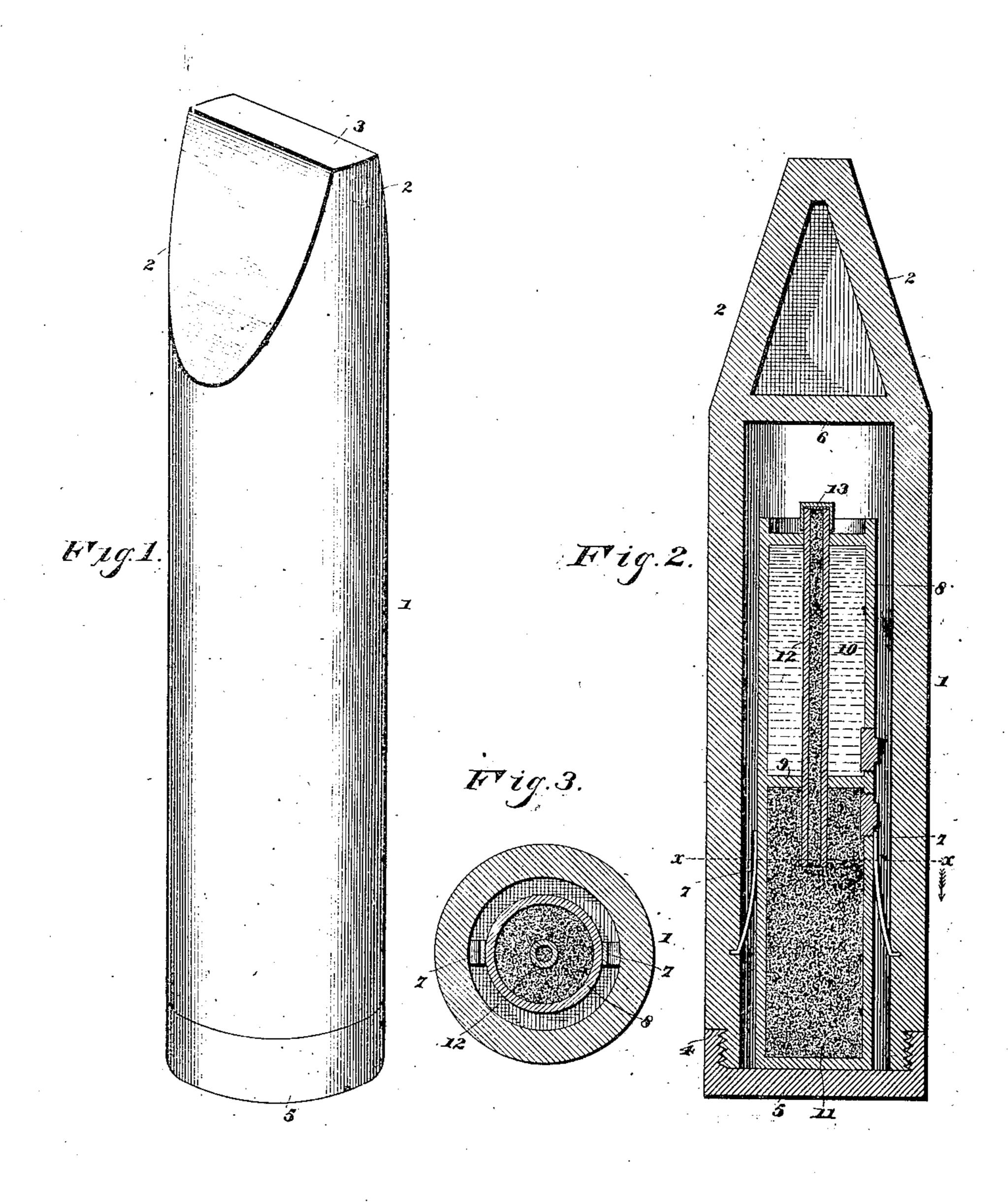
(No Model.)

J. J. MOORE. EXPLOSIVE PROJECTILE FOR ORDNANCE.

No. 446,975.

Patented Feb. 24, 1891.



Witnesses:

Inventor,

James J. Moore,

By Jeis Altorneys,

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JAMES JACKSON MOORE, OF MERRYVILLE, LOUISIANA.

EXPLOSIVE PROJECTILE FOR ORDNANCE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 446,975, dated February 24, 1891.

