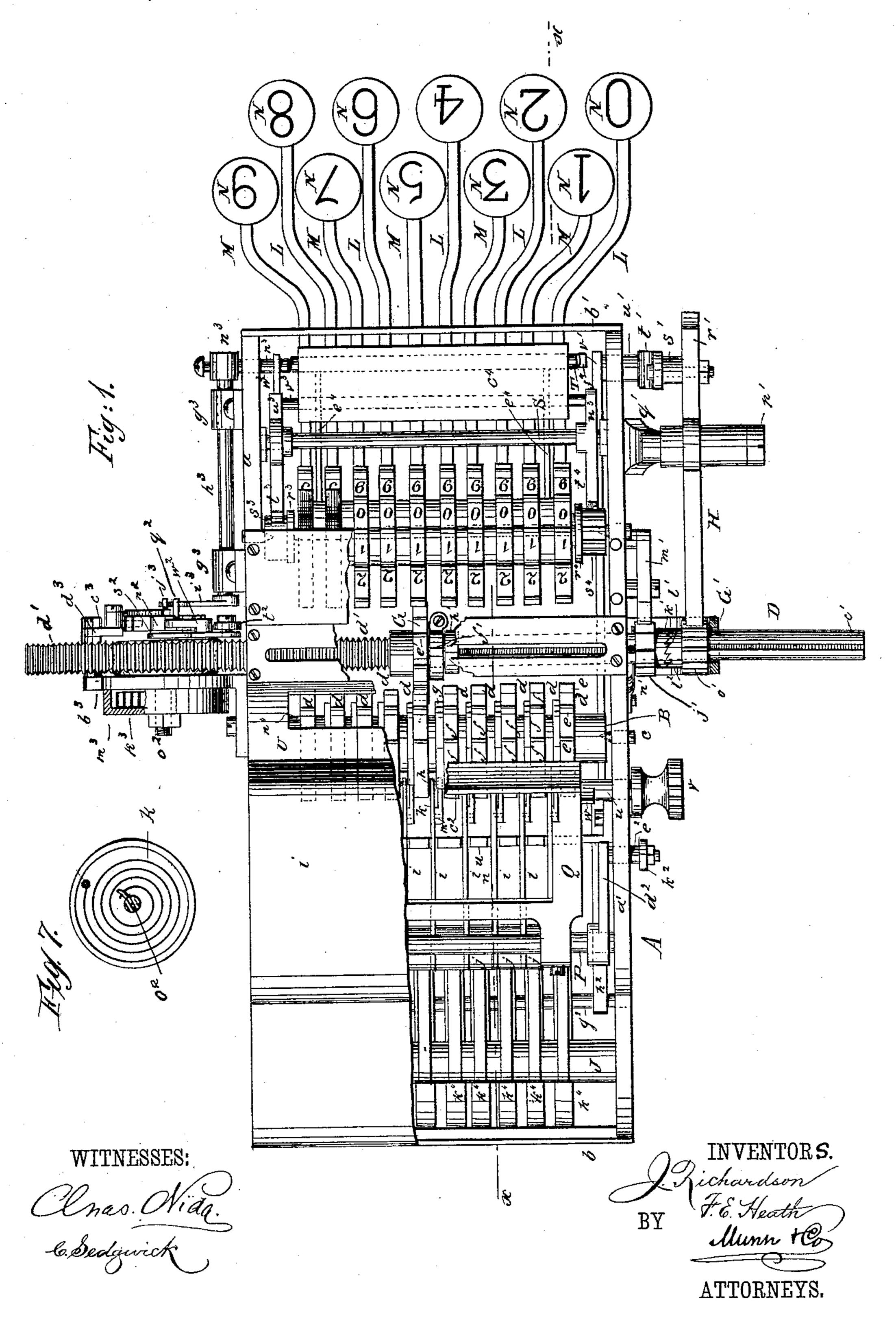
J. RICHARDSON & F. E. HEATH.

