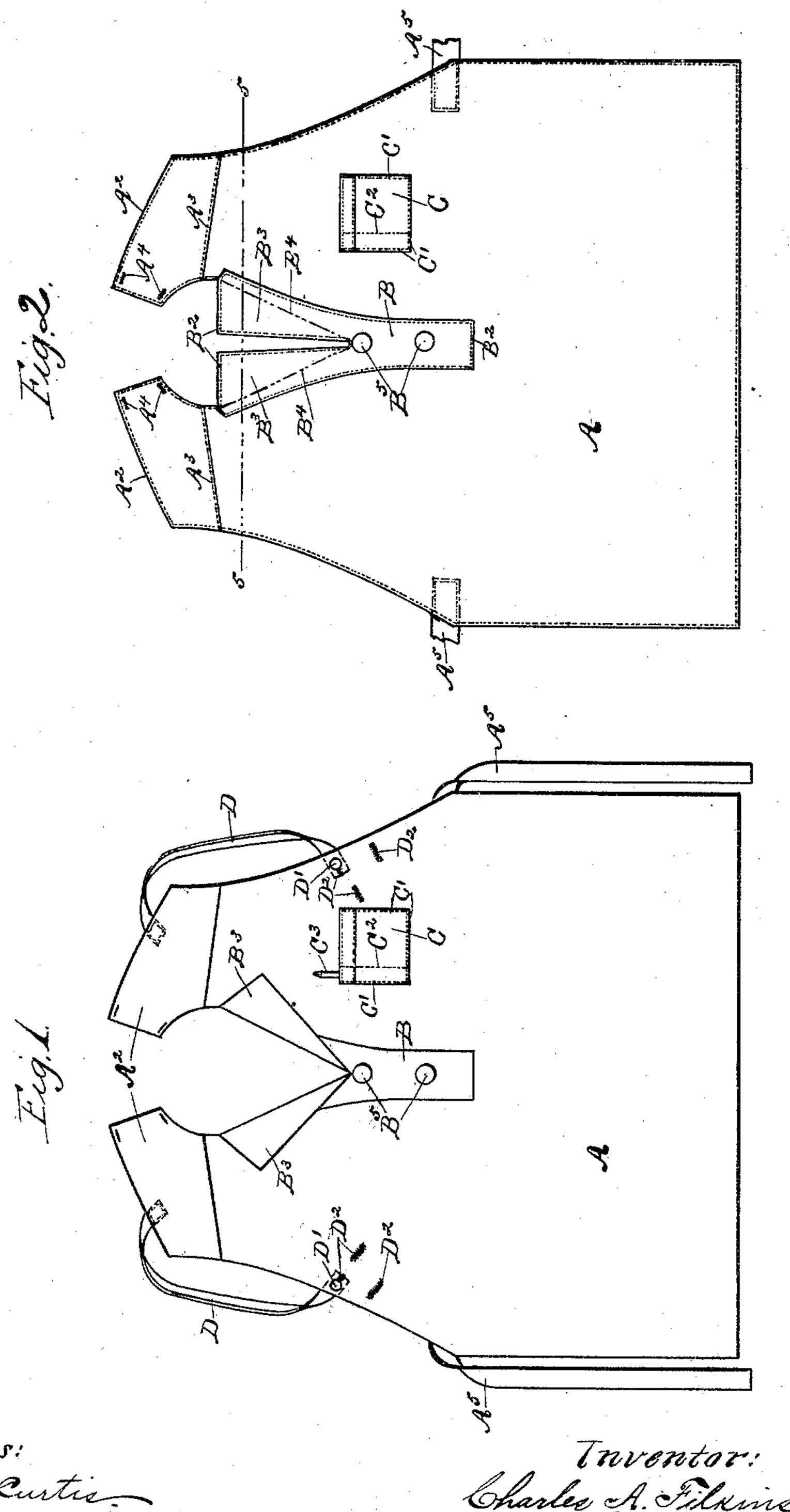
C. A. FILKINS. APRON.

No. 445,548.

Patented Feb. 3, 1891.



