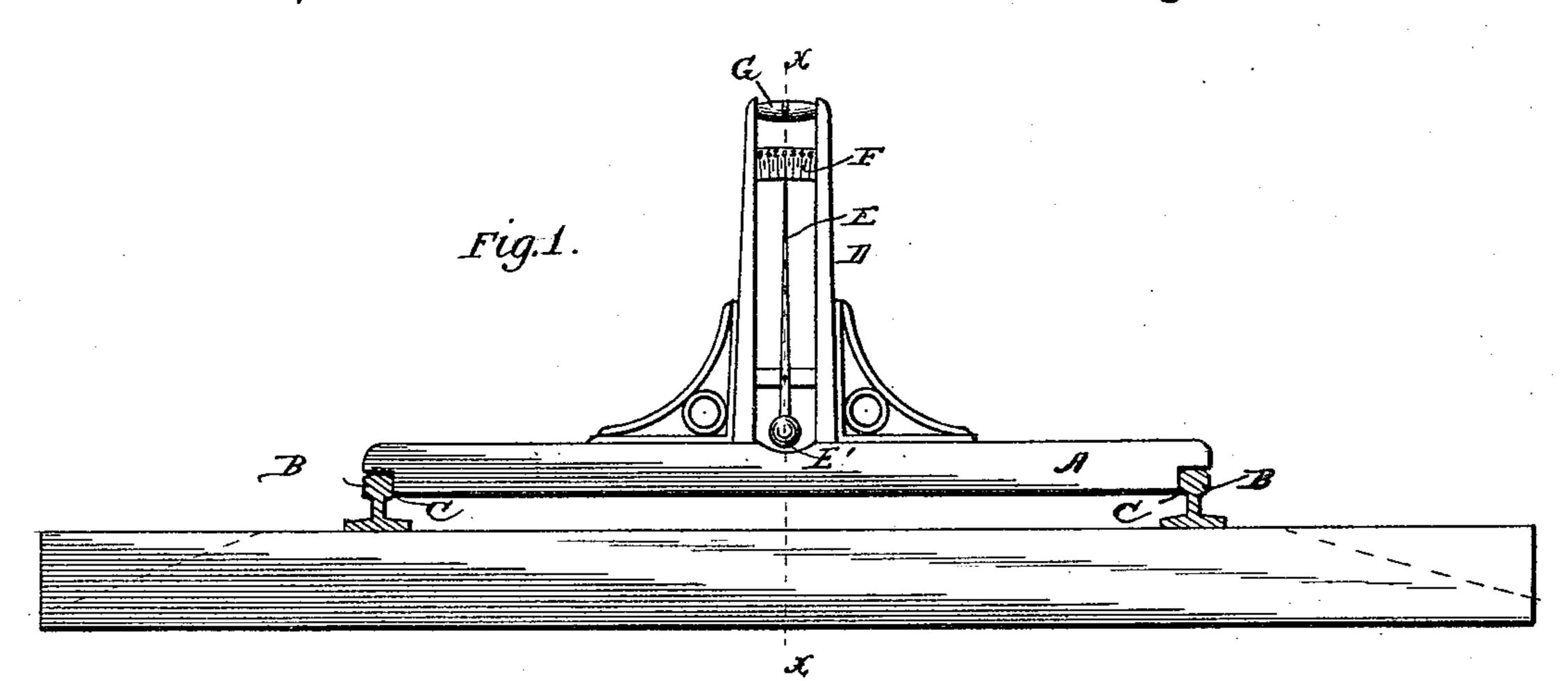
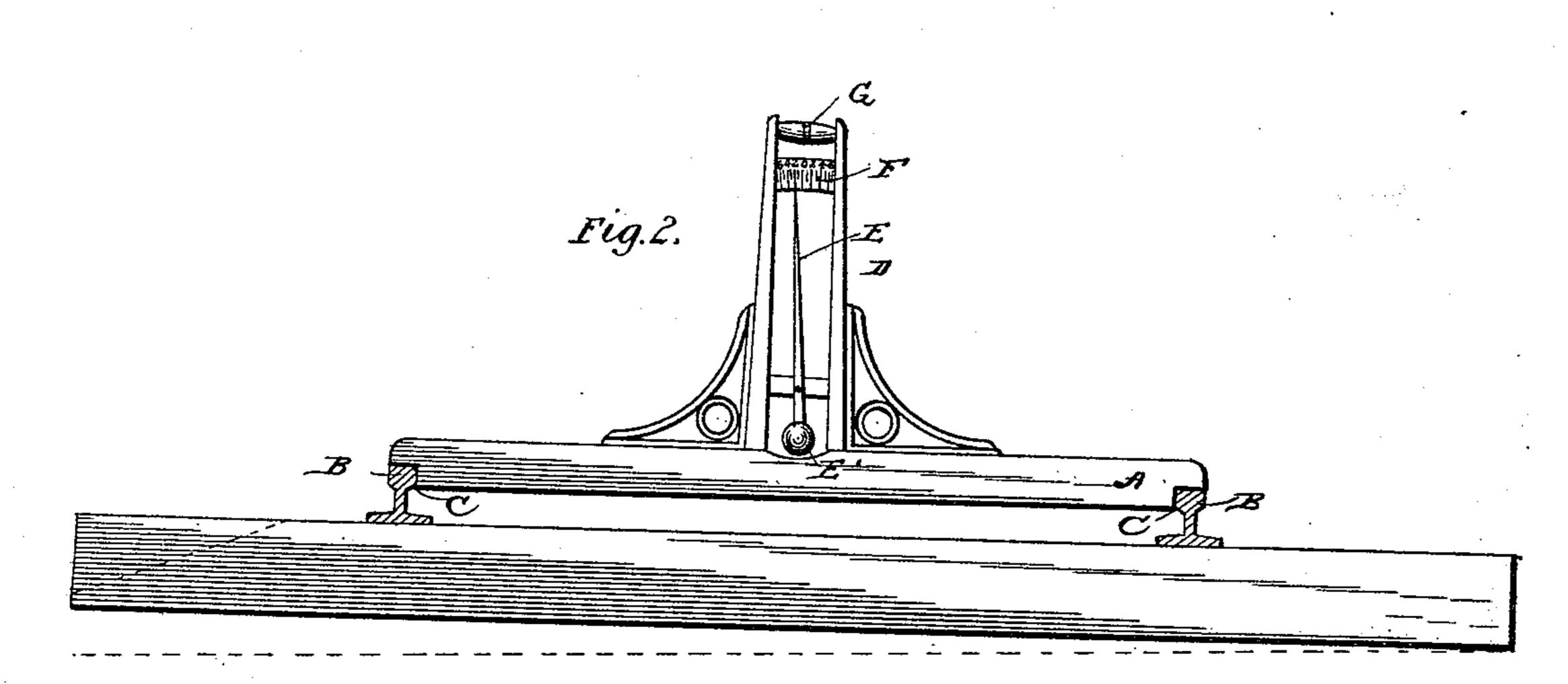
(No Model.)