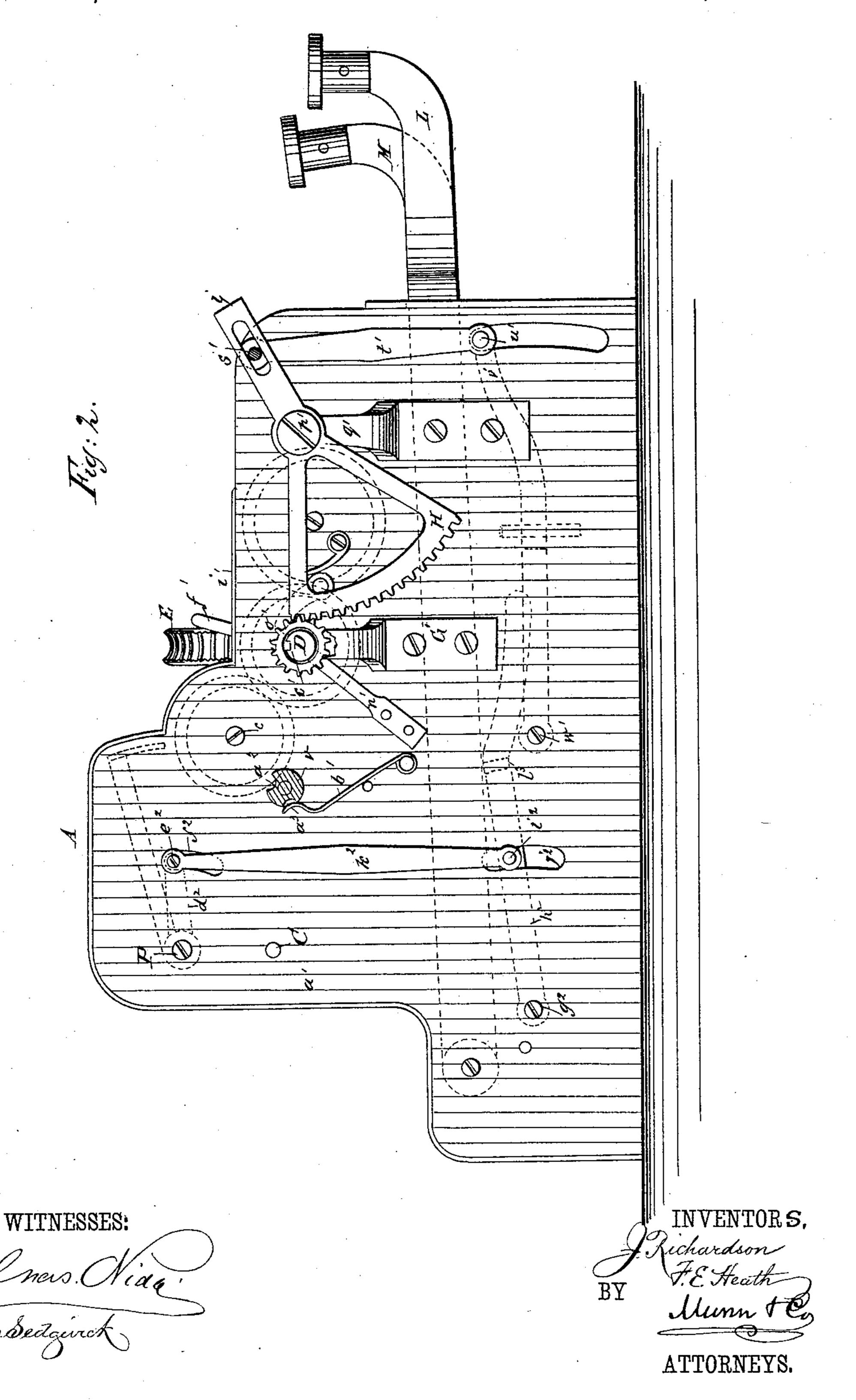
ADDING MACHINE.

No. 453,507.



