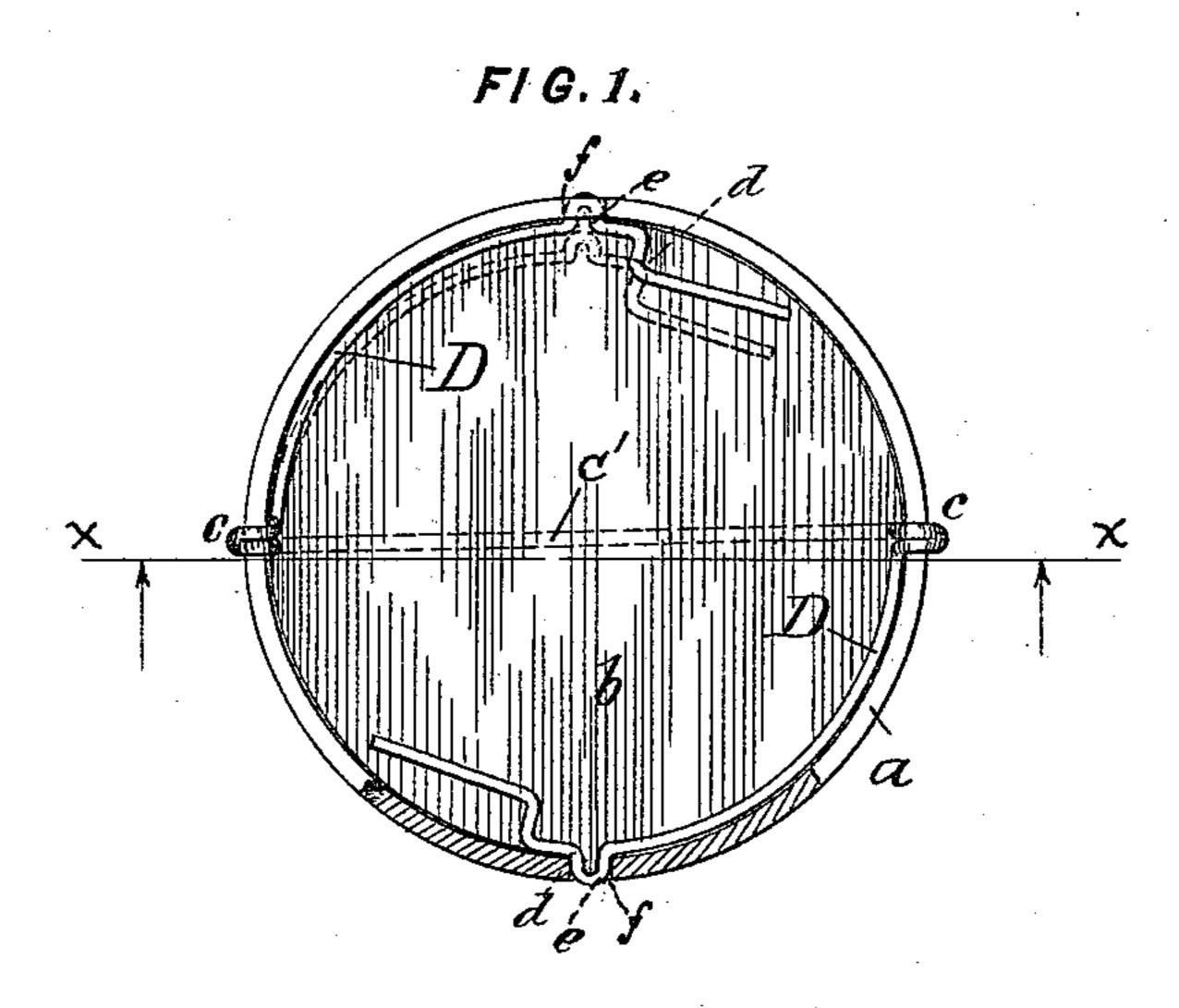
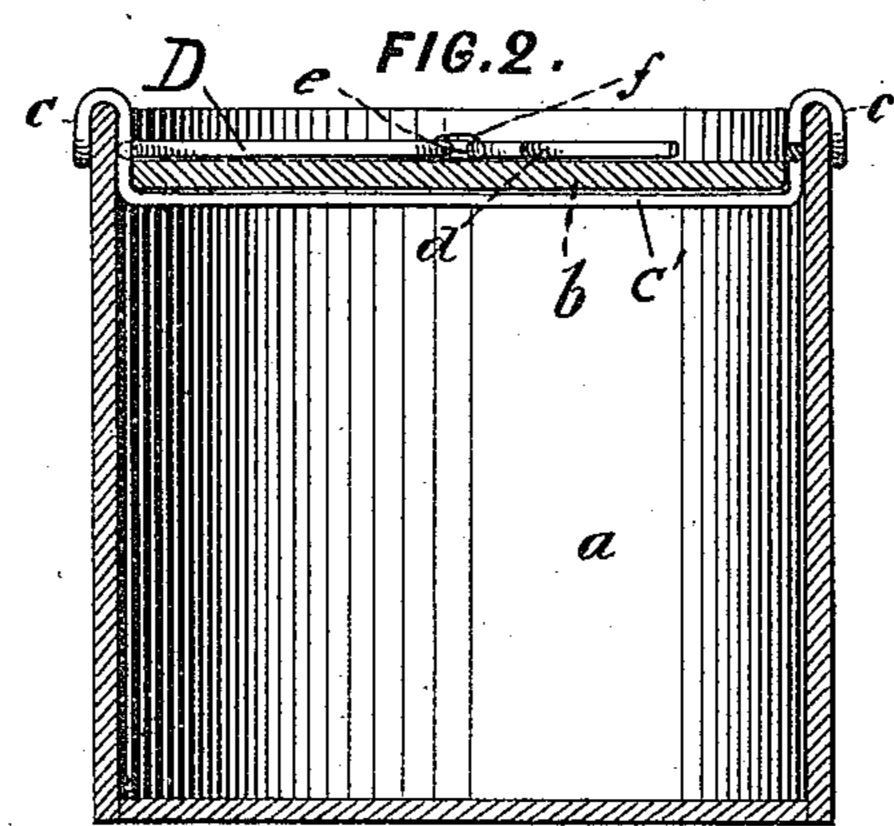
(No Model.)