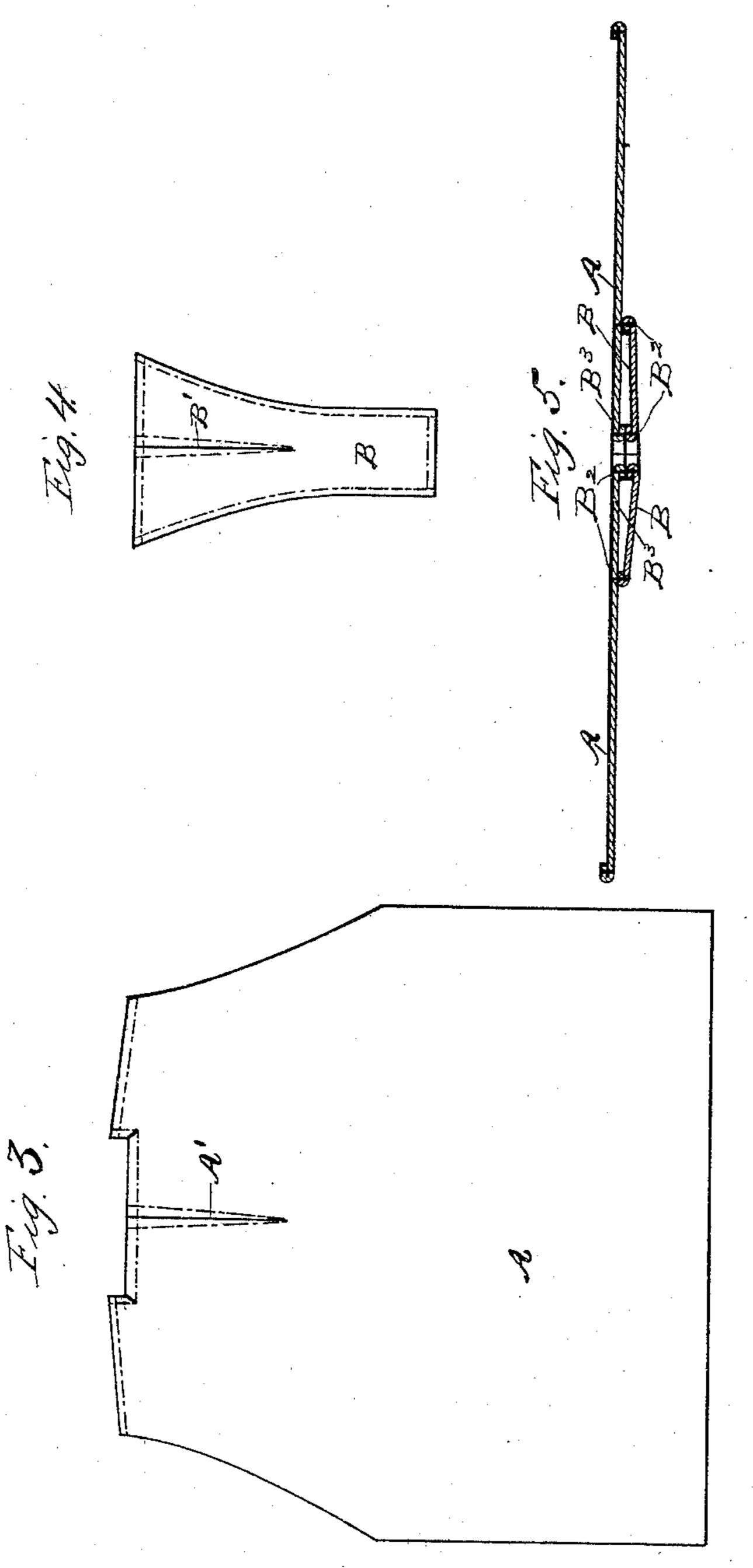
Witnesses: Frank & Curtis DI 5

Charles A. Filking
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atty

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Frank C. Certis John T. Booth

Enventor:
Charles A. Filkins
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United States Patent Office.