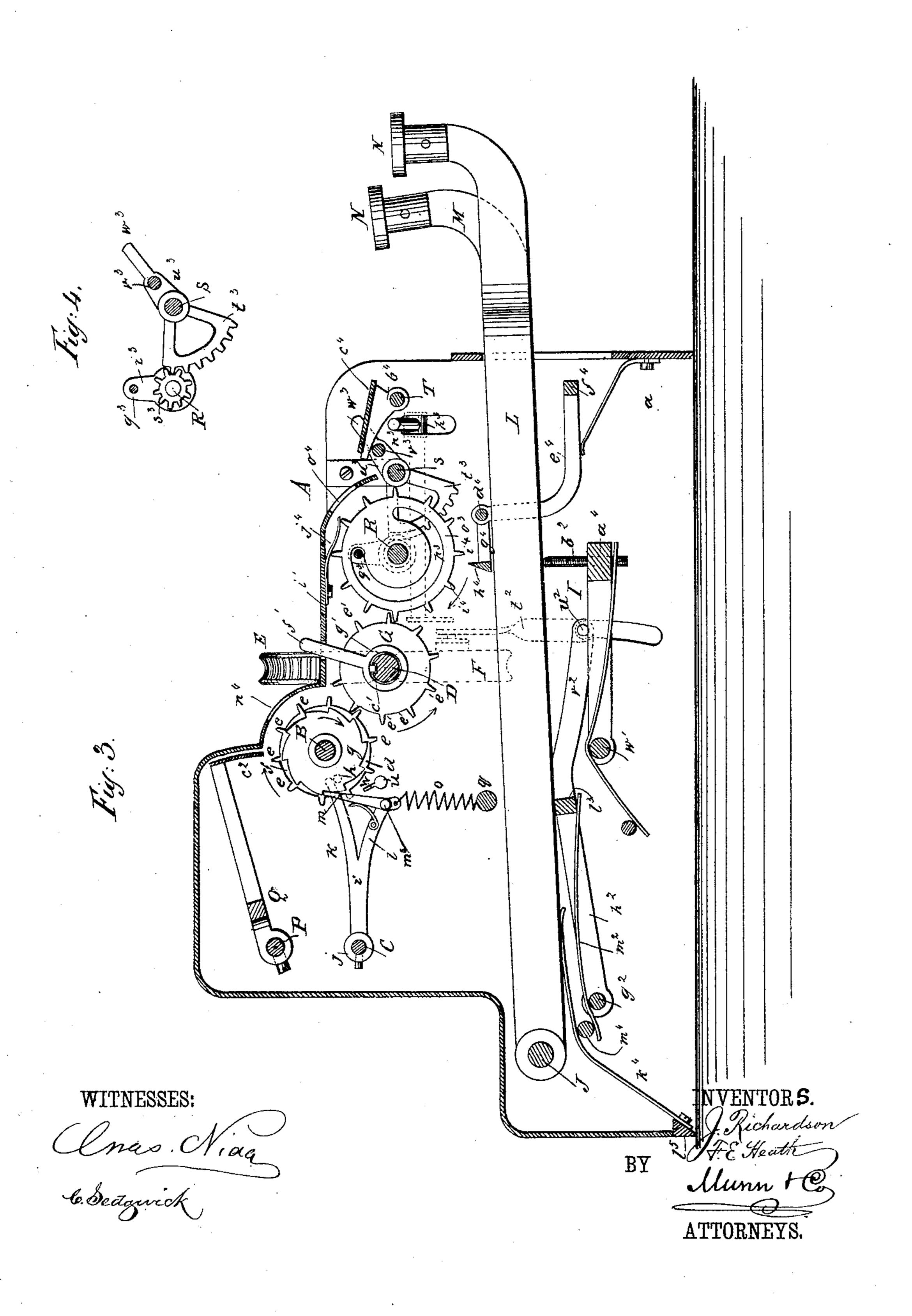
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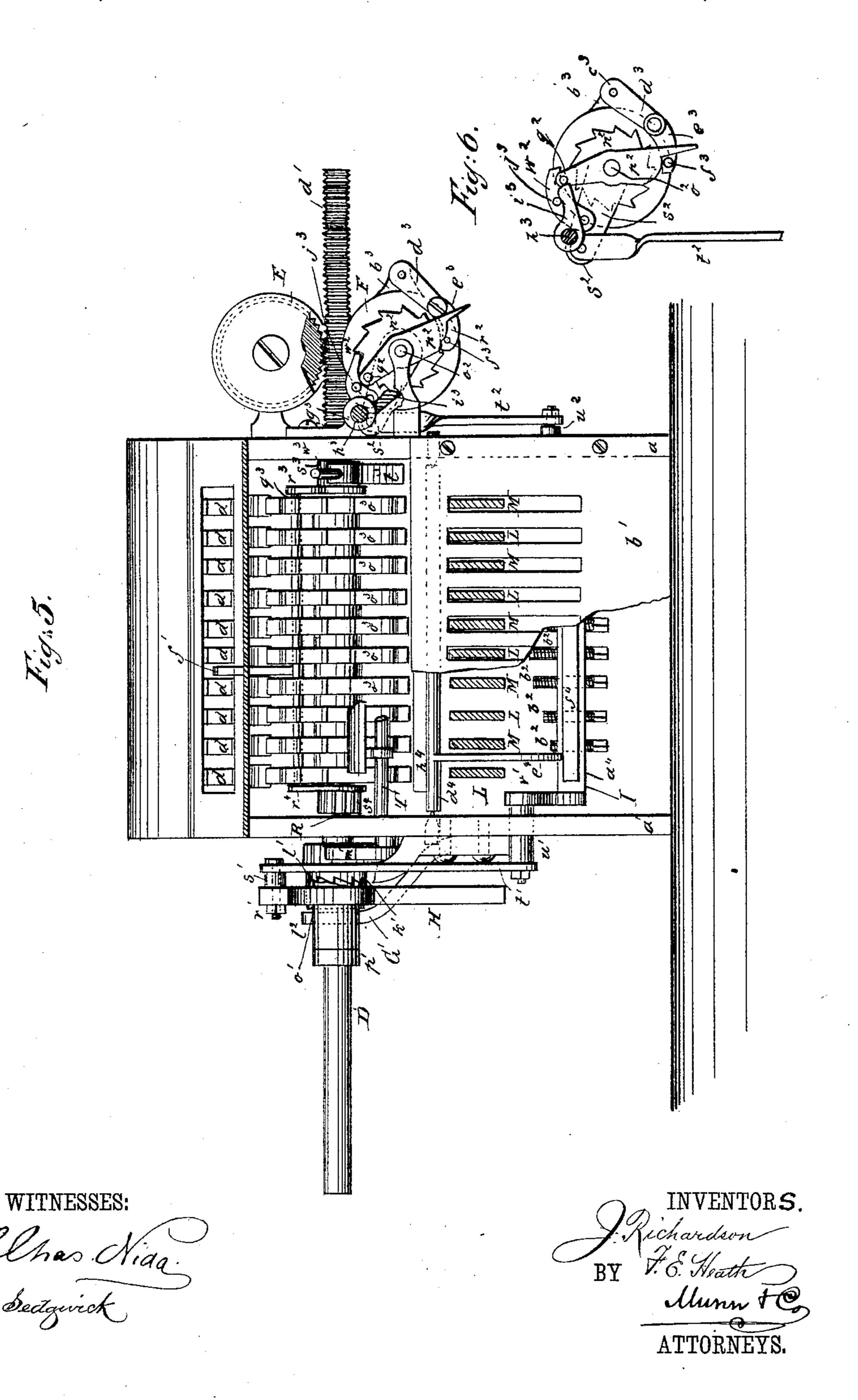
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No. 453,507.



