

(No Model.)

W. A. STERN.  
SUPPORTING POST FOR ELECTRIC CONDUCTORS.

No. 449,977.

Patented Apr. 7, 1891..

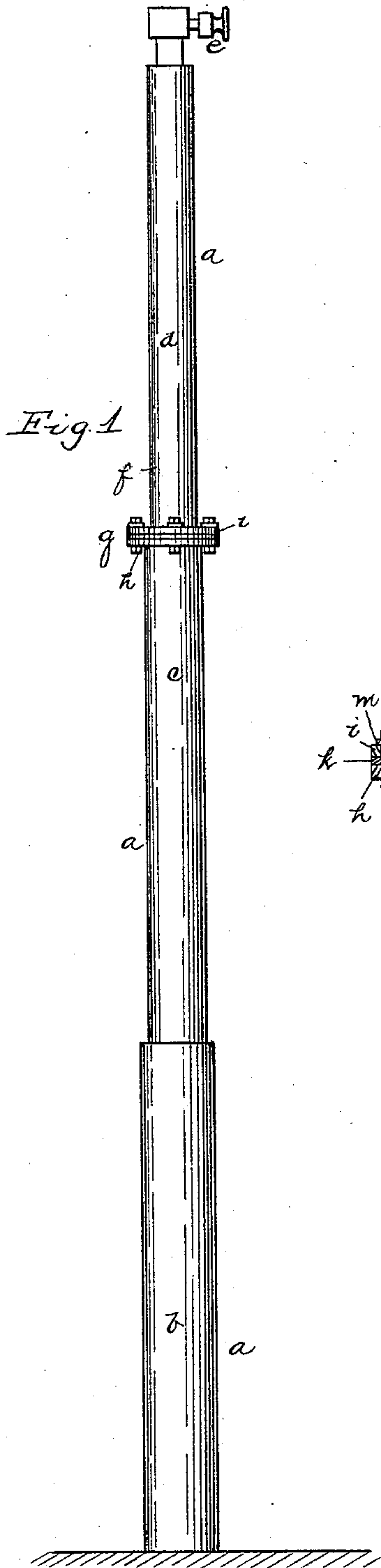


Fig. 1

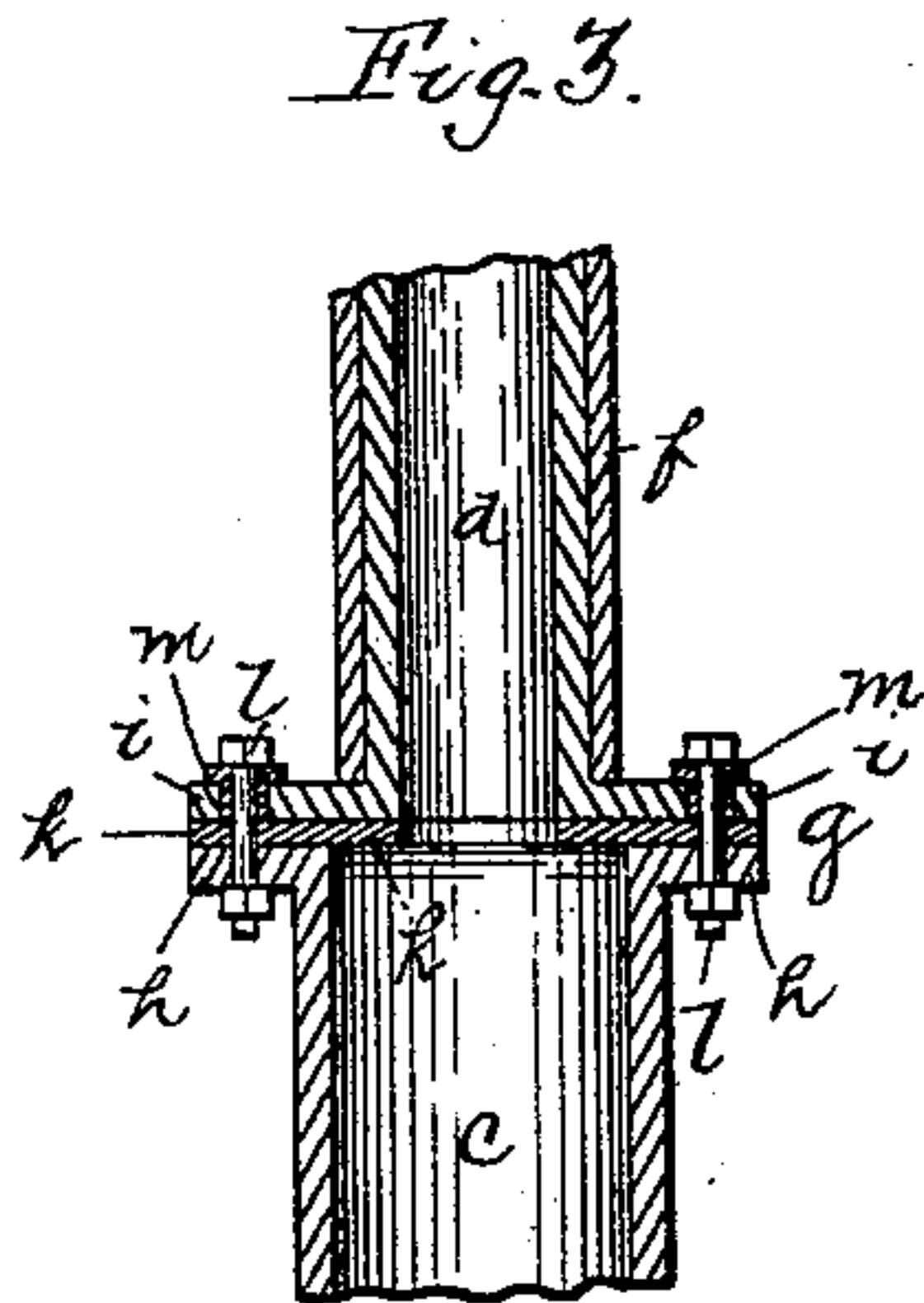


Fig. 3.

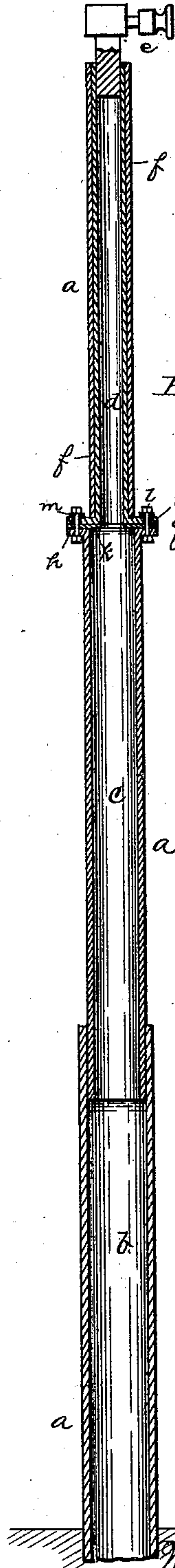


Fig. 2.

Witnesses:  
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Robt. D. Follen

Inventor:  
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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM A. STERN, OF ALLEGHENY, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO I. H. SILVERMAN, OF PITTSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA.

## SUPPORTING-POST FOR ELECTRIC CONDUCTORS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 449,977, dated April 7, 1891.

Application filed May 31, 1889. Serial No. 312,735. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, WILLIAM A. STERN, a resident of Allegheny city, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, have  
5 invented a new and useful Improvement in Supporting-Posts for Electrical Conductors; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description thereof.

My invention relates to the supporting-  
10 posts for electrical conductors, its object being to provide means for preventing danger to the person in case of the contact of wires carrying dangerous currents with such sup-  
15 porting-poles. In the densely-crowded streets of cities where at the present time there are a large number of poles and posts used for the support of carrying wires, such as for telegraph, electric light, electric railway, and  
20 like purposes, and in the rapid and extensive introduction of electric street-railways, it is found advisable for the purpose of neatness and ornamentation to use metallic posts for carrying these wires, and especially for sup-  
25 porting the wires of electric railways, as such metallic posts are much neater than the wooden poles and do not occupy so much space. As, however, there are in most cities large numbers of wires carrying high tension or pressure currents of a dangerous or fatal  
30 kind, which might in case of accident come in contact with said poles, and the current carried by such wires in passing to the ground through the pole might cause fatal accident to any person happening to come in contact  
35 with such pole, it is necessary to furnish means to guard against the entrance of such dangerous currents into the poles, or, if such currents should enter the poles, prevent the possibility of its reaching such a point as to  
40 make it possible for a person upon the street to come in contact with the charged portion of the pole. By my invention I provide a pole meeting these requirements.

