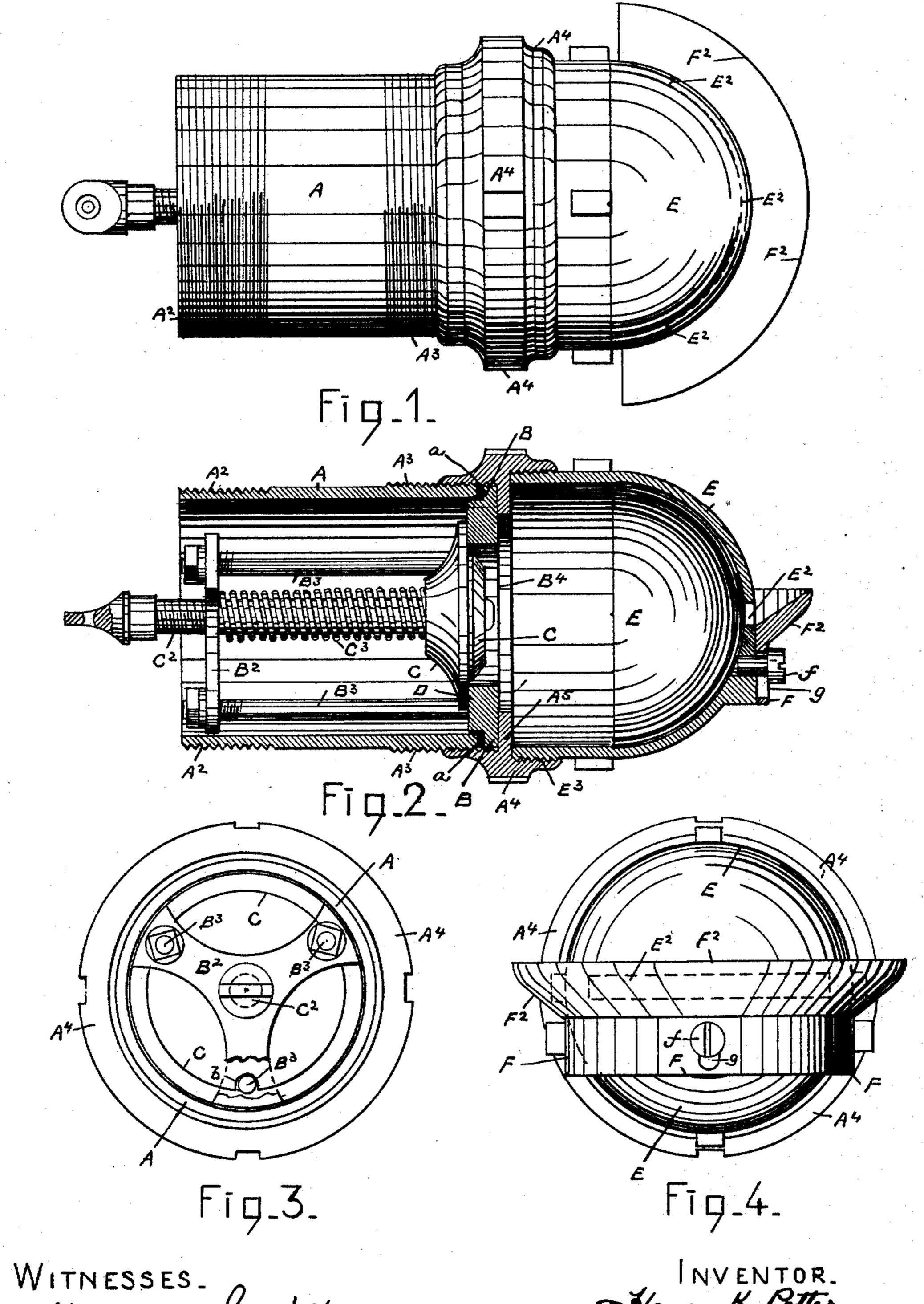
H. K. POTTER.

VALVE AND NOZZLE FOR STREET SPRINKLERS, &c.

No. 456,538.

Patented July 21, 1891.



WITNESSES-Milliam Smith

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United States Patent Office.

HENRY K. POTTER, OF SOMERVILLE, MASSACHUSETTS.

VALVE AND NOZZLE FOR STREET-SPRINKLERS, &c.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 456,538, dated July 21, 1891.

Application filed December 16, 1890. Serial No. 374,910. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY K. POTTER, a citizen of the United States of America, and a resident of the city of Somerville, in the county of Middlesex and State of Massachusetts, have invented new and useful Improvements in Valves and Nozzles for Street-Sprinklers, &c., of which the following is a full, clear, and ex-

act description.

This invention relates to contrivances severally constituting a valve and a nozzle for the discharge-pipe of the water-tank of a street watering or sprinkling cart; but, as will be apparent from the description hereinafter 15 given, they may be used for other purposes. These contrivances, in substance, consist of a tubular shell or casing at one end adapted for attachment to the discharge of a tank, a skeleton frame located in and extending 20 lengthwise of said shell and constructed of opposite parallel head-plates rigidly joined together by side rods and one open at its central portion and shaped to rest, suitably packed, on the opposite end of the shell to 25 that attached, as stated, and having a valveseat at its face toward said attached end, a valve to seat on and to open and close said central opening of said valve-seat and in its movement guided by said side rods of the 30 valve-seat and having an axial stem that extends lengthwise of the frame and loosely through and beyond its head-plate toward said attached end of the shell and adapted to be suitably connected to secure a movement of 35 the valve to open and close it, and a spring coiled about and confined end to end on said valve-stem between the valve and head-plate of frame opposite thereto, in combination with a chambered semi-cylindrical head se-40 cured to the shell at its end having the valve and valve-seat, and having a horizontal slotted water way or passage lying across its convex portion and directly opposite to the valve, and a horizontal fender upwardly extending and 45 inclined from and lying around and below and adapted to be vertically adjusted on said head relative to said water-way, all substantially as hereinafter described.

