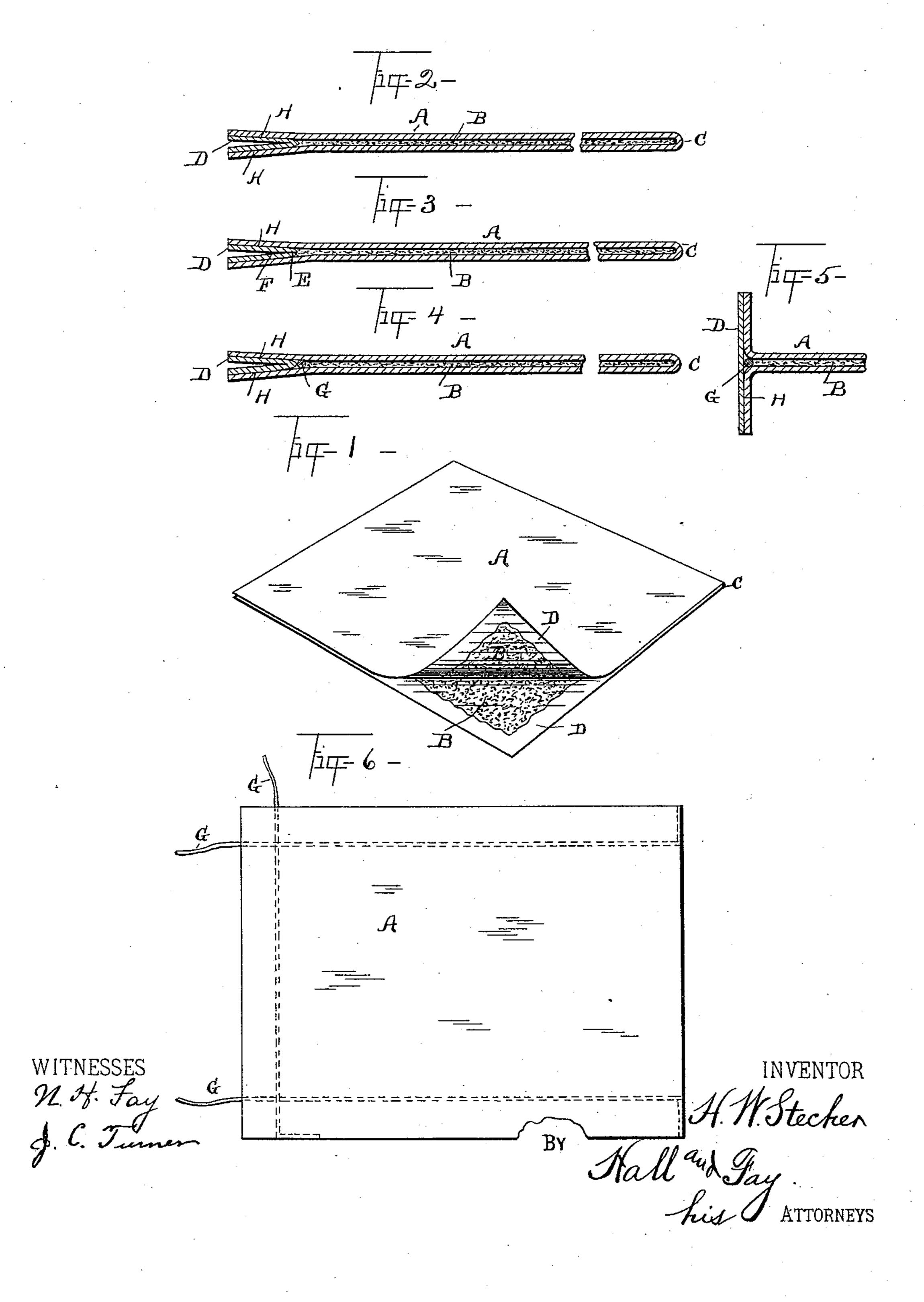
(No Model.)

H. W. STECHER. STICKY FLY PAPER.

No. 447,121.

Patented Feb. 24, 1891.



United States Patent Office.

HENRY W. STECHER, OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.

STICKY FLY-PAPER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 447,121, dated February 24, 1891.

Application filed September 17, 1890. Serial No. 365,306. (No specimens.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY W. STECHER, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Cleveland, county of Cuyahoga, and State 5 of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Fly-Paper, of which the following is a specification, the principle of the invention being herein explained and the best mode in which I have contemplated to applying that principle so as to distinguish it from other inventions.

My invention relates to sticky fly-paper; and it consists in the improved construction and combination or arrangement of parts 15 hereinafterfully disclosed in the description,

drawings, and claims.