United States Patent Office.

JAMES RICHARDSON, OF NORTH TARRYTOWN, AND FRANK E. HEATH, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

ADDING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 453,507, dated June 2, 1891.

Application filed April 14, 1888. Serial No. 270,635. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, James Richardson, of North Tarrytown, in the county of West-chester and State of New York, and Frank 5 E. Heath, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Adding-Machine, of which the following is a specification, reference being had to the annexed drawings, forming a part thereof, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of the machine with parts broken away to show the internal construction. Fig. 2 is a side elevation. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal section taken on line x x in Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a detail view of the readjusting mechanism of the verifying-wheels. Fig. 5 is a front elevation, partly in section, with the forward ends of the keys removed. Fig. 6 is a detail view of the feeding mechanism, and Fig. 7 is a detail view hereinafter referred to.

Similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the views.

The object of our invention is to construct a simple and accurate adding-machine.

Our invention consists in the combination, with a series of keys representing the figures from 0 to 9, of a series of registering-wheels, a series of verifying-wheels, mechanism for imparting motion to the registering and verifying wheels according to the number carried by each key-lever, and a novel positive carrying mechanism for causing any wheel of the series to carry one to the next wheel in order.

It also consists in the combination, with the registering and verifying wheels, of positive stops for preventing them from passing beyond the prescribed limit.

It also consists in the combination, with the feeding mechanism, of a let-off device for releasing the feeding-ratchets and a spring to register.

A rock-sl mechanism to the point of starting.

The main frame A, which supports all the working parts, is formed of the side plates a a' and the end plates b b'. Upon pointed screws c, passing through the plates a a' near their upper edges, is supported a spindle B, upon which are loosely mounted the summa-

tion-wheels d. Each summation-wheel d is provided with ten cogs or radial projections e, with intervening spaces f, upon which are impressed the figures from 0 to 9. A ratchetwheel g, having as many teeth as there are 55 spaces f in the summation-wheel, is attached to or formed upon the side of each summation-wheel except the first of the series, and from the opposite side of each summation-wheel except the last of the series projects 60 a pin h, so placed that it just clears the end of the arm k, hereinafter described, at the point of starting and engages and moves said arm just before the summation-wheel to which it belongs completes its rotation.

