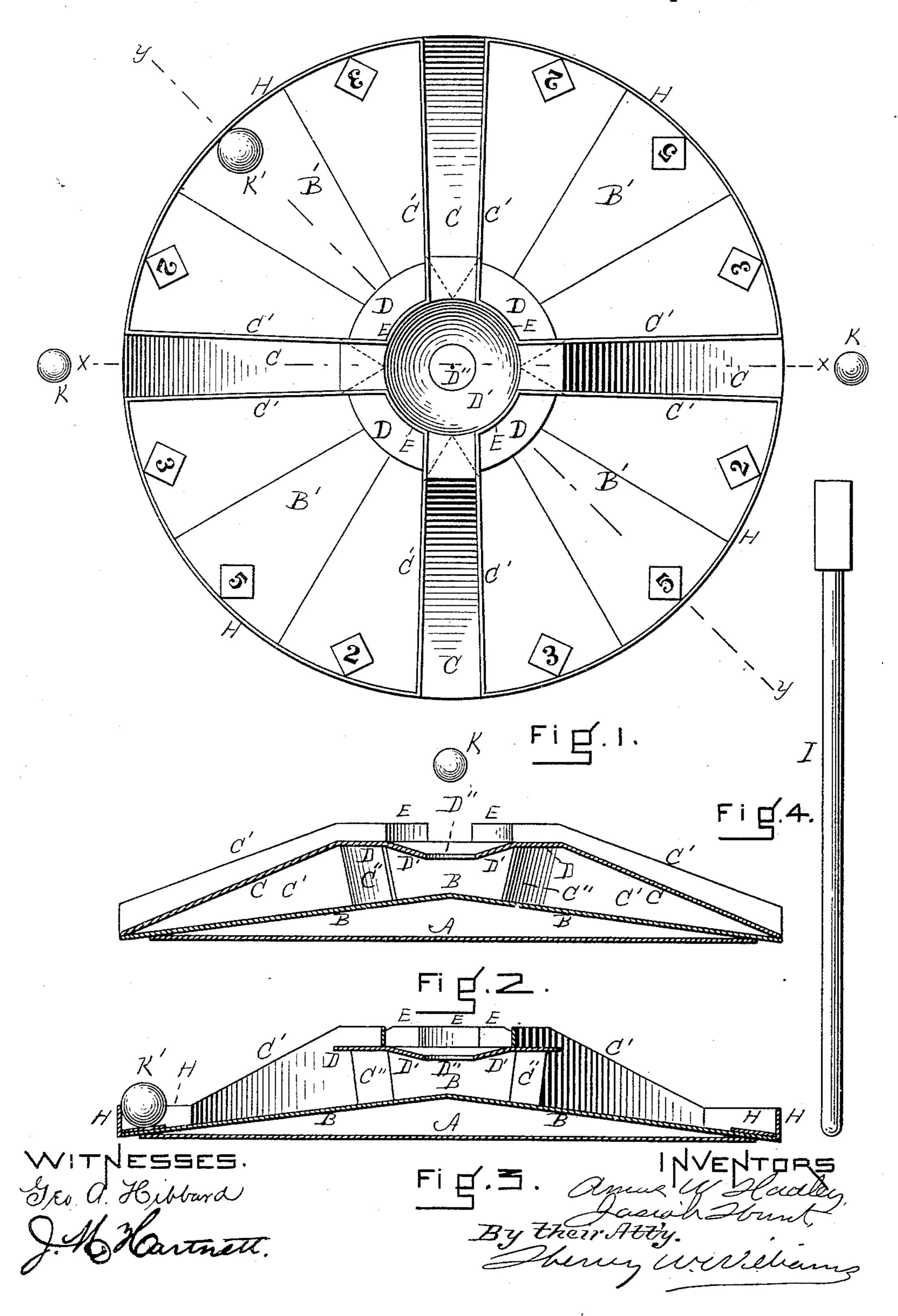
A. W. HADLEY & J. HUNT. GAME APPARATUS.

No. 450,781.

Patented Apr. 21, 1891.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

AMOS W. HADLEY AND JOSIAH HUNT, OF NEW BEDFORD, MASSACHUSETTS.

