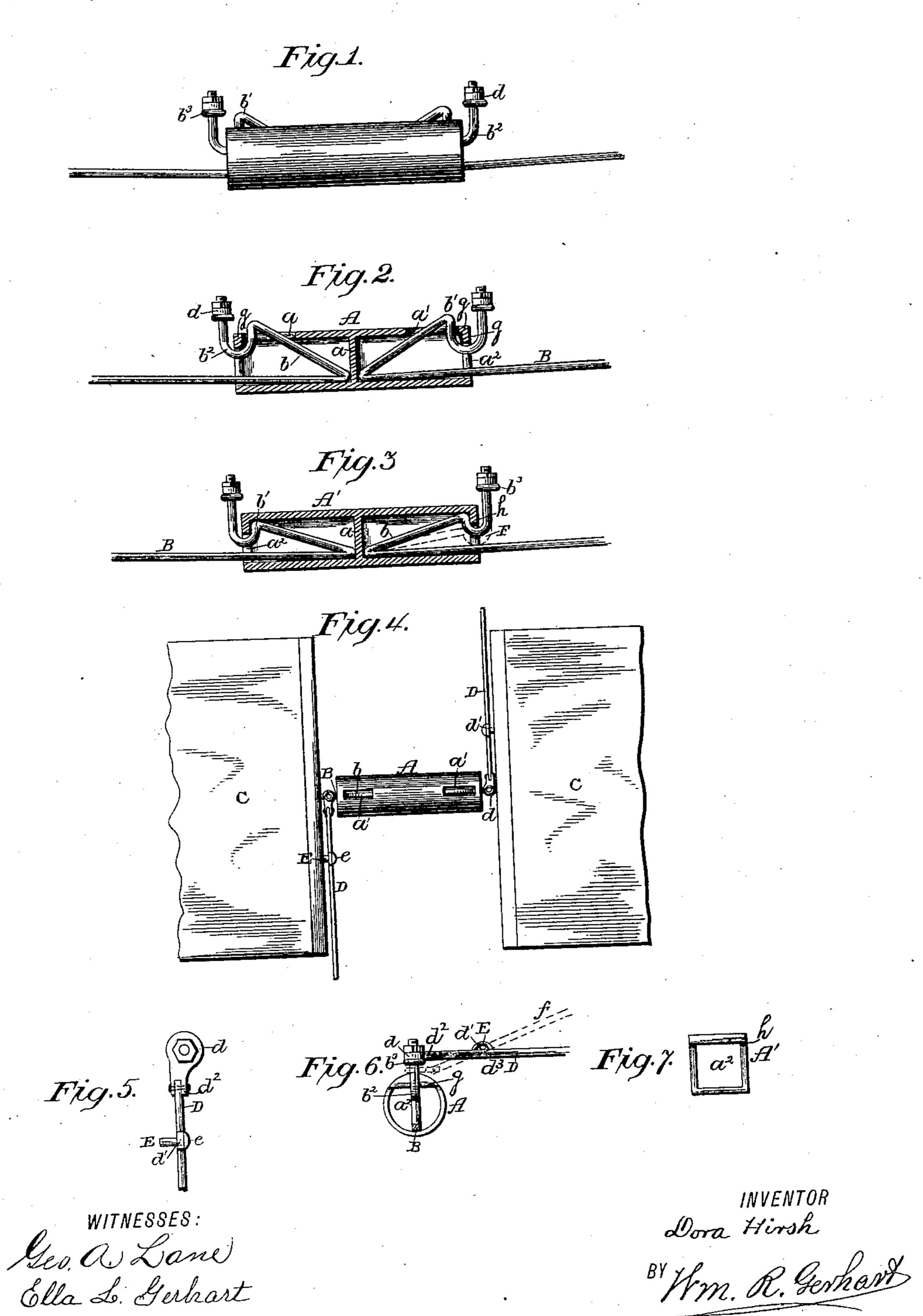
(No Model.)

D. HIRSH.
CAR COUPLING.

No. 454,045.

Patented June 16, 1891.



ATTORNEY.

United States Patent Office.

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CAR-COUPLING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 454,045, dated June 16, 1891.

Application filed February 26, 1891. Serial No. 382,917. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Dora Hirsh, a citizen of the United States, residing in Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster and State of Penn-5 sylvania, have invented certain Improvements in Car-Couplings, of-which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in automatic car-couplers; and the invention ro consists in the construction and combination of the several parts, as hereinafter fully described, and specifically pointed out in the

claims. In the accompanying drawings, which form 15 a part of this specification, Figure 1 is a side view of one of my couplers, shown detached from the car and having both the draw-bars engaged therewith, and Fig. 2 a vertical longitudinal section of the same. Fig. 3 is a ver-2c tical longitudinal section of a modified form of the coupler. Fig. 4 is a top or plan view of the ends of two cars connected by the coupler. Fig. 5 is an enlarged view of the lever for uncoupling the cars. Fig. 6 is an end view of 25 the draw-head shown in Figs. 1, 2, and 4, the draw-head being connected therewith; and Fig. 7, an end view of the modified form of draw-head shown in Fig. 3, the draw-bar be-

Similar letters indicate like parts throughout the several views.

ing detached.

