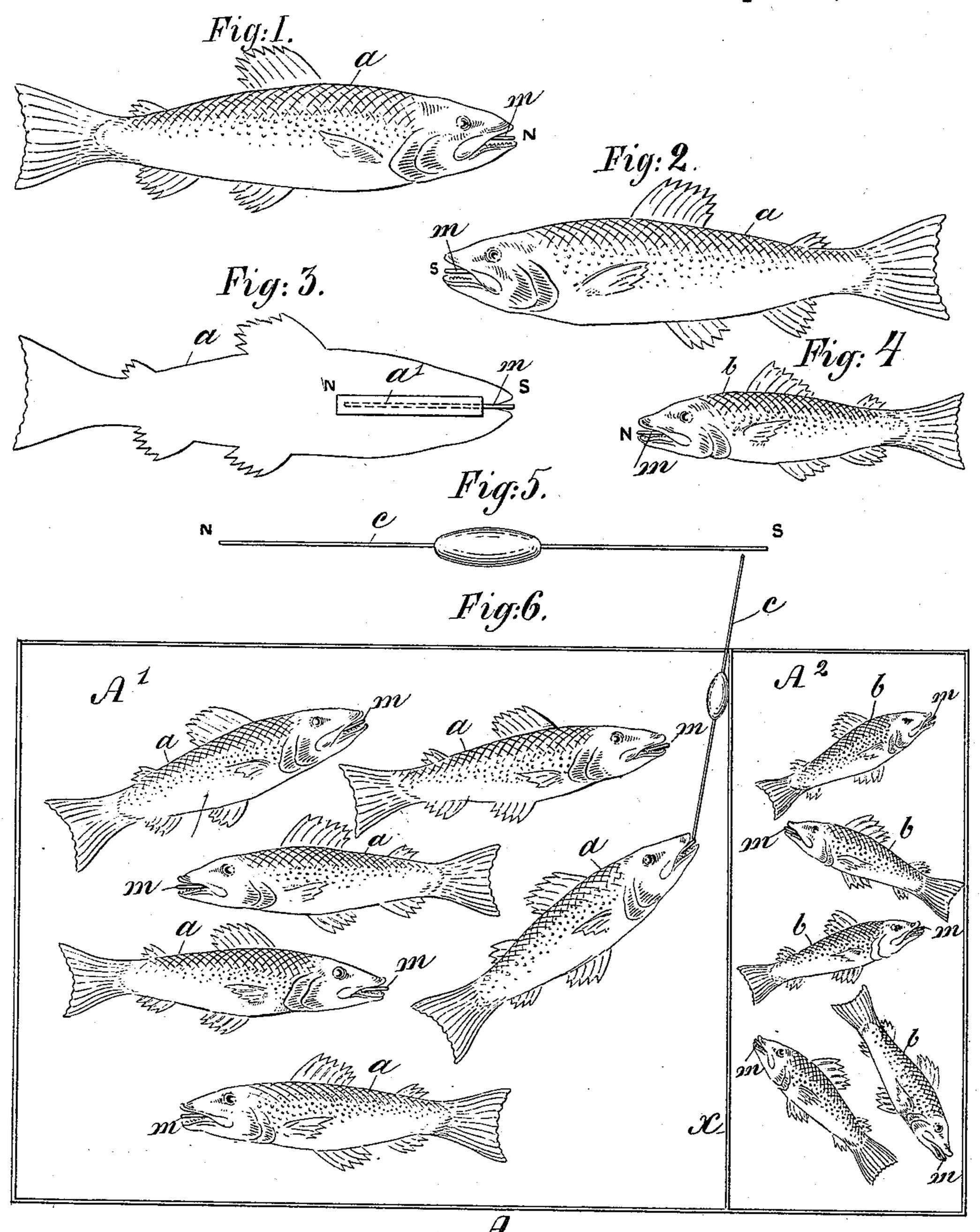
(No Model.)

E. S. BOYNTON. GAME APPARATUS.

No. 450,395.

Patented Apr. 14, 1891.



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Edward S. Boynton

WITNESSES

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GAME APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 450,395, dated April 14, 1891.

Application filed November 1, 1890. Serial No. 370,077. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWARD S. BOYNTON, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Brooklyn, Kings county, New York, have invented an Improved Game Apparatus, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to the class of game apparatuses wherein magnets form an element; and the object is to introduce into the game an element of chance arising from the inability of the player to distinguish by sight or touch the north pole from the south pole of the magnet.

In the accompanying drawings I have shown my invention embodied in an angling game,

which will be described.

Figures 1, 2, and 3 represent certain of the pieces employed, simulating fishes; and Fig. 4 represents one of the smaller pieces employed, which also simulates a fish. Fig. 5 represents one of the magnets employed in the game. Fig. 6 represents the manner of playing the game.