Behind and slightly below the spindle B is fixed a rod C, upon which is placed a series of bars i, separated by intervening washers j. The ends of the bars i are forked, forming the arms k l. The arm k of each bar i pro- 73 jects into the space between two adjacent summation-wheels in position to be engaged by the pin h of one wheel, and the arm l carries a spring-actuated pawl m, pivoted to the said arm l by the stud m^5 , which engages the 75 ratchet-wheel g of the next summation-wheel d of the series. The stud m^5 projects beyond the pawl m and is capable of engaging the adjacent summation-wheel, as hereinafter described. The forked ends of the bars i are 80 guided by a slotted plate n, extending across the frame A behind the summation-wheels, and the bars i are drawn downward in the slots of the said plate n by spiral springs o, connected with eyes p on the arm l and at- 85tached to a bar q, extending across the frame A. On the lower part of the slotted plate nare attached flat springs r, whose free ends are curved so as to present convex surfaces s to the cogs e, the said springs acting as brakes 90 to the summation-wheels, also causing them

A rock-shaft u extends across the frame A and is journaled in the side plates a a' and provided at one end with a milled head v, by 95 which it may be turned. The rock-shaft u carries a feather w, which is adapted to engage all the pawls m above their pivots and between the arms k l and throw them out of engagement with the ratchet g when it is 100

desired to return the summation-wheels d to zero. The boss of the milled head v is provided with two notches $a^2 a^3$, which are engaged by the rounded end of a spring b', at-5 tached to the plate a'. One of these notches is designed to hold the feather w out of engagement with the pawls m, and the other is designed to hold the feather in engagement with the said pawls.

In front of the row of summation-wheels d is journaled a shaft D in the side plates aa'of the frame A. The shaft D is capable of sliding longitudinally through the frame A and is provided with a longitudinal groove c', of which extends from a point near the center of the shaft to one end thereof. The opposite end of the shaft is grooved circumferentially to form a cylindrical rack d', which passes between toothed wheels E F, being en-20 gaged by both of the said wheels, so that when the lower one turns it will impart a longitudinal motion to the shaft D. Upon the said shaft D, between the plates a a' of the frame A, is secured a star-wheel G, whose

25 teeth e' are adapted to engage the teeth e of the summation-wheels d, the said star-wheel being of about the same width as one of the summation-wheels. At the side of the starwheel is placed an arm f', having a collar g'30 loosely embracing the shaft D and kept from

sliding longitudinally thereon by a collar h', fixed to the shaft. The arm f' extends through a slot in the cover i' and serves as an index to show the position of the star-wheel with 35 relation to the series of summation-wheels d.

Upon the shaft D, outside of the frame A and adjoining the plate a', is placed a ratchet j', provided with a feather (not shown) fitting in the groove c' of the shaft and furnished 40 upon the outer side thereof with a boss k', provided with clutch-teeth l'. The ratchet i'is engaged by a spring-actuated retainingpawl m', pivoted on a stud projecting from the plate a', and the ratchet is pressed out-45 wardly in the direction of the length of the shaft D by a flat spring n', secured to the plate a'. The retaining-pawl m' is of such a length as to allow the ratchet j' to return a part of one tooth by frictional contact of the 50 pinion o', hereinafter described, when this begins to return with the sector-lever. This brings the star-wheel G out of contact with the tooth of the summation-wheel with which it has been engaged, and allows it to move 55 freely forward opposite to and ready to en-

Upon the shaft D, adjoining the boss k', is loosely placed a pinion o', provided with a feather fitting into the groove c' of the shaft. 65 The boss of the pinion o' is provided with clutch-teeth l^2 , which are engaged by the teeth l' of the ratchet j'. The pinion o' is held in its position upon the shaft D by the arm G', secured to the plate a' and extending up-65 wardly outside of the said pinion, the arm

gage with the next summation-wheel.

being provided with an aperture for the pas-

sage of the shaft D.

On a stud p', projecting from an arm q', secured to the plate a', is journaled a toothed sector-lever H, which engages the pinion o'. 70 The arm r' of the sector-lever H is slotted and carries a stud s', which is connected by a rod t' with a stud u', projecting through a slot in the plate a' from a lever v' within the frame A. The lever v' is formed integrally with a 75 frame I, attached to the rock-shaft w', journaled in the side plates a a' of the frame A. A cross-bar a^4 of the frame I is provided with a series of screws b^2 , which extend vertically above the bar a^4 .

