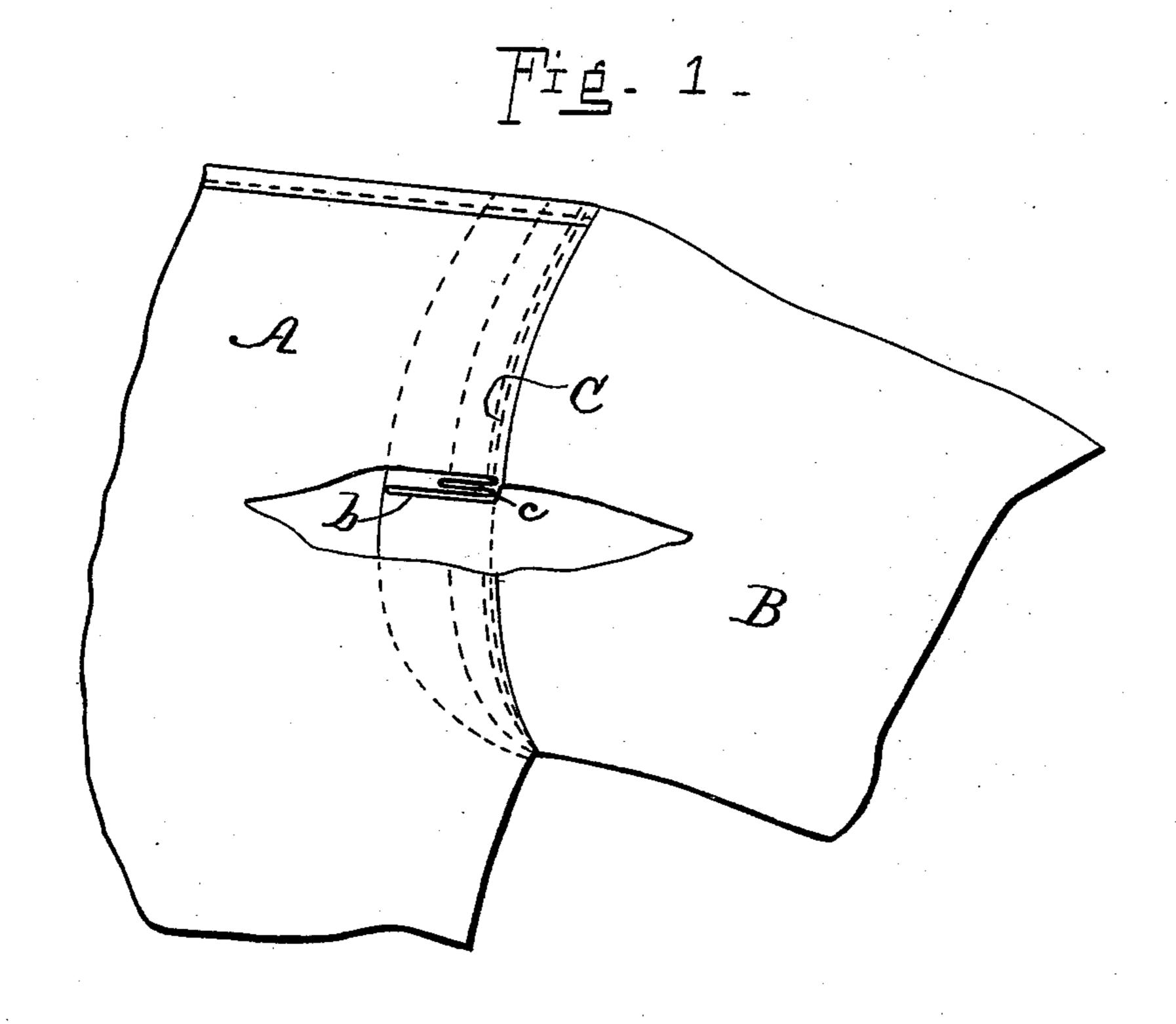
