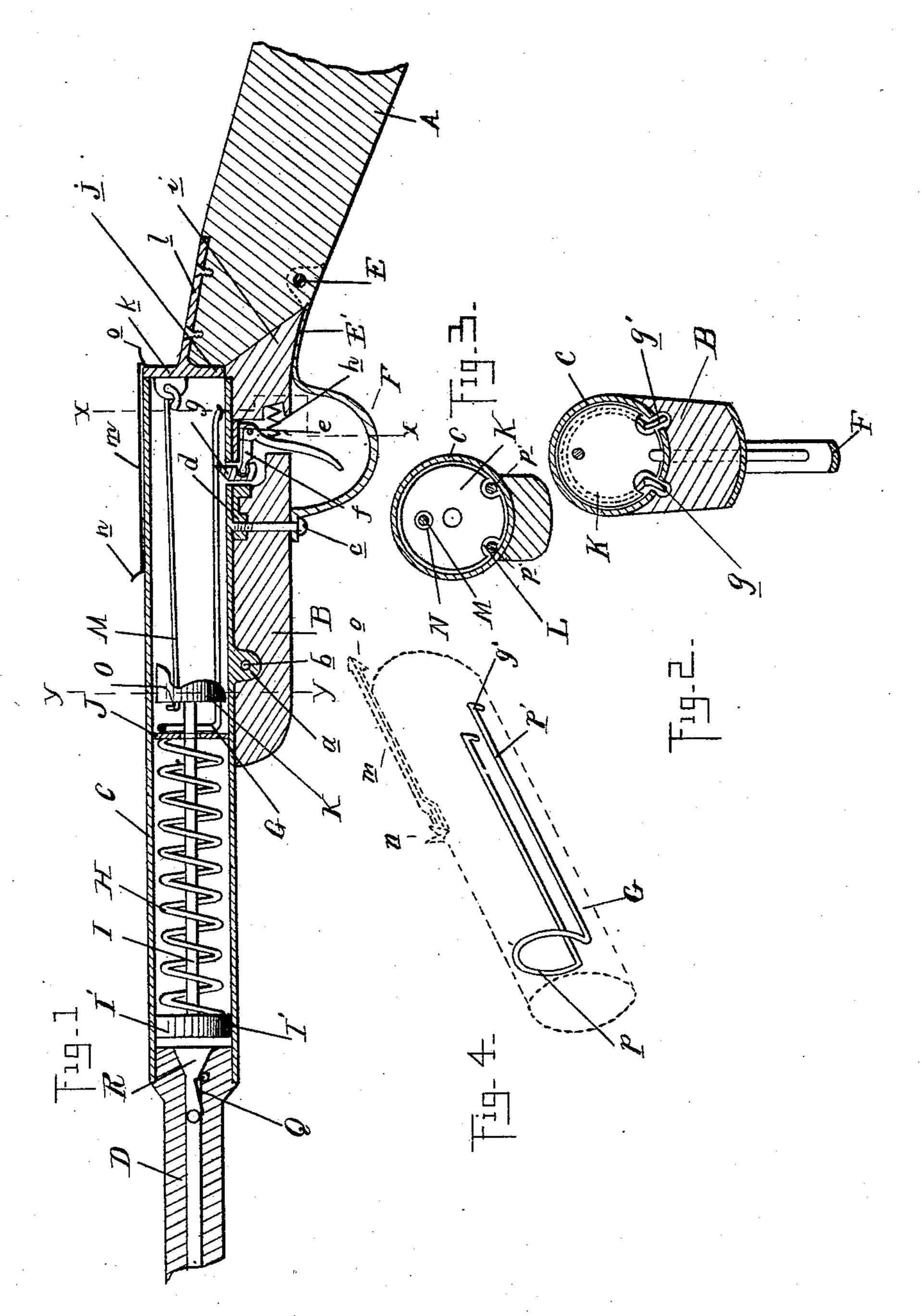
(No Model.)

M. F. STANLY.
SPRING AIR GUN.

No. 454,081.

Patented June 16, 1891.



Witnesses M. Blagherty. M. V. Lindok. Inventor

Merritt F Stanty

De James Colitterrore hisattorner

THE NORRIS PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

## United States Patent Office.

MERRITT F. STANLY, OF NORTHVILLE, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO ANDERSON BROS., OF PLYMOUTH, MICHIGAN.

