

(No Model.)

F. BÄTJER.  
APPARATUS FOR PROPELLING BOATS.

No. 448,771.

Patented Mar. 24, 1891.

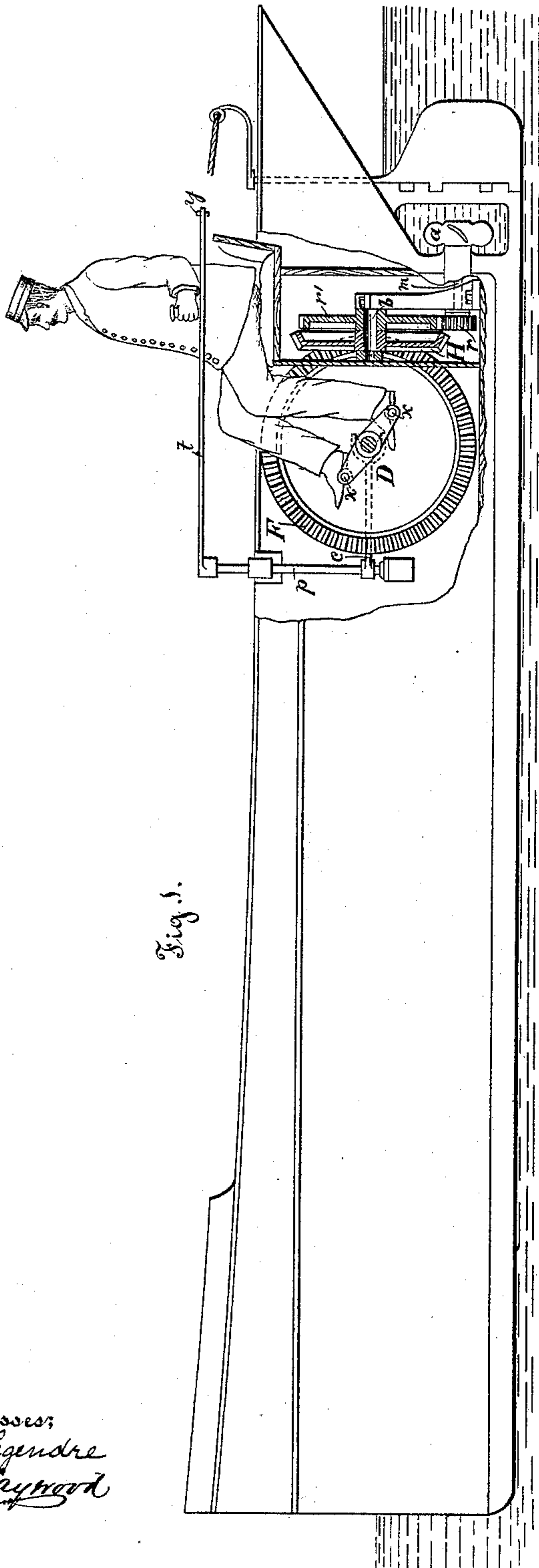


Fig. 1.

