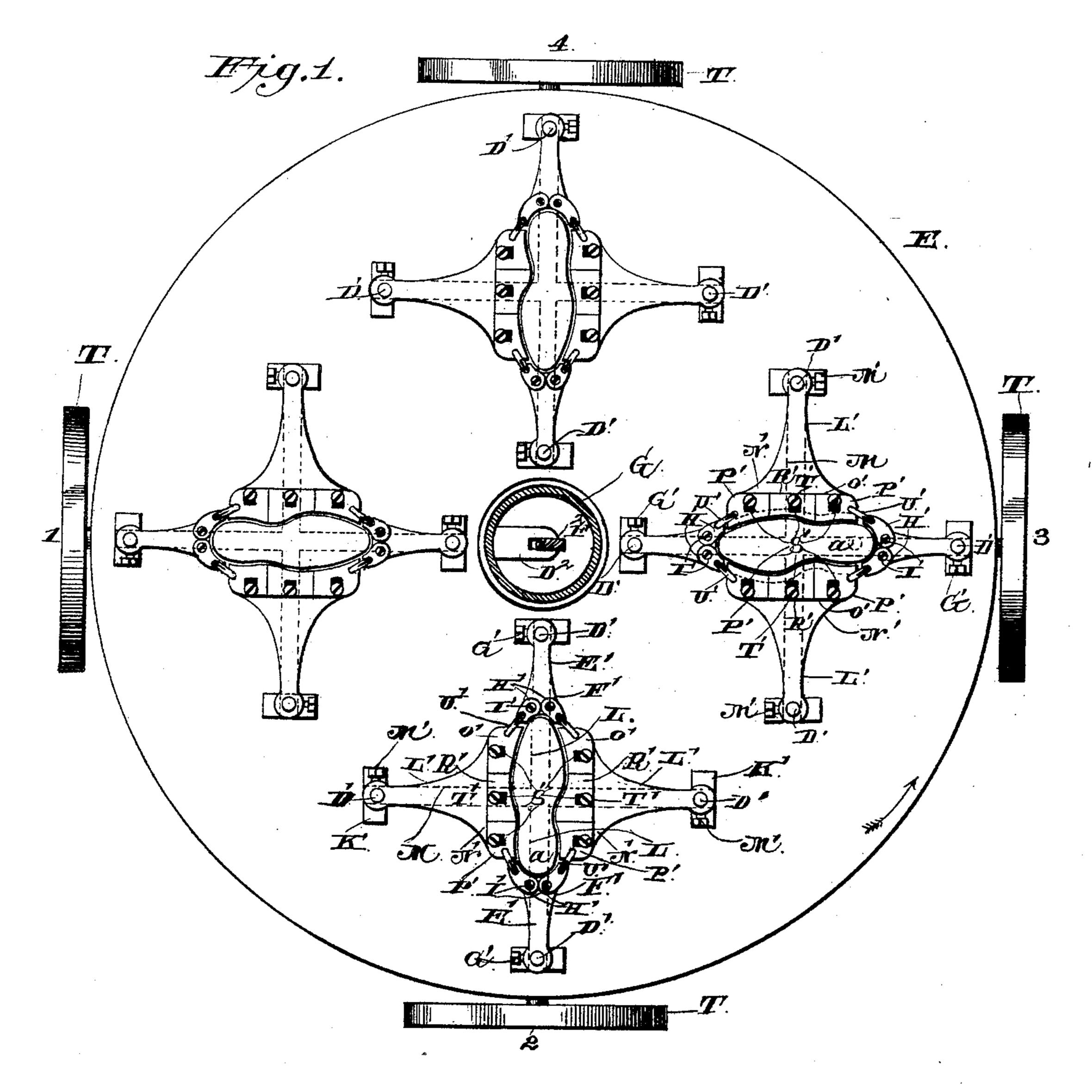
LASTING MACHINE.

No. 435,888.

Patented Sept. 2, 1890.