Upon a bar J, extending across the rear end of the frame A, are pivoted the key-levers L M, the levers L being longer than the levers M, the two series of levers carrying finger-plates N, which are made to alternate 85 in position to economize space. The keylevers L M are arranged above the bar a^4 of the frame I and extend through slots in the front of the frame A, as shown.

The distance through which the star-wheel 90 G is turned depends upon the distance through which the sector-lever H swings when one of the keys is depressed, and the screws b^2 in the bar a^4 vary in length according to the motion required in the wheel G to record the 95 number represented by the key by which the wheelisturned. The greatest movement that frame I and lever v' are capable of making will turn the star-wheel G through nine-tenths of one revolution, thereby causing the sum- 100 mation-wheels d to register "9." The smallest motion which can be imparted to the frame I and lever v' is that which moves the starwheel through one-tenth of a revolution and registers "1" on the summation-wheel. The 105 screws b^2 are adjusted with reference to the keys and the number to which they correspond, so as to cause the keys to be engaged by the screws at that point in the downward movement of the keys which will cause the 110 summation-wheel to turn through the required distance. For example, the 9-key begins to impart motion through the frame I and lever v' to the star-wheel at the beginning of its stroke, thereby causing the star-wheel to make 115 nine-tenths of a revolution and add nine to the sum represented by the wheelit engages. The 8-key does not engage the screw b^2 corresponding with it until it has been depressed one-tenth of its stroke, and so on throughout 120 the entire series of keys, the 1-key being arranged to push down the frame I and lever v', so as to cause only one-tenth of a revolution of the wheel G. The 0-key is able to move throughout its entire stroke without engaging 125 the frame I or turning the star-wheel G.

In the frame A, behind and above the spindle B, is journaled a rock-shaft P, to which is attached a frame Q, which reaches forward over the series of number-wheels d and carries 130 a curved stop-plate c^2 , which is capable of being moved down between two of the rows of teeth e of the summation-wheels to check them and prevent them from moving beyond the

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prescribed limit. To the rock-shaft P is fixed an arm d^2 , carrying a stud e^2 , which projects through a slot f^2 in the plate a' of the frame A.

To a rock-shaft g^2 , journaled in the frame 5 A below the keys L, is attached a frame h^2 , which carries a stud i2, which projects through a slot j^2 in the plate a' and is connected with the stud f^2 by a connecting-rod k^2 . The frame h^2 is provided with a cross-bar l^3 , which is 10 supported normally in contact with all the keys L by a flat spring m^2 , so that when any one of the series of keys is depressed the bar l^3 and frame h^2 , of which it forms a part, are pressed downward, thereby imparting motion 15 to the stop-plate c^2 . By this construction whenever motion is imparted to any one of the summation-wheels d by depressing a key the stop-plate c^2 will be carried down in front of the advancing tooth e of the said summa-20 tion-wheel and will prevent it from being carried beyond the prescribed limit.

To the shaft o^2 of the toothed wheel F is secured a ratchet-wheel n^2 , and upon the shaft o^2 , carrying the said toothed wheel and ratchet-wheel, is pivoted an arm p^2 , which extends above and below the shaft. The upper end of the arm p^2 carries a stud q^2 , and upon the lower end of the said arm is formed

Between the toothed wheel F and the ratchet-wheel n^2 and upon the shaft o^2 is loosely placed an arm s^2 , which is connected pivotally with the connecting-rod t^2 , also connected with the stud u^2 , projecting through a slot in the side of the frame A from an arm v^2 of the frame h^2 . The arm s^2 carries a spring-actuated pawl w^2 , which is adapted to engage the ratchet-wheel n^2 .

To the bracket b^3 , which supports one end 40 of the shaft o^2 , is secured a stud c^3 , which supports an arm d^3 , to the free end of which is pivoted a spring-actuated pawl e^3 , provided with a stud f^3 and adapted to engage the

ratchet-wheel n^2 . To the plate a of the frame A are attached ears g^3 , in which is journaled a rock-shaft h^3 , carrying a cam i^3 , adapted to engage the stud q^2 of the arm p^2 , and the pin j^3 , projecting from the side of the pawl w^2 . By means of 50 this arrangement when the rock-shaft h^8 is turned in the manner presently to be described the pawl w^2 is lifted out of the ratchet n^2 , and the arm p^2 is moved by the engagement of the cam i^3 with the pin q^2 , 55 thereby bringing the rounded lower end of the arm p^2 into engagement with the stud f^3 , projecting from the pawl e^3 , and lifting that pawl out of the ratchet n^2 . The shaft o^2 is prolonged beyond the bracket b^3 to receive 60 the inner end of a spiral spring k^3 , the outer end of which is looped and received on a stud projecting from the bracket b^3 . (See Fig. 7.) The spring is inclosed by a cap m^3 ,

supported by the shaft o^2 . When the wheel 65 F is turned by the action of the pawl and ratchet in the manner presently to be de-

scribed, power is stored in the spring k^3 for returning the wheel F and the shaft D to the point of starting after the release of the ratchet n^2 . The forward end of the rock- 70 shaft h^3 is provided with an arm n^3 , which extends through a slot in the plate a into the frame A.