It consists, essentially, in a metallic pole or  
45 post for supporting electrical conductors, having a sleeve or covering of insulating material covering part or all of the body of the post and so acting to prevent surface contact therewith, such as to prevent the passage of  
50 currents from neighboring conductors into

the post or to prevent the passage of electric-  
ity from the post, if charged, into a person  
coming into contact therewith.

To enable others skilled in the art to make  
and use my invention, I will describe the 55  
same more fully, referring to the accompany-  
ing drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side view of the supporting-  
post embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a lon-  
gitudinal central section of the same, and 60  
Fig. 3 is a detail view of the insulating-joint.

Like letters of reference indicate like parts  
in each.

The supporting post or pole *a* is preferably  
made of sections of tubing, as the necessary 65  
strength can be obtained in this way and the  
post is much lighter. Any suitable number  
of sections *b c d* may be employed in the  
posts, according to the desired height thereof,  
the post shown having three of these sections 70  
and having at the upper end of the top sec-  
tion *d* the insulator *e*, the insulator shown be-  
ing that generally employed for electrical  
railways where the wire over the track is sup-  
ported by wires stretched between two such 75  
supporting-poles. Surrounding the upper  
section *d* is the sleeve or covering *f*, of insu-  
lating material, this covering being formed  
of proper insulating material, such as gela-  
tinized fiber, hard or soft rubber, non-ab- 80  
sorbent woods, or painted cloth or canvas,  
the most desirable form consisting of a sleeve  
of proper diameter slipped over the upper  
section of the post and fitting around the  
same, as shown in the drawings. The cover- 85  
ing may, however, be made by wrapping  
sheets—such as of rubber—spirally around  
the part to be protected, or I may employ any  
other way of covering the same, so as to pre-  
vent passage of current either into the post 90  
or from the post, if charged, by contact there-  
with. For all practical purposes it is only  
necessary to cover the upper section of the  
post with this insulating-sleeve, as the main  
point of danger is in said upper section, where, 95  
in case of the swinging or breaking of neigh-  
boring electrical conductors carrying high  
tension or pressure currents, the said wires may  
come in contact with said upper section of  
the supporting-post or into such close prox- 100



imity therewith as to permit the passage of current from the wire to the post, this insulating sleeve or covering in such case preventing passage of current into the post and so preventing accident from such cause. The entire post may, however, be protected with this insulated sleeve or covering, or it may be employed on the lower section of the post, so as to prevent passage of current from the post, if charged, into any person coming in contact with the post.

In case of the passage of the current into the upper part of the post, in order to prevent danger from contact with the lower part thereof, I also prefer to employ the insulated joint *g*, such as shown, between the two upper sections *c d* in the drawings. This joint *g* may be of any desired construction, that shown being a simple form of insulated joint, in which the section *c* has a flange *h* at its upper end. The section *d* has a flange *i* at its lower end, and a thick sheet of rubber or other insulating material *k* is placed between the flanges, the flanges being united by screw-bolts *l*, which pass through bushings *m*, formed of insulated material, and so prevent the passage of current from the upper section *d* into the lower section *c*. Such insulated

joint, however, forms no part of the present invention.

By covering the body of the post as above described I am thus enabled to protect the person from danger either by preventing the high-tension currents from any neighboring conductors from passing into the upper part of the post and so guarding against the mass of accidents from this source, or where the sleeve or covering is applied to the lower part of the post to prevent injury to the person in case of contact with a post charged with such dangerous current, my invention being simple and inexpensive for such purposes.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A metallic post for supporting electrical conductors, having a sleeve or covering of insulating material covering part or all of the body thereof, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

In testimony whereof I, the said WILLIAM A. STERN, have hereunto set my hand.

WILLIAM A. STERN.

Witnesses:

JAMES I. KAY,  
J. N. COOKE.