## SPRING AIR-GUN.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 454,081, dated June 16, 1891.

Application filed June 25, 1890. Serial No. 356,631. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, MERRITT F. STANLY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Northville, in the county of Wayne and State of 5 Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Spring Air-Guns, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to new and useful improvements in spring air-guns; and the invention consists in the peculiar construction, arrangement, and combination of the different parts, all as more fully hereinafter de-15 scribed.

In the drawings which accompany this specification, Figure 1 is a vertical central longitudinal section through my improved gun. Fig. 2 is a cross-section thereof on line 20 xx. Fig. 3 is a cross-section thereof on line yy. Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the springabutment, showing the barrel, &c., in dotted lines.

A is the stock.

B is the fore-arm.

C is the false barrel, in the forward end of which is secured the true barrel D.

The stock is hinged to the fore-arm by means of the pin E, which passes through the 30 extensions E' of the trigger-guard F. The fore-arm is secured to the false barrel by means of the lug a, formed integrally with the barrel or soldered thereon, and the pin b, passing through the lug and the fore-arm, 35 and by means of the screw c, which passes through the fore-arm and enters the triggersupporting block d, which is formed integrally with the barrel or is soldered thereon. This block has suitable lugs e, in which the 40 trigger is pivoted. The trigger has the forwardly-projecting arm f, to the free end of which is pivoted the detent g, which projects through a suitable aperture into the false barrel. A spring h holds this normally pro-45 jected into the barrel. The stock has the in-

k is a cap having the rearwardly-extending flange l, by means of which the cap is secured | to the stock. The upper edge of this cap 50 forms a locking-flange, over which engages

clined face i and the vertical face j.

the top of the false barrel at its forward end and has the upturned end n, forming the hind sight. The cap k covers the rear of the false barrel.

o is a thumb-piece on the latch m, by means of which it is disengaged from the cap k.

Within the false barrel is secured the abutment G for the spring H, which is sleeved over the rod I, upon the forward end of which 60 is secured the piston I'. A washer J is interposed between the spring and the abutment G. This abutment I form of wire, bent to form the bearing or head p, the parallel guide-arms p', and the securing pins g', which 65 latter engage in suitable apertures in the false barrel, one on each side thereof. The rod I passes through an aperture in the washer and has secured to its rear end the cross-head K, which is guided within the false barrel and 70 has notches L, which the arms p' of the abutment engage.

M is a connecting-bar slidingly engaging through the aperture N in the cross head, and having a suitable head O formed at its for- 75 ward end and connected to the cap k at its other end.

The spring is compressed by breaking down the stock which forms the retracting-lever upon its hinge, drawing back the piston I' 80 until the incline P upon the cross-head strikes the detent g, depressing it until it has passed, when the spring h throws it up again and locks the spring in its compressed position.

To load, a shot is dropped into the barrel, in 85 the lower end of which it is stopped and held by the spring Q.

R is a flaring or bell-shaped mouth in the rear of the true barrel in the rear of the spring, which materially assists in bringing the force 90 of the compressed air upon the projectile.

What I claim as my invention is— 1. In a spring air-gun, the combination, with the barrel and spring-actuated piston, of the abutment G, formed with the head p, guide- 95 arms p', and securing-pins g', engaging in the apertures in the barrel, substantially as de-

2. In a spring air-gun, the combination, with the barrel and spring actuated piston, of the 100 abutment G, the cross-head K, connected to the spring-latch m. This latch is secured to I the piston and guided within the barrel, and

scribed.

the connecting-rod M, slidingly secured in said cross-head at one end and pivotally secured to the retracting-lever at the other end,

substantially as described.

5 3. In a spring air-gun, the combination, with the barrel and spring-actuated piston, of the abutment G, cross-head K, connected to the piston and guided within the barrel, the connecting-rod M, slidingly secured in said cross-head at one end and pivotally connected to the retracting-lever at the other end, and the trigger having the detent g projecting into the barrel, substantially as described.

4. In a spring air-gun, the combination, with

the barrel, of a stock hinged to the same, a 15 locking-spring formed of a single piece of metal permanently secured on the barrel near the stock and extending beyond the end of the barrel over the stock, its rear end being bent to form a catch and thumb-piece and its 20 forward end bent up to form a sight, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

MERRITT F. STANLY.

Witnesses:

M. B. O'DOGHERTY, P. M. HULBERT.