In the frame A, in front of the shaft D and slightly below the level of the shaft, is secured 75 a rod R, upon which are placed the verifyingwheels o^3 . The said verifying-wheels are provided with twelve cogs or radial projections, and in each wheel is formed a circular slot p^3 for receiving a rod q^3 , which is carried by 80 arms r^3 r^4 , journaled on the rod R. To the arms r^3 r^4 are secured pinions s^3 s^4 , which turn on the rod R.

In the frame A, parallel with the rod R, is journaled a rock-shaft S, carrying toothed sectors t^3 t^4 , which engage the pinions s^3 s^4 . The toothed sectors t^3 t^4 are provided with arms u^3 , which carry a rod v^3 , parallel with the shaft S. The arm u^3 of the sector t^3 , adjoining the plate a, is provided with the finger u^3 , 90 which engages the arm u^3 , carried by the shaft g^3 .

In the frame A, in front of the shaft S, is journaled a rock-shaft T, carrying arms b^4 , to which is attached a finger-plate c^4 . The arms 95 b^4 rest upon the rod v^3 .

Below the rod R and wheels o', carried thereby, a rock-shaft d^4 is journaled in the side plates a a' of the frame A. To the said shaft d^4 are attached the curved arms e^4 , car- 100 rying a cross-bar f^4 under the series of keys L, and to the same shaft d^4 are attached the arms g^4 , which carry a bar h^4 , adapted to engage the teeth i^4 of the verifying-wheels o^3 . The teeth i^4 of the verifying-wheels are en- 105 gaged by the teeth e^{\prime} of the star-wheel, so that every movement of the star-wheel is registered upon the summation-wheels d and upon the verifying-wheels o³. Each verifyingwheel is pressed by a curved spring j^4 , which 110 prevents it from moving too freely and also causes it to register. The keys L, when not being depressed by the fingers are supported by the springs k^4 , secured to the cross-bar l^5 of the frame A and extending over a rod 115 m^4 , supported by the side plates a a' of the frame A.

The top of the machine is provided with a slot n^4 , through which the summation-wheels d are viewed, and also with a slot o^4 , through 120 which the numbers upon the wheels o^3 are viewed, and the top U is provided with lines extending down across the slots n^4 o^4 to assist the operator in adjusting the arm f'.

The operation of our improved adding-machine is as follows: On touching a key—say the 3-key—the bar a^4 , by the engagement of the lower edge of the key with the screw b^2 belonging to that key, is pressed downward a sufficient distance to turn the shaft D by the means already described, so as to carry the star-wheel G forward three notches, thereby

turning the summation-wheel with which the star-wheel is engaged three places forward from 0, displaying the figure "3" at the slot n^4 upon that wheel. The same depression of 5 the key that turns the star-wheel in the manner described presses down the bar l³ and the frame h^2 , of which the bar forms a part, drawing down the stop-plate c^2 , so as to bring it into engagement with one of the teeth of to the summation-wheel. When the key thus depressed is allowed to rise, the upward movement of the arm v^2 , under the influence of the spring m^2 , causes the pawl w^2 to engage the ratchet n^2 and carry it forward one tooth. 15 The pawl e^3 retains the ratchet in its advanced position. As the ratchet moves forward it carries around the toothed wheel F, and by the engagement of the said wheel moves the shaft D forward, so as to bring the star-wheel 20 Gopposite another summation-wheel, and the next downward motion revolves the starwheel, so as to register the number called for by the particular key, and so on until the star-wheel arrives at the end of its travel, 25 when the finger-plate w^3 is pressed, thereby bringing the cam i^3 into engagement with the pin j^3 of the pawl w^2 and with the pin q^2 of the arm p^2 . The rounded end of the arm e^2 engages the pin f^2 , projecting from the side of go the pawl w^2 , and lifts the said pawl out of engagement with the ratchet m^2 , so that the spring k^3 , which is wound by the forward movement of the toothed wheel F, may return the star-wheel G to the point of starting. 35 Whenever the finger-plate c^4 is pressed, besides releasing the pawls in the manner described, through the agency of the rock-shaft h^3 , it turns the sectors t^3 , causing the rod q^3 to carry all of the verifying-wheels back to 40 the point of starting, so that the figure "0" is seen on all the verifying-wheels throughout the length of the slot of after the addition of each successive number and before the next is added. When it is desired to rearrange 45 the summation-wheels d, so as to erase the footing and begin a new summation, the shaft u is turned, so as to release the pawls m from the ratchets g, when the said summationwheels are turned by means of the keys cor-50 responding to the number required to make ten when added to the number seen through the slot on each of the summation-wheels, respectively, moving from left to right, as in performing the addition. To effect the car-55 rying for tens from one wheel to another, the pin h at the end of the revolution of the wheel carried by it engages the arm k of the bar i, which carries up the said bar i a sufficient distance to cause the pawl to act upon the 60 ratchet of the adjoining wheel to the left and cause it to make one-tenth of a revolution. At the same time the stud m^5 , supporting pawl m on end of arm l, engages the tooth of the summation-wheel that has been carried 65 and locks it for an instant, so that it can go