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Solomion B. Fillithorp

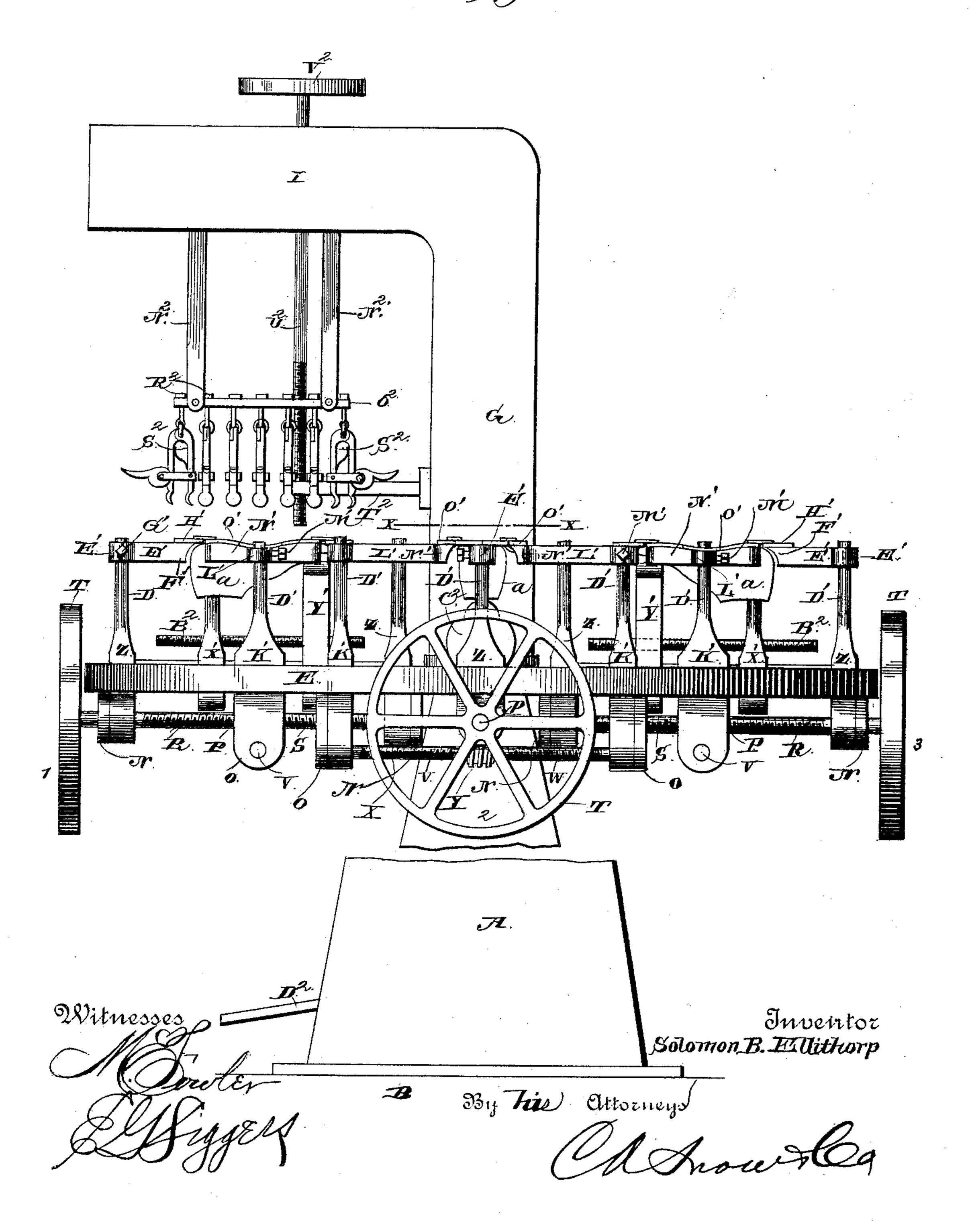