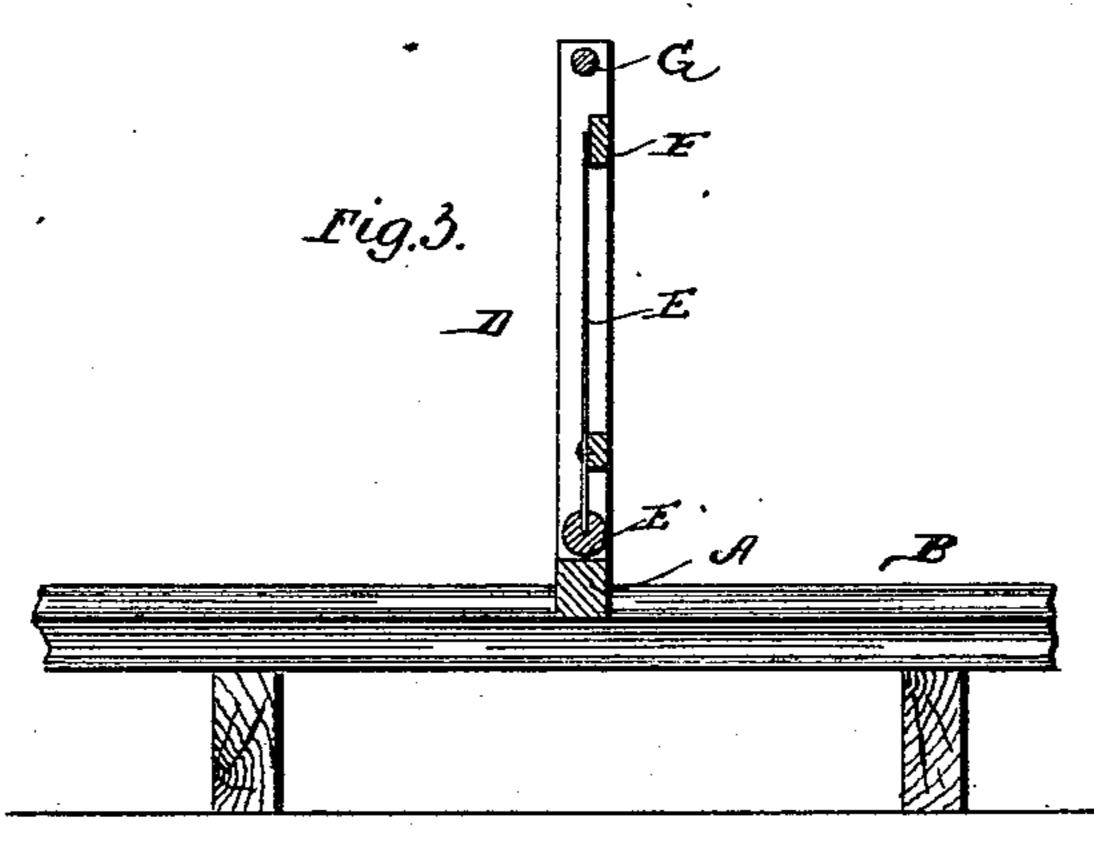
S. W. BRANSFORD. TRACK GAGE.