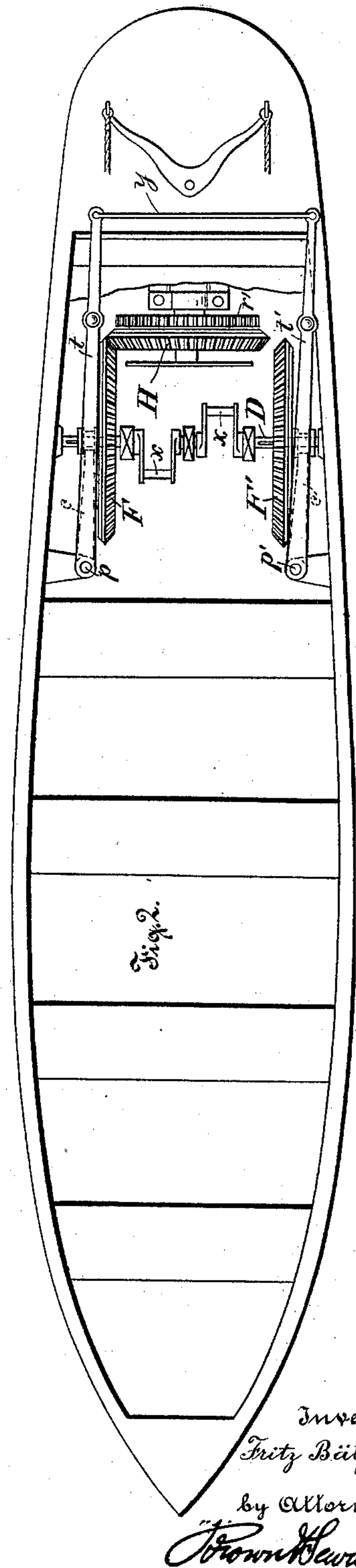


Fig. 2.

Witnesses:  
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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRITZ BÄTJER, OF HAMBURG, GERMANY.

## APPARATUS FOR PROPELLING BOATS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 448,771, dated March 24, 1891.

Application filed December 5, 1890. Serial No. 373,666. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, FRITZ BÄTJER, of No. 31 Fruchthallen, in the city of Hamburg, in the German Empire, have invented a new and  
5 useful Improvement in Apparatus for Propelling Boats, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to boat-propelling apparatus to be operated by man-power, and  
10 is intended to rotate a screw-propeller which causes the motion of the boat.

An apparatus embodying my invention is represented in the accompanying drawings, in which—

15 Figure 1 is a longitudinal elevation of a boat provided with the apparatus, which is shown in section; and Fig. 2 is a plan of the boat having part of the driver's seat broken away to show the mechanism below it.

20 *a* designates a screw-propeller, which is fastened to the shaft *m*, which carries at its inner end the small spur-wheel *r*. A shaft *b*, located vertically above and parallel to the shaft *m*, carries a larger spur-wheel *r'*, which  
25 gears into the small wheel *r*. The shaft *b* carries also the bevel-toothed wheel *H*. A shaft *D*, provided with pedal-cranks *x x*, is journaled in front of the bevel-wheel *H* in the boat in a position to be brought into rotary motion by the feet of the boatman sitting in the boat.

On the crank-shaft *D* are arranged movably on keyways two bevel-toothed wheels *F F'*. Said wheels are each provided with a  
35 disengaging device, which is operated by the boatman and which consists as follows: Two horizontal levers *t* and *t'*, fastened to two vertical spindles *p* and *p'*, are provided with handles by which the boatman can turn the  
40 said spindles *p* and *p'*. A cross-bar *y* between the two levers *t* and *t'* causes them

both to be moved at the same time. Each spindle *pp'* has an arm *cc'*, which gears with a fork over the hub of the respective bevel-wheel *F* or *F'*. When the boatman moves  
45 the levers *t t'*, the wheels *F F'* are moved at the same time on the crank-shaft *D*. By this arrangement the boatman may by means of the levers *t t'* throw either the wheel *F* or the wheel *F'* into gear with the bevel-toothed  
50 wheels *H*. As the wheels *F* and *F'* gear with the wheel *H* at opposite sides, the gear-wheel *b* will be reversed by the reversing of the levers *t t'*, and the screw will operate to advance or back, according to the intention of  
55 the boatman. This reversing mechanism has the advantage that the boatman works the shaft *D* the same way for forward or backward motion of the boat. This is of importance, as the man can exercise more power on shaft *D*  
60 (having his seat behind shaft *D*) by turning said shaft away from him than by turning it in the reverse direction.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The combination, with the propeller-shaft  
65 *m*, of the shaft *b*, parallel to and geared with the propeller-shaft and furnished with a bevel-toothed wheel, the pedal-crank shaft *D*, arranged transversely to said shaft *b* and  
70 furnished with bevel-toothed wheels *F F'*, movable lengthwise upon it, and the reversing apparatus consisting of the upright spindles *p p'*, the arms *cc'* on said spindles, engaging with the said wheels *F F'* on the  
75 crank-shaft, and the connected hand-levers *t t'* on said spindles, all substantially as herein set forth.

FRITZ BÄTJER.

Witnesses:

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