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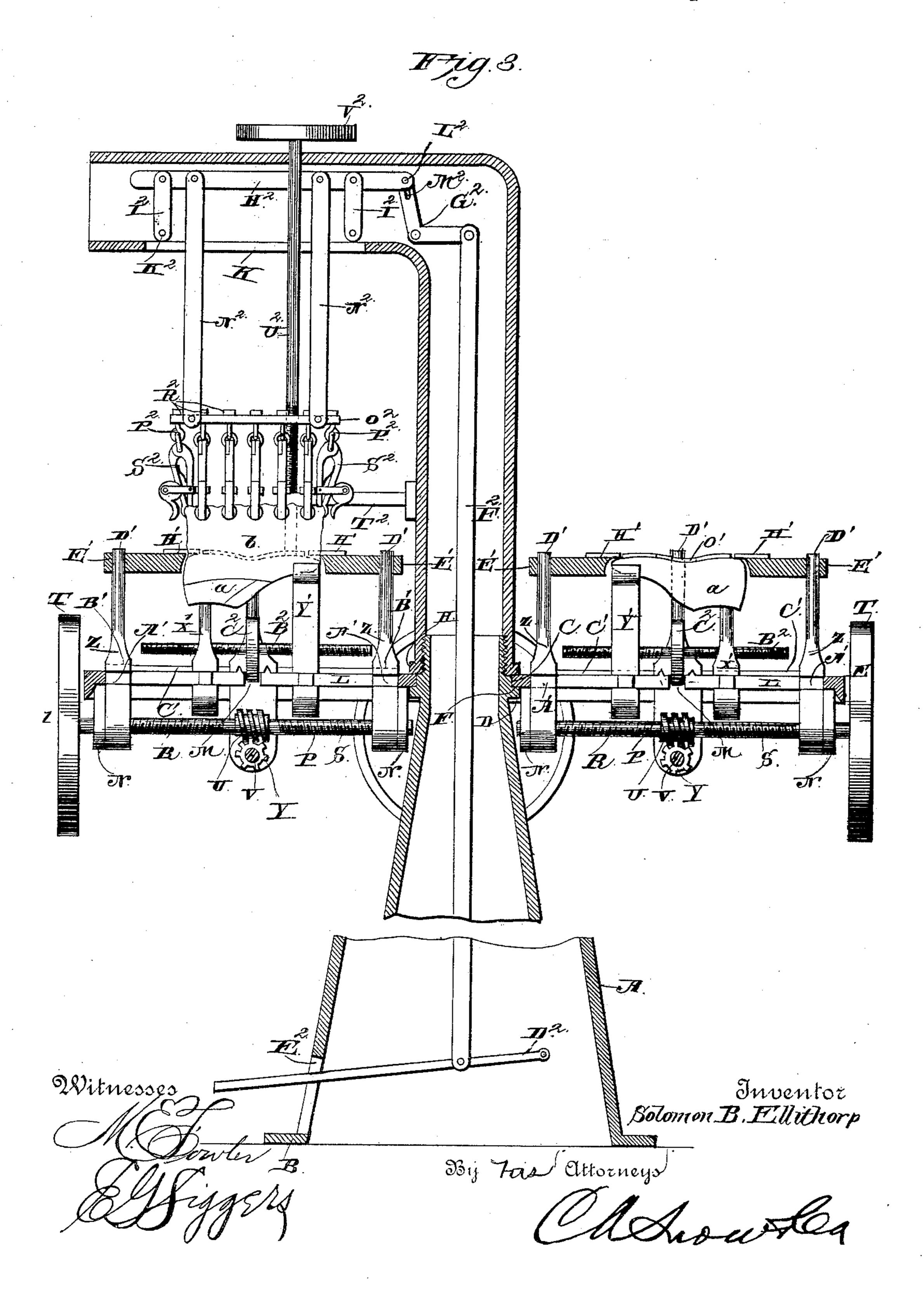
