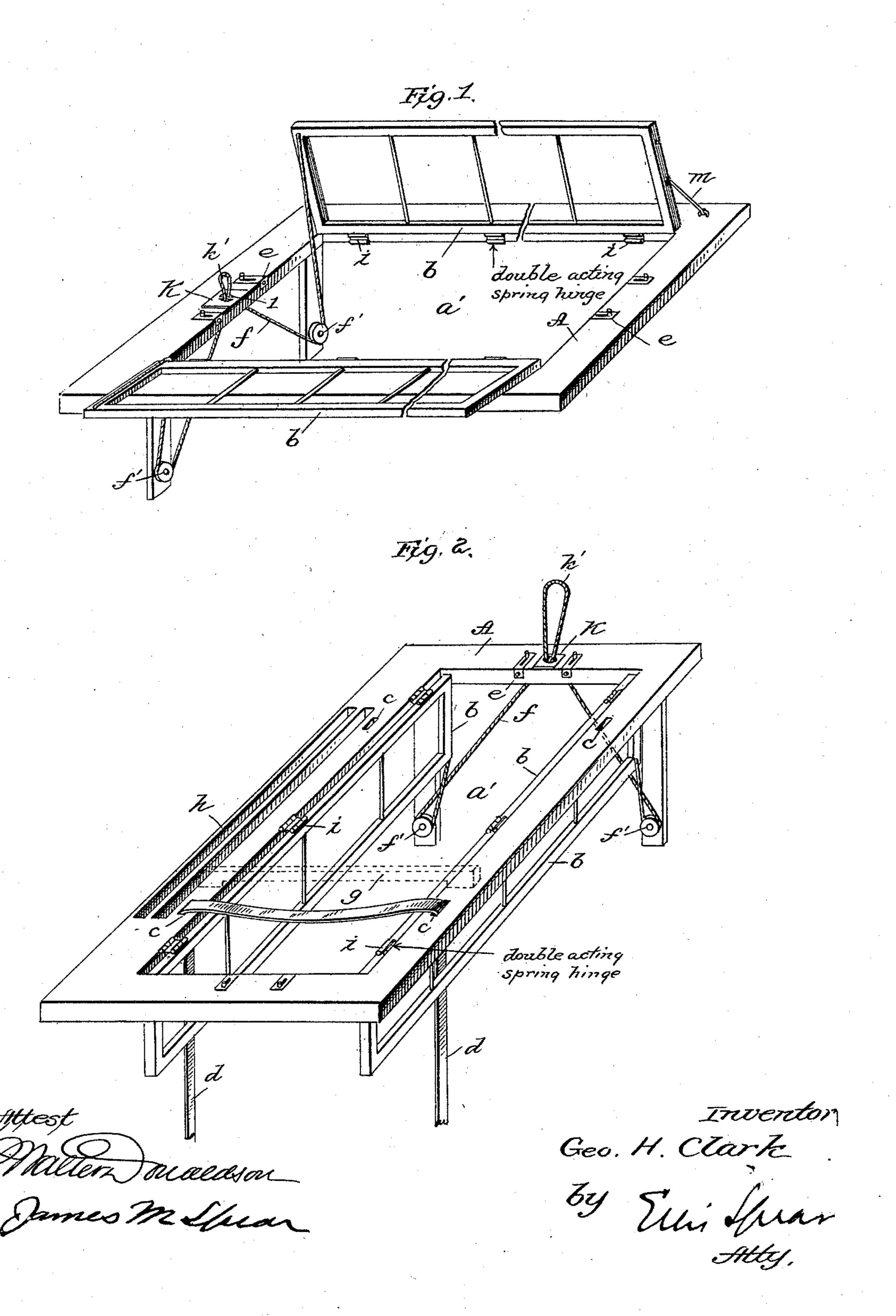
(No Model.)

G. H. CLARK.
BURIAL APPARATUS.

No. 441,937.

Patented Dec. 2, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE HARVEY CLARK, OF SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA.

BURIAL APPARATUS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 441,937, dated December 2, 1890.