CHARLES A. FILKINS, OF AMSTERDAM, NEW YORK.

APRON.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 445,548, dated February 3, 1891.

Application filed July 11, 1890. Serial No. 358,428. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES A. FILKINS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Amsterdam, county of Montgomery, and State of 5 New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Aprons, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to such improvements; and it consists of the novel construction and ro combination of parts hereinafter described

and subsequently claimed.

Reference may be had to the accompanying drawings and the letters of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this 15 specification.

Similar letters refer to similar parts in the

several figures therein.

Figure 1 is a front plan view of my improved apron with the lapels folded back in position 20 for use. Fig. 2 is a similar view showing the lapels unfolded and laid out flat. Fig. 3 is a plan view of the body part of the apron, as the same appears when cut from the fabricweb in the process of manufacture, and pro-25 vided with the front slit. Fig. 4 is a similar view of the lapel-piece detached. Fig. 5 is a vertical cross-section taken on the broken line 5 5 in Fig. 2.

In the manufacture of my improved apron 30 I cut from a web of cloth or other material desired for the apron the main or body part A, in the form shown in Fig. 3, and cut down the middle of the upper part the slit A'. I also cut out the neckband-pieces A² and secure 35 them to the upper part of the main piece by lines of stitching A³, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2. The lapel-piece B is cut from the web in the form shown in Fig. 4 and provided with the upper middle slit B'. The lapel-piece is 42 secured by lines of stitching B2 to the bodypiece, so that the slits in the two pieces coincide, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, the edges of the two pieces being turned in, as shown in Fig. 5, to provide finished edges. A lapel B³ 45 is thus formed on each side of the slits A' and B', which may be folded back upon the body of the apron, the folds extending from a point near the end of the slits along the dotted lines B4 to the top of the body part of the

50 apron, giving the apron the appearance of a

vest or coat and exposing to view the shirt-

lapel-piece may be provided with two or more buttons B⁵ to add to the vest-like appearance. The ends of the neckbands are provided with 55 means for fastening them together around the neck, as the holes A4, adapted to receive fastening-studs. The body part of the apron is also provided with means for securing it to the body of the wearer, as the apron-strings 60 A⁵, and with a pocket C, consisting of a piece of fabric secured to the apron by a marginal line of stitching C'. A smaller pocket is partitioned off from the main pocket by the vertical line of stitching C². The smaller pocket 65 is made just large enough to receive and securely hold a pencil C3, so that it will not slip out when the wearer of the apron stoops and inverts the pocket, as it will from an ordinary larger pocket. I am thus able to 70 provide for grocers, market-men, saloon employés, and others a convenient and tidy apron, which will protect the other garments of the wearer and at the same time give him a genteel and dressed appearance.

When desired, a pair of straps or strings D may be provided, to pass one under each of the arms and connect the neckband-pieces with the body part of the apron, to prevent any displacement of the parts by reason of violent 80 or unusual movements of the arms or body of the wearer. I have shown in Fig. 1 the straps D, each secured at its upper end to a neckband-piece and provided at its other end with a button D', adapted to be inserted in one of 85 the button-holes D² in the body part. By having a plurality of button-holes D² at different points in the body part of the apron the straps can be easily adjusted to fit different-sized persons.

I do not claim lapels, broadly, as such devices have long been in use upon various gar-

ments, including shirts, vests, and the like. My lapels, applied to an apron; are made of a piece of slitted fabric left entire below the 95 slit which separates them. Said piece constitutes a stay at the bottom of the slit in the apron and also provides means for ornamenting the apron-front.

What I claim as new, and desire to secure 100

by Letters Patent, is—

In an apron, the combination, with a body having its lower front closed and its upper front of the wearer. The lower part of the I front slitted, of a lapel-piece slitted for a part of its length and secured to the body with its slitted edges superimposed upon the slitted edges of the body and its end beyond the slit upon the closed front of the body, and means for securing the apron to the person of the wearer, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 9th day of July, 1890.

CHARLES A. FILKINS.

Witnesses:
C. S. NISBET,
SAMUEL WASSERMAN.