Referring to the details of the drawings, A A' indicate hollow draw-heads, which may be either circular or rectangular in cross-section, as shown, respectively, in Figs. 6 and 7.

The draw-heads illustrated in the drawings are divided internally into two sections by transverse partitions a and have openings a^2 in their ends. The partitions prevent the 40 draw-bars from being driven too far into the head, and at the same time form a bearing for the draw-bar in backing the train.

The cylindrical draw-head A (shown in | by a draw-bar. Figs. 1 and 2) has a longitudinal slot a' cut | 45 in the top of both sections thereof, the metal closing the outer ends of which forms a bearing g, that is engaged by the draw-bar, as will be explained. The bearing g is carried down somewhat, so that it closes the upper part of 50 the end of the cylinder, thus increasing the bearing-surface.

In Fig. 3 is shown a modification in the con-

struction of the draw-head, in which the slot is omitted and the bearing formed by a lip h covering the upper part of the end opening a^2 . 55 The slot may also be omitted in the cylindrical form of the draw-head, or the rectangular form may be made with the slot, as is most desirable.

Bindicates draw-bars constructed of spring 60 metal, the outer ends b of which are bent back over the main portions and constitute springbars, which make vertical angles therewith. The vibrating ends of the spring-bars are bent downward and then again upward, so as 65 to form shoulders b', which engage the bearings g or h and loops b^2 , that embrace said bearings, as seen in Figs. 2 and 3. With the slotted draw-heads the shoulders of the springbars pass upward through the slots a', but in 70 the modified construction they rest against the tops of the draw-heads. The outer arms of the loops b^2 extend upward outside of and above the ends of the draw-heads and have bosses b^3 formed thereon, that serve as a rest 75 for the heads d of the operating-levers D. These heads engage the reduced ends of the said arms of the loops, being retained thereon by nuts and have jaws d^2 formed on their ends, between which the levers are pivoted, as 80 shown in Figs. 5 and 6. Upon the lever D there is constructed a lug d', provided with an elongated slot d^3 , Fig. 6, through which a fulcrum-pin E, fixed in the platform of the car, passes, the lever being held thereon by 85 the enlarged head e.

In Fig. 4 is shown two cars G connected by a cylindrical draw-head constructed as just described. This draw-head is detachable from the draw-bars B of one or both cars; but, if 90 preferable, the draw-head may be permanently secured to one of the cars in the same manner as with any other coupler, and have only one end constructed to be detachably engaged

To couple the cars, the draw-head being connected with one, the draw-bar to be engaged therewith is guided by its lever D, having the end elevated or depressed by the vertical movement of said lever and a horizontal 100 movement communicated thereto by a longitudinal movement of the lever on the fulcrum-pin E.

To uncouple the draw-bar, the end thereof

is depressed, as shown by the broken lines F, Fig. 3, by a vertical movement of the lever D, (shown by dotted lines f, Fig. 6,) so as to disengage the shoulder b' from the bearings g or h.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Let-

ters Patent, is—

1. In a car-coupler, the combination, with a hollow draw-head having an opening in the end, of a bearing formed in said open end, a draw-bar, and a spring-actuated shoulder connected with the draw-bar and adapted to engage the bearing of the draw-head, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

15 2. In a car-coupler, the combination, with a hollow draw-head open at the end and having a slot cut through the wall thereof, of a draw-bar and a spring-actuated shoulder connected with the draw-bar and adapted to engage the slot in the draw-head, substantially as and

for the purpose specified.

3. In a car-coupler, the combination, with a hollow draw-head having an opening in the end, of a bearing formed at said opening, a draw-bar having the end bent back over the body thereof and forming a spring-bar, and a

shoulder formed on the spring-bar adapted to engage the bearing of the draw-head, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

4. In a car-coupler, the combination, with a 30 hollow draw-head having an opening in the end, of a bearing formed at said opening, a draw-bar, a spring-actuated bar connected with the draw-bar and having a shoulder and loop, and a lever connected with the outer 35 arm of said loop, substantially as and for the

purpose specified.

5. In a car-coupler, the combination, with a hollow draw-head having an opening in the end, of a bearing formed at said opening, a 40 draw-bar, a spring-actuated bar connected with the draw-bar and having a shoulder and loop, and a lever connected with the outer arm of said loop and having an elongated slot, and a pin secured to the car and engaging the elongated slot of the lever, all constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose specified.

DORA HIRSH.

Witnesses:

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GEO. A. LANE, WM. R. GERHART.