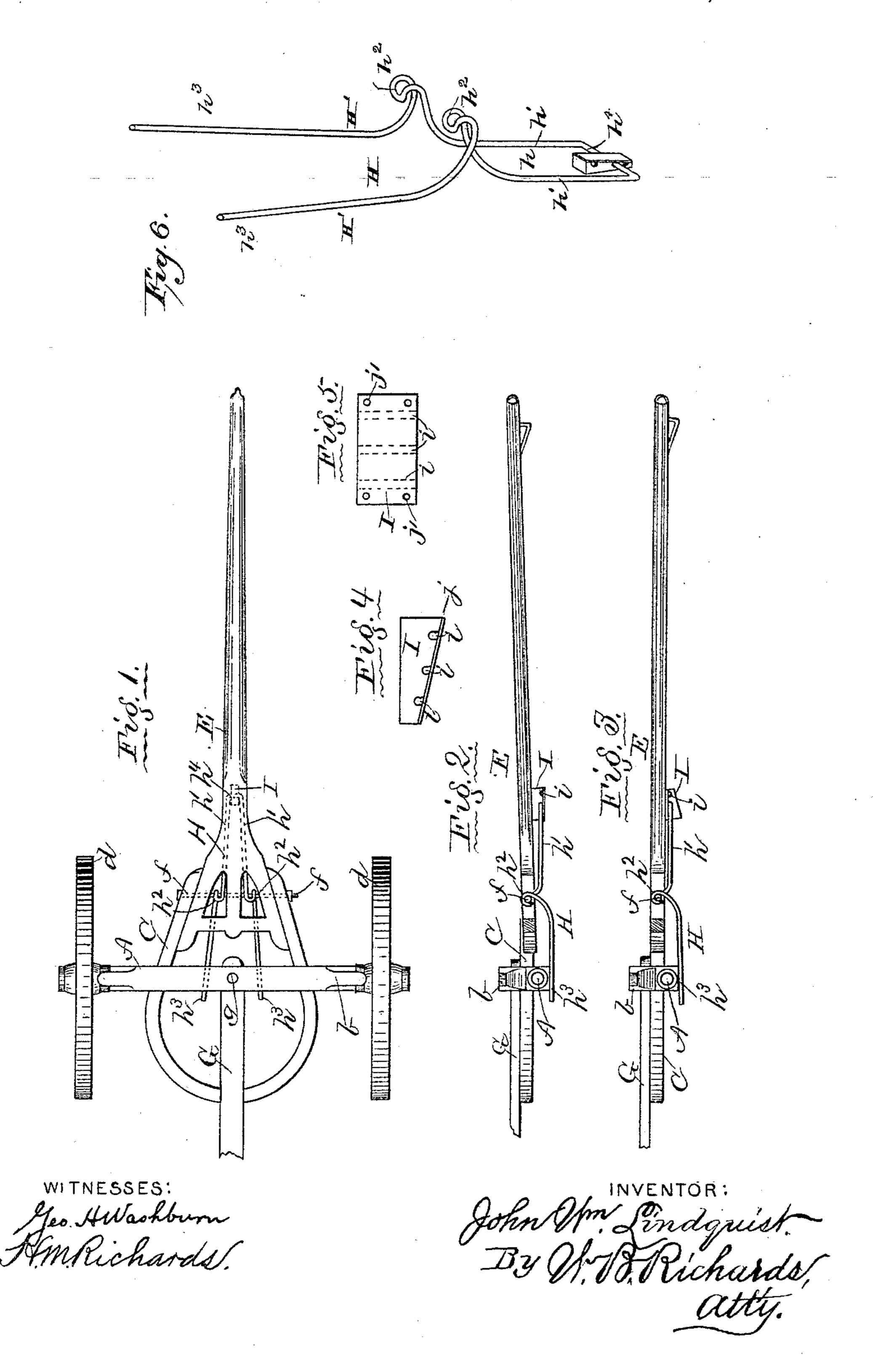
(No Model.)

J. W. LINDQUIST. TONGUE SUPPORT.

No. 445,024.

Patented Jan. 20, 1891.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN WM. LINDQUIST, OF GALESBURG, ILLINOIS.

TONGUE-SUPPORT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 445,024, dated January 20, 1891.

Application filed September 3, 1890. Serial No. 363,872. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Wm. Lindquist a subject of the King of Sweden, residing at Galesburg, in the county of Knox and State 5 of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wagon-Tongue Supports, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to wagon-tongue sup-10 ports or devices for supporting the outer or free end of such tongues in an elevated position when the draft-animals are connected with or disconnected from the wagon.

The object of my improvement is to pro-15 duce a tongue-support which is simple in construction, cheap, durable, which cannot get out of form with any ordinary use, is made from a single piece of steel, and which can be readily, quickly, and easily applied to or 20 removed from a wagon; and the improvement consists in a single bar of steel bent at its mid-length part to form a U-shaped loop upon which the tongue may rest, while the ends of the rod rest beneath the axle and further 25 bent between its ends and mid-length portion to form hooks which engage with the rod on which the tongue is pivoted and on which it swings vertically.