Application filed July 7, 1890. Serial No. 357,969. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, GEORGE HARVEY CLARK, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Sacramento, in the county of Sacramento and State of California, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Burial Apparatus, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to burial apparatus; and it consists of a cover for the grave having hinged doors operating vertically with means for operating them so that they may be held in a horizontal plane to completely conceal the grave-opening prior to the lowering of the coffin, and may be operated to extend vertically while the coffin is being lowered and the grave is being filled.

The invention includes also the details, as

hereinafter set forth.

represents the cover with the doors in position while the grave is being filled. Fig. 2 is a perspective view representing the position of the covers while the coffin is being lowered.

In the drawings, A represents a rectangular frame adapted to be placed over the graveopening, and having at its opposite inner edges doors b b adapted to close the space a'within the frame. These doors are hung upon 30 double-acting spring-hinges i, so that they can be controlled to assume a horizontal position, or may be swung upwardly or downwardly into a vertical position, the hinge acting normally to hold the doors horizontally. An op-35 erating-rope f has its ends attached to the doors on either side, and passing around sheave f' extends through a plate K on the frame, with its central looped portion k' in convenient position to be operated by hand. 40 A central bar extending across the opening in the plat, as at l, prevents the cord from being displaced and dropping into the grave. The frame is also provided at its inner edges adjacent to the doors with catches e of any 45 ordinary form.

c c represent slots through which the lowering-bands d pass, and at g is shown in dotted lines supporting-bars upon which the coffin rests over the opening prior to its be-

ing lowered through the cover into the grave. 5° These bars when not in use are held and carried in elongated sockets h formed in the frame.

The use of the apparatus will be obvious, it being placed over the grave-opening and the 55 doors being operated and held in horizontal position by the spring-hinges and catches to form a complete cover and conceal the graveopening prior to the arrival of the body. The coffin is placed upon the transversely- 60 positioned bars g and thus supported above the doors during the burial ceremony, after which the doors are lowered, as in Fig. 2, the bars g are removed, and the coffin is deposited in the grave by the lowering-straps d. Dur- 65 ing the filling of the grave the doors are positioned, as in Fig. 1, one of them being elevated to screen the opening, and the other being thrown back to allow the workman to throw in the earth. A small hook m may be 70 used to retain the door in its elevated position.

While I prefer to use two doors, as shown, one may be used of larger size, if desired, it being essential, however, that it behung with double-acting hinges, and that the various 75 operating devices be employed in connection therewith when the grave is to be filled with dirt. For graves not to be filled, and when family and relatives retire at the conclusion of the religious or other ceremony, straphinges may be used that allow the door or doors to open into the grave, but not to open above the grave. Doors may be attached to the inside of the frame on the sides or on the ends, and one or more doors may be used.

While I have wire frames made to fit the doors to be filled with flowers or evergreens, panel-doors may be used and answer the same purpose.

When strap-hinges are used, they are 9° screwed on the under side of the door or doors. The joint of the hinge is placed a convenient distance from the inside of the bottom of the frame, so when the doors are open the doors will swing back to such distance, leaving the 95 aperture clear.

In using the grave-concealer with straphinges the posts used with double-acting hinges are unnecessary, as the doors are carried back to such a distance that the aperture is clear.

I claim as my invention—

5 - 1. In combination with the open frame of a burial apparatus, a door hinged thereto and movable vertically both above and below the frame, and operating means for the same, substantially as described.

2. In combination, the frame, the two doors under spring-tension to keep them in horizontal position, the lowering-rope attached at each end to one of the doors and having its central looped portion extending up through the frame and around sheaves f f, substan-

tially as described.

3. In combination, the rectangular frame, the hinged door, with means for operating the same, said frame having slots c c, and the lowering-band d, all substantially as described. 20

4. In combination, the frame having the hinged door, with means for operating the same, the bars g, and the sockets h for holding said bars, substantially as described

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in 25 presence of two witnesses.

GEORGE HARVEY CLARK.

Witnesses:
ROBT. T. DEVLIN,
WM. H. DEVLIN.