In the drawings forming part of this speci-50 fication, Figure 1 is a plan view. Fig. 2 is a central longitudinal vertical section, line 2 2, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a view at the attaching end

of the shell, and Fig. 4 is a view at the end of the shell opposite to said attaching end.

In the drawings, A is the cylindrical shell 55 or casing. B, B², and B³ make the skeleton frame. C, C², and C³ are respectively the valve, stem, and spring about valve-stem. D is the seat of the valve. E is the semi-cylindrical head, and E² is its slotted water-way, 60 and F F² is the fender on the outside of said head, all and severally the contrivances of this invention in detail constructed, combined, and arranged together, as will now be fully explained.

The shell A at its opposite ends A² A³ is exteriorly screw-threaded, at one end A² for attachment to the discharge (not shown) of a water-tank, (not shown,) for illustration, the tank of a water-sprinkling eart, for which 70 the contrivances of this invention are especially designed, and at the other end A³ by means of a screw-threaded coupling-nut A⁴ for attachment to the screw-threaded end E³ of the semi-cylindrical head E, before referred to, it being suitably exteriorly screw-threaded to receive said nut.

The coupling-nut A⁴ has an inward-projecting and peripheral flange A⁵, which on the attachment of shell and head, as stated, comes so to a bearing against the screw-threaded end E³ of head E, and between this flange and the screw-threaded end A³ of the shell is firmly held suitably packed, as at a, a head-plate B, forming part of the skeleton frame B B² B³. S₅ This head-plate B has a central opening B⁴, and around this opening is a valve-seat D for the valve C, and this valve-seat is toward the end A² of the shell to be attached to a water-tank, as stated.

B² is the opposite-head of the skeleton frame, and B³ are side rods joining and securing together the two heads B B² of said frame and severally parallelly arranged as to the axial line of the valve and its stem, the 95 latter passing loosely through the outer headplate B² and at its projecting end portion adapted for suitable connection for the opening and closing of the valve, as will more fully hereinafter appear.

The coiled spring C³ surrounds the valvestem C², and it is confined endwise between the valve C and the head B² of the skeleton frame through which, as has been stated, the valve-stem passes. The valve is shaped when seated to close the central opening B⁴ of the skeleton frame and thereby cut off the passage of water from the shell to the semi-cylindrical head E, and when lifted from said seat to open said central opening and thereby allow of the passage of water to the head from the shell and thence out at its slotted and horizontal water-way E², which is directly opposite to the valve. The valve is opened against and closed by the reaction of its spring C³, and in both of its said movements it is guided by the side rods B³ of the skeleton frame, and for that purpose it is suitably notched, as at b, Fig. 3, to engage therewith.

The fender F F² for the slotted water-way E² of the head E is horizontal relative to the water-way E² of the head E, and it is secured to the head on its outer side by headed screws 20 f, (one only shown,) each entered through a separate vertical slot g of its lower vertical part F and into the head E and has its upper part F² vertically and upwardly inclining outward from the head and from the lower edge

25 of the said water-way E².

The fender described and as explained attached to the head relatively to the slotted water-way thereof obviously operates by its inclined part F² to secure an upward spreading of the water as it is discharged at said way, and as the fender is adjustably attached to the head obviously the vertical dimensions of said water-way of the head, and also the character of the upward spread of the water, may be readily and easily varied as may be desired, the advantages of all of which are manifest without particular mention.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Pat-

40 ent, is—

1. The combination, with the discharge-nozzle for a water-passage, which is composed of a shell A, adapted to be attached to said passage and having an interior flange A⁵, and a head E, held on said shell and having a wa- 45 ter-discharge E³, of a skeleton frame composed of opposite heads B B² and side rods B³ and at its head B held on said flange A⁵ and having a central opening B4, a valve C to seat on the head B and adapted to engage the side 50 rods of said skeleton frame, a stem C² to said valve passing loosely through and projected from the head B² of the skeleton frame and at its projected end suitably adapted for operative connection to be made with it, and a 55 coiled spring C3, surrounding said valve-stem and confined endwise between the valve and the head B² of the skeleton frame, substantially as described, for the purpose specified.

2. In a discharge-nozzle for a water-pas- 60 sage, which interiorly has a valve to open and close it for the passage of water from one to the other of its opposite ends, and also a slotted water-way E² for the discharge of water from the nozzle, the combination of a hori- 65 zontal fender F F², having its part F² vertically inclined and located at said water-way E² of the nozzle, and means to hold said fender by its part F on and to enable it to be adjusted vertically as to said water-way E², sub- 70 stantially as described, for the purposes speci-

fied.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

HENRY K. POTTER.

Witnesses:

ALBERT W. BROWN, MARION E. BROWN.