The improvement further consists in other 30 constructions and combinations hereinafter

described and claimed.

In the accompanying drawings I have shown my improvement, together with such of the front parts of an ordinary wagon running-35 gear as will illustrate what I consider the best way of constructing and applying it to a wagon and as will illustrate the principle on

which my improvement operates.

In said drawings, Figure 1 is a top plan of 40 parts of a front running-gear of a wagon and of my improved tongue-support applied thereto; Fig. 2, a sectional elevation of parts of the wagon running-gear, a side elevation of other parts, and a side elevation of the tongue-sup-45 port in place; Fig. 3, a similar elevation and section to Fig. 2, but showing a different adshown at Fig. 2; Figs 4 and 5, side elevation and plan, respectively, of the adjusting-block; 50 Fig. 6, a perspective of the tongue-support alone.

The parts of the wagon shown are of ordi-

nary construction and need not be further described than to recite that A is a front axle with the fixed bolster b above it and the 55 hounds c secured thereto, and is supported on wheels d.

E is the tongue, and is pivoted as ordinarily to the hounds c by a rod or bolt f, on which the tongue swings in a vertical plane.

G is the coupling-pole, pivoted by the kingbolt g to the axle and bolster, and is shown

partly broken away.

My improved tongue-support H is formed of a single bar H' of steel, which is bent at its 65 mid-length portion to form a loop h of Ushaped form. Each side bar h' of this Ushaped loop is again bent to form a hook h^2 , from which hooks the respective ends h^3 of the bar H'extend rearwardly, and preferably 7° with an increase in distance between them or diverging, as shown. This tongue-support can be applied to a wagon by simply elevating the tongue and then engaging the hooks h^2 with the tongue rod or bolt f, while the arms 75 or ends h^3 rest beneath the axle, and the connecting-bar h^4 of the loop h rests beneath the tongue to hold it at any desired elevation, as may be controlled in an evident manner by different construction or bends of the sides 80 of the support. The support can be as readily removed from the wagon as it was placed thereon, simply by first elevating the free end of the tongue slightly and then disengaging the hooks h^2 from the rod or bolt f. It will 85 be evident that this feature in my improvement is of importance, in that it provides for readily and quickly putting the tongue-support in place, and also for removing it without having to withdraw or remove the tongue 90 pivot-bolt or rod g.

To furnish means for adjusting and holding the tongue at different elevations or inclinations without changing the form or structure of the support H, I have provided 95 a wedge-shaped adjusting-block I, having a series of transverse grooves i and a plate i, which can be fixed to the block I by screws justment of the adjustment-block from that |j'| to hold said plate to the block and the block upon the bar h^4 of the support H. It will be 100 evident that as the block I is adjusted with its thicker end over the bar h^4 the tongue will be adjusted and held in a higher position at its front end, and vice versa. By in-

verting the block I, as shown at Fig. 3, another adjustment of the tongue will effected. The block I will not only serve the purpose of adjusting and holding the tongue at different 5 inclinations, but will also act as a wear-block to protect the tongue from wear where the bar h^4 rests beneath it. This support H can be made from any ordinary rod of springsteel, and while of the cheapest material it 10 can also be made cheaply, and while it can be applied and removed readily it is at the same time most effective. The union between the bars h' and h^4 may be angles or curves, as preferred.

It will be evident that the support H can be used without the adjusting-block I. Hence I do not limit my claims in which said adjusting-block is not recited to such adjustingblock as a part in the combination forming

20 the subject-matter of such claims.

Having thus described my improvement, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A wagon-tongue support composed of a 25 single bar bent at its mid-length part into Ushaped form, and each of its end portions again bent to form open hooks, which hooks can be readily engaged with and disengaged from the rod or bolt on which the wagon-

30 tongue is pivoted without removing said rod or bolt, while the connecting-bar of the U-

shaped part rests beneath the tongue and the end parts beneath the axle, substantially as

described.

2. A wagon-tongue support composed of a 35 single bar bent at its mid-length part into Ushaped form, and each of its end portions again bent to form hooks, which hooks engage with the rod or bolt on which the wagontongue is pivoted, while the connecting-bar 40 of the U-shaped part rests beneath the tongue and the end parts beneath the axle, and an invertible wedge-shaped adjusting-block having transverse grooves located between the tongue and the mid-length part of the sup- 45 port, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

3. A wagon-tongue support composed of a single bar bent at its mid-length part into Ushaped form, each side bar h' of which is 50 again bent to form a hook h^2 , which hooks engage with the bar or bolt f, while its arms or ends h^3 rest beneath the axle and the bar h^4 of the loop h rests beneath the tongue, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

JOHN WM. LINDQUIST.

Witnesses:

H. W. CARPENTER,

H. M. RICHARDS.