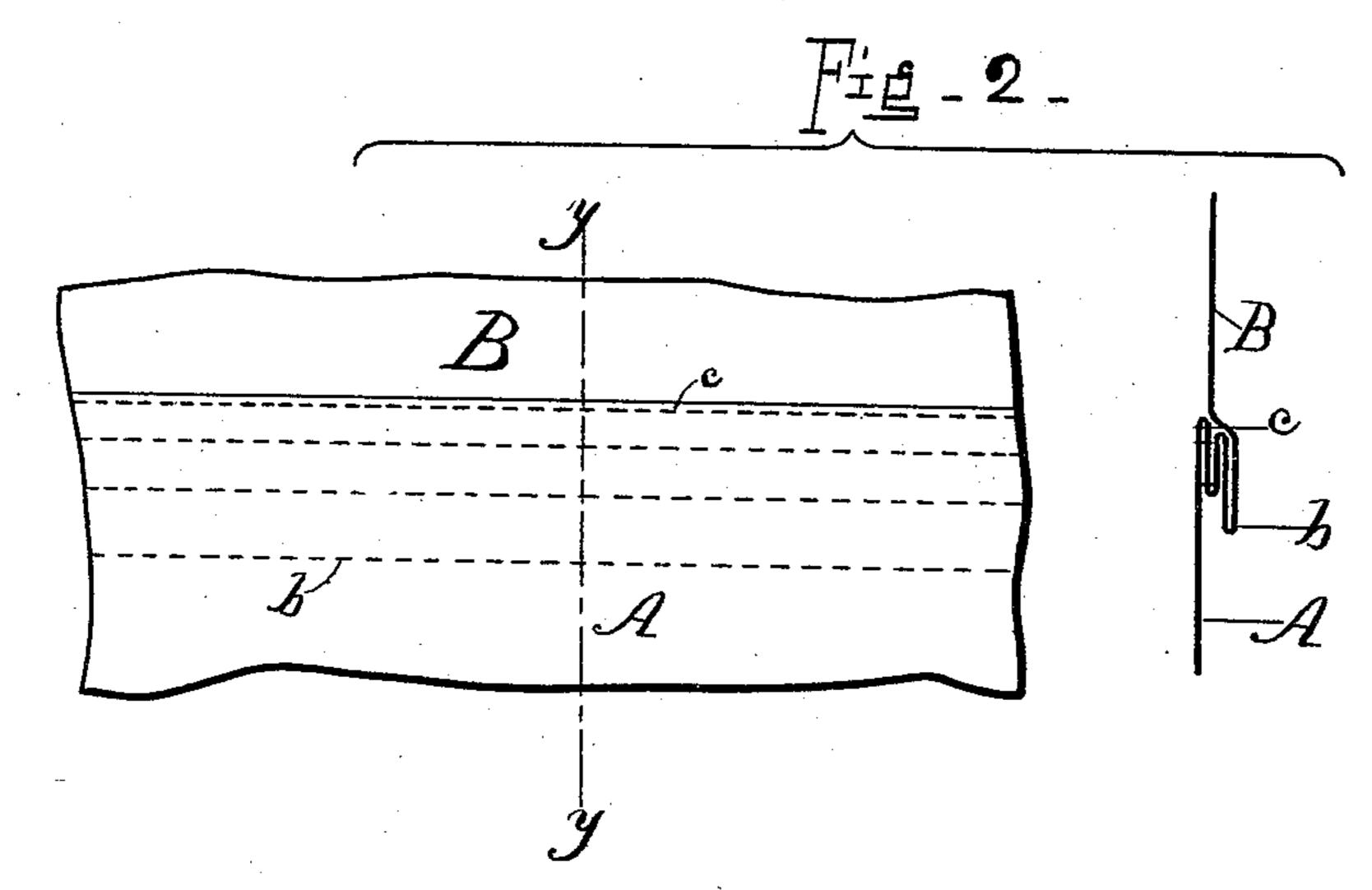
(No Model.)