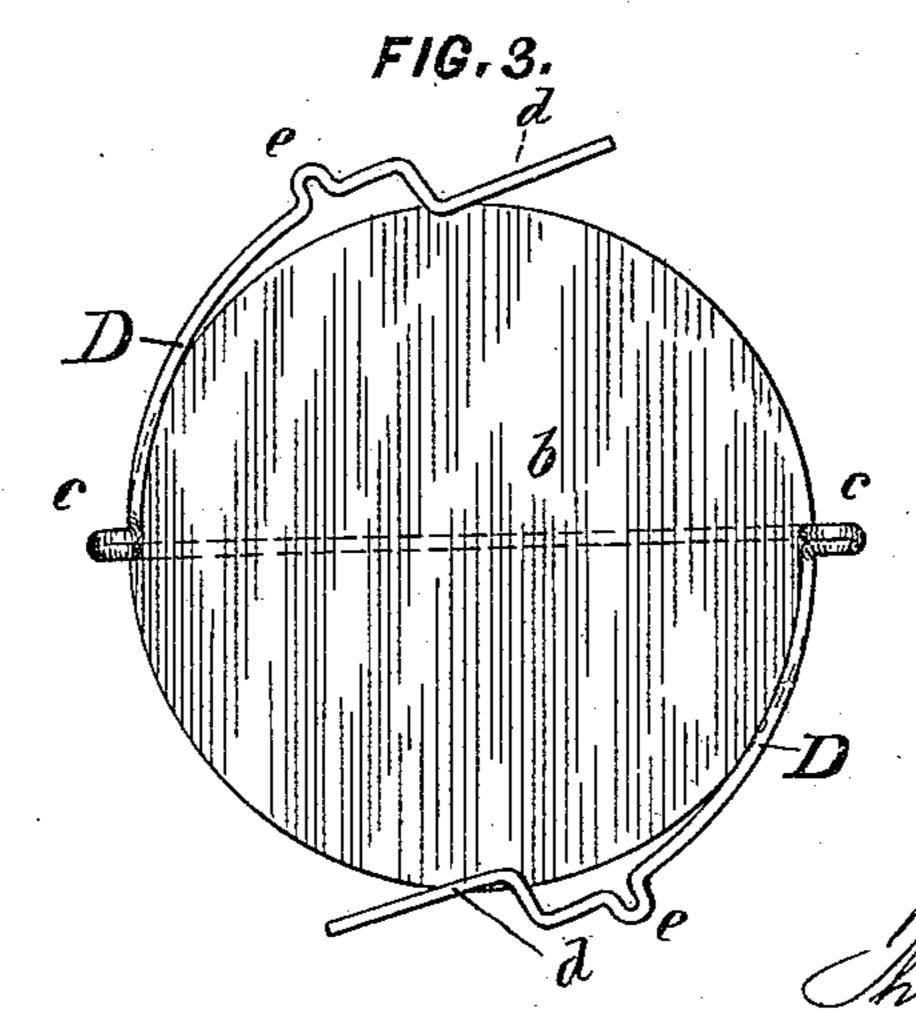
T. J. SODEN. FASTENING FOR MAILING BOXES.