In packing and storing fly-paper of the abovementioned kind, especially during warm weather, the sticky substance is apt to be-20 come liquid and ooze out at the edges. It has been tried to avoid this objectionable feature by surrounding the sticky substance upon the sheets by frames or borders formed by either folding the edge of the paper or by at-25 taching strips of various materials to the sheet, or by otherwise thickening the margins of the sheets so that the sticky substance would be confined by the frames and would not be squeezed out by the pressure of the 30 superposed sheets. Doubled or folded strips of paper or adhesive material have also been secured over the edges of two superposed sheets to confine the sticky substance. The former manner of confining the substance 35 between two sheets has necessitated considerable labor and expense in folding the edge of the sheets in over the sticky substance or in attaching the strips to the margins of the sheets, both of which styles I have found too 40 expensive and laborious in practice, and the latter manner of sealing the edges of the over the edges has the objectionable feature of rendering the opening or unfolding of the 45 sheets difficult without a paper-cutter or other device for cutting or slitting the doubled edge of the sealing-strip. I have therefore provided a novel style of sealing-strip which will effectually seal the edges of the sheets and 50 at the same time be easily opened.

part of this specification, and in which the same reference-letters indicate the same parts, illustrate my invention.

In said drawings, Figure 1 represents a per- 55 spective view of my improved fly-paper, showing it in the act of being opened; Fig. 2, a section of a sheet; Fig. 3, a section of a sheet provided with a modified form of sealing-strip; Fig. 4, a section of a sheet provided with an- 60 other modified form of strip; Fig. 5, a section of said sheet and strip, showing the margins of the sheet folded out ready to be opened by means of the thread or cord; and Fig. 6, a plan view of said sheet, showing the strips and 65 threads or cords in dotted lines.

In the drawings, the letter A indicates the sheet which has the sticky substance B spread upon its surface, leaving uncoated margins H, and is folded or doubled upon itself at C so 70 as to bring the uncoated surface of the sheet outward for packing and storing the sheets.

The free edges of the doubled sheet are sealed by means of doubled or folded strips D, which are glued or pasted to the margins 75 of the sheet upon their outer surfaces by any suitable adhesive and are inserted between said margins or edges with the doubled edge inward, as clearly shown in the drawings. It is obvious that said sealing-strips when in 80 place will completely prevent all oozing out of the sticky material and that when severed at the inner folded or doubled edges the sheet may be unfolded for use, as illustrated in Fig. 1 of the drawings.

For the purpose of rendering more easy the severing of the strips at the inner folded or doubled edges, said edges may be perforated, as shown at E, Fig. 3, and the perforations may be closed by a thin string or coating F, 90 of some adhesive and brittle material, such as a mixture of castor-oil and rosin, similar sheets by attaching a doubled or folded strip | to the mixture used for the sticky substance, but containing more rosin in proportion to the oil. Said string or coating F will prevent 95 the sticky material from flowing out through the perforations.

Threads or cords G may be placed inside of the folded or doubled edges of the sealingstrips, secured at one end and projecting be- 100 yond the edges of the sheet at the other end. The accompanying drawings, which form a | By spreading the united sealed margins of

the sheet in the manner shown in Fig. 5 and pulling upon the free ends of said threads or cords the folded or doubled edges may be easily and cleanly severed and the sheet un-5 folded for use. It is obvious that this doubled or folded sealing-strip will serve the two purposes of sealing the edges of the sheets when folded, preventing the sticky substance from oozing out, and of preventing the sticky subto stance from flowing out and soiling the margins of the sheet when unfolded and spread, keeping said margins clean.

By the use of my improved sealing-strip the sticky fly-paper may be kept for any length 15 of time without deteriorating and without any danger of soiling the box in which it is kept or of one sheet soiling and becoming

adherent to the others.

While I prefer to fold each sheet doubled 20 upon itself and seal the three remaining free margins, yet it is obvious that two sheets may be placed face to face and all four margins be sealed without departing from the spirit of my invention.

The foregoing description and accompanying drawings set forth in detail devices embodying my invention. Change may be made therein provided the principles of construction respectively recited in the following

30 claims are employed.

I therefore particularly point out and dis-

tinctly claim as my invention—

1. The combination, with a pair of sheets or leaves of sticky fly-paper placed face to 35 face with the coated surface and having uncoated margins, of longitudinally doubled or folded sealing-strips inserted with their doubled edges between said uncoated mar-

gins and attached to the same with a permanent adhesive, substantially as described.

2. The combination, with a sheet of sticky fly-paper doubled upon itself upon the coated surfaces and having uncoated margins, of longitudinally doubled or folded sealing-strips inserted with their doubled edges between 45 said uncoated margins and attached to the same with a permanent adhesive, substantially as described.

3. The combination, with a pair of sheets or leaves of sticky fly-paper placed face to 50 face with the coated surfaces and having uncoated margins, of longitudinally doubled or folded strips inserted with their doubled edges between said coated margins, attached to the same with a permanent adhesive, and 55

for easily severing said doubled edges, sub-

provided at said doubled edges with means

stantially as described.

4. The combination, with a pair of sheets or leaves of sticky fly-paper placed face to 60 face with the coated surfaces and having uncoated margins, of longitudinally doubled or folded strips inserted with their doubled edges between said uncoated margins, attached to the same with a permanent adhe- 65 sive, and having perforations at said doubled edges, and a string or coating of adhesive and brittle material filling said perforations, substantially as described.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing to 70 be my invention I have hereunto set my hand this 5th day of September, A. D. 1890.

HENRY W. STECHER.

Witnesses:

J. B. FAY, GEO. A. SNOW.