S. MILLER. SHIRT.

No. 444,525.

Patented Jan. 13, 1891.





Witnesses.

Jamb. Hacobson

Invento 2

By Lewis Abraham
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United States Patent Office.

SIMON MILLER, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

SHIRT.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 444,525, dated January 13, 1891.

Application filed September 20, 1888. Serial No. 285,940. (No model)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, SIMON MILLER, a citizen of the United States, residing at the city of Philadelphia, in the county of Philadelphia 5 and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and original Improvement in Shirts, of which the following is a specification.

My improvement relates to the provision of means whereby the sleeves of shirts, after 10 the garment has been completed, may be

lengthened.

In furtherance of my object my improvement consists in a double return or fold at the upper end of the sleeves, which fold is 15 turned upwardly and flatly underneath that portion of the body of the garment which when completed will be in juxtaposition with the upper end of the sleeve, and which fold is kept entirely concealed from view when 20 kept intact, but is adapted to be unfolded by rupture or removal of stitching that confines it in place upwardly under the shoulder-section of the shirt, whereby the sleeve can be drawn downwardly and lengthened 25 to the extent of the unfolded return, all as hereinafter fully described, illustrated in the drawings, and specifically pointed out in the claim.

In practicing my invention I provide one 30 or more returns of the fabric of which the sleeve is composed at the upper end thereof, which will be at that location which in the completed garment will be adjacent to and connected with the armhole, and after said 35 fold is completed it is returned upwardly toward the shoulder-section, under which it is flatly concealed and thereat thereto connected by stitching that can be removed or broken away without rupturing any of the connec-40 tions proper of the garment.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, wherein like letters of reference point out similar parts on each figure, Figure 1 represents a portion of a shirt and part of a sleeve 45 attached thereto in accordance with my invention, parts being broken away. Fig. 2 is an inside view showing spread out flat a portion of the shirt-body and part of a sleeve attached thereto, said figure also showing a sec-

50 tional view on the line y y.

In the drawings, A represents the shirtbody; B, the sleeve; b, tucks or folds; c, rows of stitching.

In new shirts the sleeves frequently fit the 55 wearer; but after washing them, through !

shrinkage, the sleeves become too short and the garment cannot again be worn with comfort unless new sleeves are put in or the old

ones are taken out and altered.

In the manufacture of shirts in large quan- 60 tities they are cut and made to suit certain sizes in neck and chest; but men who are of the same size in neck and chest often vary greatly in the length of their arms. Therefore shirts suitable in general conformation 65 are frequently deficient in respect to the length of the sleeve. To overcome this defect has been the special object of my improvement, which will be readily understood by reference to the drawings. Before the 70 sleeve is attached to the armhole a portion thereof is folded up to form a fold b. Said fold may be doubly returned upon itself, so as to compose compound folds, as seen in detail in Fig. 2. The sleeve is then connected 75 to the shirt-body at the armhole in the usual manner, and the folded portion, whether of two or more laminæ, is returned upwardly and laid smoothly against the under surface of the shoulder-section, and is thereto thereat 80 connected, held in position, and concealed from view by means of independent stitching c, that is carried completely around that portion of the body A close to the armhole. It is manifest that when the stitching c is re- 85moved the sleeve will be lengthened to the extent of the folds or returns thereby released, and without rupturing any of the connections proper that join the sleeve to the shirt-body.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent of the United States, is—

A shirt having a portion of the upper end of each sleeve returned upon itself, which return 95 is then turned upwardly and laid flatly against the under surface of the shoulder-section of the garment, whereat, concealed from view, it is connected thereto by a continuous line of stitching, whereby when said stitching is too broken away the sleeves will be lengthened to the extent of the unfolded return, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

SIMON MILLER.

Witnesses: ISRAEL HECHT,

EMANUEL FURTH.