No. 442,758.

Patented Dec. 16. 1890.







INVENTOR

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FASTENING FOR MAILING-BOXES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 442,758, dated December 16, 1890.

Application filed November 8, 1889. Serial No. 329,674. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Thomas J. Soden, of the city of Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Locks for Boxes; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification.

This invention relates to an improvement in the means for detachably securing the cover to a box, the object being to furnish a box in which light, select, fragile, or similar articles may be safely transported through the mails or by the common carrier, the cover being fastened in such manner that if inspection of the contents of the box is desired it may be easily taken off and put back on the box and resecured thereto. This will permit of rapid and easy examination of the contents by postmasters.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a plan view of the box and cover, with a portion broken away to show more clearly the locking in of the parts. Fig. 2 shows a vertical central section thereof, taken on the line x x of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a view of the cover removed and its locking device.

a is the body of the box.

b is the cover. To this cover I attach at opposite sides two hooks cc, formed in the present instance out of a wire having its body at c' running underneath the cover, bent upward and outward at the edges. These hooks 35 engage with the upper edge of the body of the box. One of the wires of each of these hooks is continued some distance around the edge of the cover, so as to form spring-arms D D, which have spring-pressure in an out-40 ward direction. At e e on these arms there are formed loops by crimping in the wire. These loops e e and the spring-arms D D form a lock which serves to retain the cover rigidly in the box by the loops e e taking into holes or recesses ff, made in the body of the box at opposite sides and a short distance below its top edge. The pressure outwardly of this spring-locking device serves to retain the parts in a locked position when the cover is 50 in its place. The springing of the wires D e

De in an outward direction is seen in Fig. 3—namely, the position such locking-wires assume when the cover is removed from the box.

The outer ends of the arms D, it will be observed, are bent inward from the wall of the 55 box to form catches d, by means of which the fingers can more conveniently get hold of the arms to withdraw the loops from their bearings in the wall of the box.

The operation of the device is as follows: 60 The cover is inserted in the opening of the box, with the hooks c c resting on the top edge, and the projections ee in the lockingwires D D immediately opposite the holes ff in the wall of the box. The projections e e 65 are then sprung into the holes ff, which locking in of the parts firmly retains the cover in the box. When it is desired to remove the cover, with the aid of the finger pressing inwardly on the end of the locking-wire D one 70. of the projections e is withdrawn from its hole in the wall of the box. Then by grasping with the fingers and pulling upward the hooks c c the cover can be readily withdrawn from the box. These hooked ends c c I prefer to 75 construct all in one piece, as shown in the drawings, by passing the wire underneath the cover, as at c'. They may, however, be attached to the cover in any other convenient way, the essential feature of this part of the 80 lock being that they shall embrace snugly the upper edge of the body of the box.

It is obvious that my improved spring mechanism can be arranged to engage the inner surface of the walls of a square box 85 equally as well as it does the box shown in the drawings, the spring-locking wires De De being made so as to conform to straight and angled instead of rounding sides.

I claim--

1. As a fastener for a box-cover, the arms looped at one end to engage the edge of the box and secured at such end to the cover, and having at their opposite extremities the outwardly-bent loops to engage the wall of the 95 box, substantially as described.

2. As a fastening for a box-cover, the combination of the hooks c, constructed to engage the edge of the box and connected by suitable means, each hook provided with the ex-

tended arms D and having the outwardlybent loops e to engage the wall of the box,

substantially as described.

3. The fastening for a box-cover, comprising the body c', which engages the cover, the hooks c, fitting over the edge of the box, and the extended spring arms D, having the projections e, engaging the wall of said box, substantially as described.

4. A fastener for a box-cover, having the hooks c, engaging the edge of the box, and extended spring-arms D, having outwardly-bent loops e to engage the wall of said box, and inwardly-bent ends d, forming finger-

15 catches, substantially as described.

5. The combination, with a box and its cover, of the supporting-wire having its body c' attached to the cover, the hooks c, engag-

ing the wall of the box, and the spring-arms D, having the outwardly-bent loops e, enter- 20 ing holes f in said wall, substantially as described.

6. The combination, with a box and its cover, of the improved fastening described, consisting of a single wire bent to form the 25 body, extending under the cover, thence bent upward and outward to form hooks extending over the wall of the box, thence bent to form spring-arms lying on the cover and against the wall of the box, and outwardly-projecting 30 loops engaging holes in said wall, all substantially as described.

THOMAS J. SODEN.

Witnesses:

A. M. Todd, J. C. Ward.