No. 458,012.

Patented Aug. 18, 1891







Witnesses: Heer Norton Inventor

By his Attorneys Win HLanner

United States Patent Office.

SAMUEL W. BRANSFORD, OF OPELIKA, ALABAMA.

TRACK-GAGE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 458,012, dated August 18, 1891.

Application filed June 10, 1890. Renewed July 8, 1891. Serial No. 398,777. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be itknown that I, SAMUEL W. BRANSFORD, a citizen of the United States, residing at Opelika, in the county of Lee and State of 5 Alabama, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Railroad-Track Gage, Level, and Curve-Adjuster; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will to enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

The object of this invention is to provide a simple and inexpensive track-gage that when used as such shall show the relative eleva-15 tion of the two rails, to the end that the two rails may be accurately placed upon the same level, or that either may be raised a known distance above the horizontal plane of the other in passing around curves or in other 20 situations where such raising may be desir-

able.

The invention is fully shown in the accom-

panying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of the gage 25 placed upon rails in the same horizontal plane. Fig. 2 is a like view, one rail being raised above the horizontal plane of the other. Fig. 3 is a section on the line x x, Fig. 1.

In the drawings, A is a track-gage bar 30 resting upon rails B B. At each end the lower part of the bar is cut away, forming shoulders C C at a distance from each other exactly equal to the gage of the particular road, whether standard or otherwise. From 35 the middle of the bar rises a suitably-braced frame D, upon which is pivoted a needle-in- | presence of two witnesses. dex E, having at its lower end a weight E', that serves to keep the index always vertical when at rest. When at rest, the point of the 40 index marks the middle or zero point of a

scale F, fixed to the frame alongside the arc passed over by said point as the ends of the bar A are raised in succession, and each division upon the scale marks the distance passed over by the point when one end of 45 the bar is raised or depressed one inch.

Fig. 2 shows the apparatus in use, the two rails having been brought precisely to gage and one of them being just two inches above the horizontal plane of the other, as shown 50 by the index pointing to one of the figures "2"

upon the scale.

For convenience the frame has at the top a handle G, with reference to which the whole device is symmetrical. Consequently when 55 lifted by the handle the whole balances, and it may therefore be readily and quickly moved from point to point. The bar and frame are preferably of wood, the braces, index, and scale of metal; but this is not essential, nor 60 is it necessary that the exact construction shown be followed.

What I claim is—

As a new article of manufacture, a trackgage consisting of a straight bar having its 65 ends diminished upon the lower side to form two shoulders, a central frame fixed to the middle of the bar and bearing a vertical graduated arc, and a handle at the top of the frame in the line of gravity of the whole ap- 70 paratus, and a weighted needle pivoted upon the frame in position to swing over the arc when the relative height of the ends of the bar is varied.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in 75

SAMUEL W. BRANSFORD.

Witnesses:

AUGUSTUS BARNES, N. P. Renfro.