Application filed April 10 1890. Serial No. 347,391. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JAMES JACKSON MOORE, a citizen of the United States, residing at Merryville, in the parish of Calcasieu and 5 State of Louisiana, have invented a new and useful Explosive Projectile for Ordnance, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to an improvement in explosive projectiles for ordnance and is 10 an improvement on the explosive shell for which Letters Patent of the United States No. 412,856 were granted to myself on the 15th day of October, 1889.

The present invention consists in the im-.15 proved construction, arrangement, and combination of parts composing the said device, which will be hereinafter fully described, and particularly pointed out in the claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective 20 view of a shell embodying my improvements. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal sectional view of the same. Fig. 3 is a transverse sectional view taken on the line x x in Fig. 2.

Like numerals of reference indicate like

25 parts in all the figures.

The projectile, which is designated by 1, is approximately cylindrical in shape and is provided at its front end with beveled or tapering sides 2 2, forming a blunt edge 3. The 30 projectile is hollow and is provided at its buttend with a shoulder 4, which is exteriorly screw-threaded and adapted to receive a cap 5, which when in place is flush with the exterior surface of the shell. The latter is pro-35 vided near its front end with a transverse partition 6, and near its butt-end it is provided on diametrically-opposite sides with curved springs 7, which project a suitable distance into the bore of the shell and which 40 serve to retain in position the cartridge S. The latter is of slightly less diameter than the bore of the shell, and it consists of a tubular shell or cylinder constructed of any suitable material and provided with a transverse 45 partition 9, whereby it is subdivided into two separate chambers designated respectively |

by 10 and 11. The upper or front chamber 10 serves as a receptacle for hydrocarbon oil or other suitable imflammable liquid, and in 50 the rear chamber 11 of the cartridge explosive substance of any suitable character is stored. A nipple 12 extends from the rear I holding-springs, of a cartridge consisting of

chamber 11 of the cartridge through the front chamber 10 of the latter and slightly beyond its front wall, and upon said nipple a percus- 55.

sion-cap 13 is placed.

In operation my improved projectile may be fired from ordnance of any suitable construction. When it is fired, the initial shock imparted to the projectile will cause the car- 60 tridge to move rearward in the bore of the latter and to remain in contact with the cap 5 during the flight of the projectile. When the latter strikes an obstruction, it will not only penetrate such obstruction, but at the 65 same time the cartridge will be forced in a forward direction and the nipple 12, carrying the percussion-cap 13, will strike the partition or diaphragm 6, causing the cartridge and the shell to explode. At the same time, owing to 70 the force of the explosion, the charge of inflammable material contained in the front chamber of the cartridge will be scattered over the obstruction encountered by the projectile and saturating such obstruction will 75 become ignited and greatly increase the destructive qualities of the projectile. In the event of the latter striking the ground it will, owing to its peculiar formation with the tapering sides 2 and the blunt edge 3, be less 80 liable to glance than projectiles of ordinary construction and will be exploded with more certainty and with greater effect. The sides of the shell 8 are to be provided with removable plugs, which may be screw-threaded or 85 otherwise suitably secured in position and by means of which access may be had to the separate chambers of said cartridge for the purpose of filling or loading the same.

What I claim is— 1. The combination, with a cylindrical tubular shell having a transverse partition or diaphragm and provided at its butt-end with a removable screw-threaded cap, of the interiorly-located holding springs and an explo- 95 sive cartridge mounted in said shell, held by the said springs, and having a transverse partition subdividing it into separate chambers or compartments, substantially as set forth.

2. As an improvement in explosive project- roc iles for ordnance, the combination, with a tubular shell having a transverse partition or diaphragm, a removable cap, and interior

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a tubular shell having a transverse partition, inflammable liquid and explosive material stored, respectively, in the front and rear compartments of the cartridge, a tubular nipple extending from the rear compartment through and beyond the front compartment of said cartridge, and a percussion-cap upon the projecting front end of said nipple, substantially as set forth.

of 3. The combination, with an explosive shell for ordnance, of an explosive cartridge mounted in said shell and having front and rear compartments containing, respectively, inflammable liquid and explosive material, and a nipple extending through the chamber containing the inflammable liquid and hav-

ing a percussion-cap, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

4. The cartridge for explosive projectiles, consisting of a tubular shell having a trans- 20 verse partition, a nipple extending through the front chamber, and plugs in the sides of the said shell, through which access may be had to the compartment of the latter, sub-

stantially as and for the purpose set forth.
In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JAMES JACKSON MOORE.

Witnesses:

JOSEPH S. COCHRAN, BRINKLEY L. DICKERSON.