GAME APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 450,781, dated April 21, 1891.

Application filed January 19, 1891. Serial No. 378, 193. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Amos W. Hadley and JOSIAH HUNT, both of New Bedford, in the county of Bristol and State of Massachusetts, 5 have invented a new and Improved Game Apparatus, of which the following is a specification.

The nature of this invention is fully described below, and illustrated in the accom-

10 panying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view of our improved game apparatus. Fig. 2 is a vertical section on line x, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a vertical section on line y, Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a view of the cue 15 or shooting-stick used in playing the game.

A represents a round base, which supports a round cone-shaped floor B. The upper surface of this floor is divided into four sectors B' by means of four radial chutes, each of 20 which consists of an inclined floor C, whose outer end is at and on a level with the periphery of the conical floor B and whose inner end reaches and connects with a raised central circular platform D. The sides C' of 25 these chutes are vertical and extend a short distance above the floors C thereof and down to the conical floor B. These sides are nearly or quite parallel until they reach the point at which the floor C of the chute and the circu-30 lar platform D join. At that point the portions C" of the sides beneath the platform converge and meet in a V shape, as shown in broken lines in Fig. 1, and serve to support said circular platform. The portion D' of the 35 platform D is inclined downward toward a central opening D", which is directly over the highest point or apex of the conical floor B. The inclined portion D' of this platform is inclosed and separated from the annular 4c horizontal portion D by arc-shaped walls E, which extend from a side C' of one chute to the nearest side of the next chute, so that the only entrances to the inclined portion D' of the platform are through the chutes. The 45 outer edges of the four sectors, which constitute all of the conical floor which is not covered by the chutes, are provided with arcshaped walls H, which extend from a side C'

of a chute to the nearest side C' of the next

50 chute. It will be seen, therefore, that the arc-

the marble in play. In Fig. 1 each sector is divided into three compartments or sub-sectors, and the rules of the game may be such that the entrance of a marble into certain compartments may involve rewards or gains and the entrance into 95

certain others forfeits. Of course the compartments, as well as the rules and method of playing, may be modified at will.

Having thus fully described our invention, 100 what we claim, and desire to secure by Letters shaped outer edge of each sector is protected | Patent, is—

by the wall H and its sides are protected by the walls C'.

This game is played with marbles. A marble, as K, is placed at a short distance from 55 the mouth of one of the chutes, as in Fig. 1, and the player has for his object to propel this marble at such a speed and in such a direction that it will pass up over the floor C of a chute, thence over the annular horizon- 60 tal portion D of the raised platform, down the inclined portion D' thereof, through the hole D", and thence into one of the sectors B' of the conical floor B, down whose incline it rolls until it rests against the wall Hat some point 65 next the periphery of said floor. Too great force applied to the ball may send it up one chute and down the chute on the opposite side, for which a penalty may be provided. Too little force may cause the ball to fail to 70 reach the raised platform and roll back. A skillful player may cause the ball to roll up one chute and down a chute at right angles therewith, for which a reward may be provided. Rolling the ball with such force and 75 inaccurate direction as to cause it to jump over a wall C' or a wall E may subject the player to a penalty or be termed a "foul." The apex of the floor B being exactly under the center of the hole D", each sector has an 80 equal chance with the others of receiving the ball, while the apexes caused by the converging sides C" of the walls C' prevent the balls from being stopped in their progress toward the periphery of the floor B. Motion is im- 85 parted to the marbles, preferably, by means of a cue or shooting-stick, as I, and if desired an object ball or marble, as K', may be placed in one of the sectors to be impinged upon by

1. In a game apparatus, the combination of a conical floor, a raised platform located over the center of said floor and provided with a hole over the apex of the conical floor, and radially-placed chutes leading from the periphery of the floor to the platform, substantially as set forth.

2. The herein-described game apparatus, comprising the conical floor B, the raised plat-

form D, provided with the inclosed portion to D' and central hole D", the chutes C, provided with the sides C' C", and the walls E H, arranged substantially as described.

AMOS W. HADLEY. JOSIAH HUNT.

Witnesses:

FRANK A. MILLIKEN, ROBT. W. TABER.