After its release the arm i is drawn downward by the spring o, attached to the lower end of the pawl m, so as to bring the pawl minto engagement with a new tooth of the 70 ratchet g.

Having thus described our invention, we claim as new and desire to secure by Letters

Patent—

1. In an adding-machine, the combination, 75 with a series of summation-wheels arranged upon a common support, of a shaft capable of longitudinal and rotary movement, a starwheel fixed to the shaft and arranged to engage the summation-wheel of the series, a se- 80 ries of finger-keys, and pawl-and-ratchet mechanism connected with the keys and shaft and adapted to impart longitudinal and rotary motion to the shaft, substantially as specified.

2. In an adding-machine, the combination 85 of the summation - wheels d, provided with teeth e, the grooved shaft D, the star-wheel G, carried by the said shaft and adapted to engage the summation - wheels, the ratchetwheel j', provided with clutch-teeth l', the 90 pawl m', and spring n', the pinion o', provided with clutch-teeth l2, the toothed sector H, keys L M, and mechanism intermediate between the keys and toothed sector, substantially as specified.

3. In an adding-machine, the combination, with the summation-wheel-operating shaft D, provided with a cylindrical rack, of the toothed wheels E F, the ratchet n^2 , connected with the wheel F, the arm s^2 , the pawl w^2 , carried there- 100 by, the spring-actuated pawl e^3 , and means for imparting motion to the arm s2, substan-

tially as described.

4. In an adding-machine, the combination, with the summation-wheel operating-shaft 105 provided with a cylindrical rack, of the toothed wheels E F, the shaft o², carrying the wheel F, the ratchet n^2 , attached to the shaft o^2 , the arm s2, mounted loosely on the said shaft, the spring-pressed pawl w^2 , pivoted to the arm 110 s^2 and provided with the stud j^3 , the springpressed retaining-pawl e^3 , provided with the pin f^3 , the arm p^2 , mounted loosely on the shaft o^2 and provided with the stud o^2 , the rock-shaft h^3 and arm i^3 , carried thereby, and 115 means, substantially as described, for turning the shaft h^3 .

5. The combination, with the summationwheels d and star-wheel G, of the slotted verifying-wheels o³, adapted to be moved by the 120 said star-wheel, the arms r^3 r^4 , rod q^3 , carried by the said arms and extending through the slots of the verifying-wheels, the pinions s^3 s^4 , attached to the arms r^3 r^4 , the toothed sectors t^3 t^4 , engaging the pinions s^3 s^4 , and the 125 finger-plate c^4 , adapted to operate the said sectors, substantially as specified.

6. In an adding-machine, the combination, with the summation-wheels d, provided with ratchets g and studs h, of the forked bars i, 130 pivoted on a fixed support and carrying pawls no more than one-tenth of a revolution. Im for engaging the ratchets g, the said forked

bars being arranged to be engaged by the pins h, substantially as specified.

7. The combination of the forked bars i and the pawls m of the carrying mechanism with the shaft u, carrying the feather w for engaging the said pawls, substantially as specified.

8. In an adding-machine, the combination, with the summation-wheels, of the pawl-carrying arm i, provided with the stud m^5 , adapt-

ed to engage and stop the summation-wheel 10 after being moved by the said arm, substantially as specified.

JAMES RICHARDSON. FRANK E. HEATH.

Witnesses:

EDGAR TATE, J. M. RITTER.