The game may be played on an ordinary table; but I prefer to employ a game-board—such as A in Fig. 6—which may be a shallow box divided into unequal parts by a partition x. The larger part A' is called a "fish-pond," and the smaller part A2 is called a "bait-pond." 30 The pieces a, as herein represented, simulate

large fishes, and the pieces b simulate smaller fishes, called "bait." These may be cut from card-board or other thin and light material, and each one will have attached to it a permanent magnet m. The magnet m may be attached to the card-board on the back or obverse side of the piece, as shown in Fig. 3—that is, by pasting over it a strip of paper a'. Fig. 3 represents the obverse side of the

40 piece seen in Fig. 2.

The letters NS in the several figures designate the two poles of the magnets.

In Figs. 5 and 6 is shown a straight permanent magnet c, which is denominated a "fish-

45 ing" or "angling" rod.

The number of pieces a employed in the game is arbitrary; but there should be at least eight or ten. About one-half of these larger pieces will have only the north pole of the affixed magnet m projecting into view, and the other half or portion will have only the south

pole thereof projecting; but as the pieces a will be all alike or substantially alike the player will not be able to distinguish by sight one from the other, and cannot tell which 55 have the north pole and which the south pole of the magnet m exposed at the fish's mouth.

The smaller fishes or pieces b will be provided with magnets m, arranged in the same manner as described with reference to the 60

larger fishes a.

The player is not able to tell by sight which is the north pole and which the south pole of the straight magnet c. There may be as many of these magnets as there are players, or 65

more. The number is not essential.

The game is played in the following manner: The pieces a are scattered over the board A' in a promiscuous manner, and the pieces b are scattered over the board A² in a similar 70 way. Each player now picks up a magnet c, and the first player proceeds to bait his line by applying one pole of his magnet c to the magnet m, projecting from the mouth of one of the fishes b. If it so happens that the 75 meeting poles are of different letters N and S, then the bait will be caught, and he lifts it off the board, removes it, and proceeds to angle. He now applies one pole of his magnet c to the magnet m, which projects from 80 the mouth of one of the larger fishes a, and if it so happens that the meeting poles are of different letters N and S, the piece a will adhere and he lifts it out. The player continues to angle as long as he is successful; 85 but if he shall apply one pole of his magnet c to the exposed pole of a magnet m on a fish or piece, whether it be a smaller fish b or a larger fish a, and the meeting poles are of the same polarity as N N or S S, then the one 90 will repel the other and he fails to catch. He then retires and the other player takes his turn at angling. The number of fish caught by the respective players decides the game, or the pieces a may have numbers 95 marked on their obverse sides which count for game, as in other games of angling.

The inability of the players to determine by sight the polarity of the poles of the magnets renders the game one solely governed by 100

chance.

The north pole of the magnet c might be

marked so that it could be distinguished from the south pole thereof, and the game would still be one of chance. If the pieces a were all alike in appearance and the pieces b also all 5 alike, or the magnets c may remain unmarked and the pieces be of different forms, kinds, or colors, so that the player can distinguish one from the other, then the game would still be one of chance.

It is not essential, of course, that the pieces shall simulate fishes, nor that the smaller fishes b shall be employed to represent bait; but these enhance the interest of the game. The essential feature is that the piece, what-15 ever it may simulate, shall have affixed to it a permanent magnet, one pole of which shall be exposed, and that the instrument c shall also be a permanent magnet. It is not absolutely essential that the magnet m shall 20 have only one of its poles exposed, but I prefer to so affix them to the pieces; and it is not absolutely essential that the player's magnet c shall be straight, but its poles should be so far separated that a dishonest player 25 cannot shift the magnet in his hand without being observed.

Having thus described my invention, I claim—

1. A game apparatus consisting of a player's 30 permanent magnet having widely-separated poles, and two or more players' pieces having special forms, as that of fishes, for example,

each of said pieces having affixed to it a permanent magnet with widely-separated poles, some having the north pole and others the 35 south pole the more conspicuously exposed, substantially as set forth.

2. A game apparatus consisting of a player's magnet c, having widely-separated poles, and two or more pieces, each having affixed to it 40 a permanent magnet m, having but one of its poles exposed, some of the magnets m having the north pole exposed and others having the south pole exposed, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

3. A game apparatus consisting of a gameboard divided into two compartments, a player's permanent magnet c, having widely-separated poles, a set of figures a, each having affixed to itapermanent magnet m with widely- 50 separated poles, and another set of figures b, differing in appearance from the figures a, each figure b having also affixed to it a permanent magnet with widely-separated poles, one pole of the magnet being exposed at the 55 head of each figure, substantially as set forth.

In witness whereof I have hereunto signed my name in the presence of two subscribing

witnesses.

EDWARD S. BOYNTON.

Witnesses:

HENRY CONNETT, ERNEST W. STUART.