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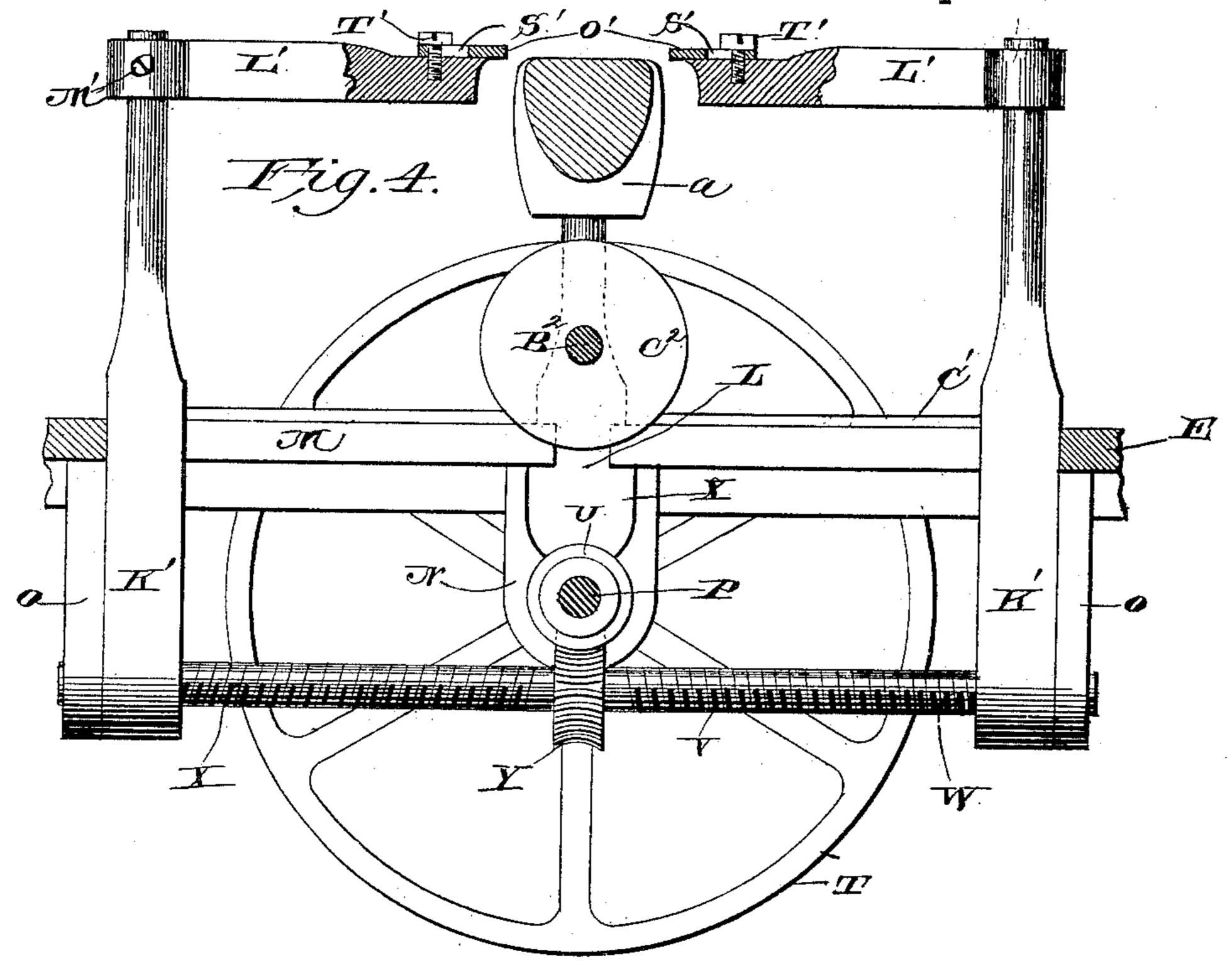
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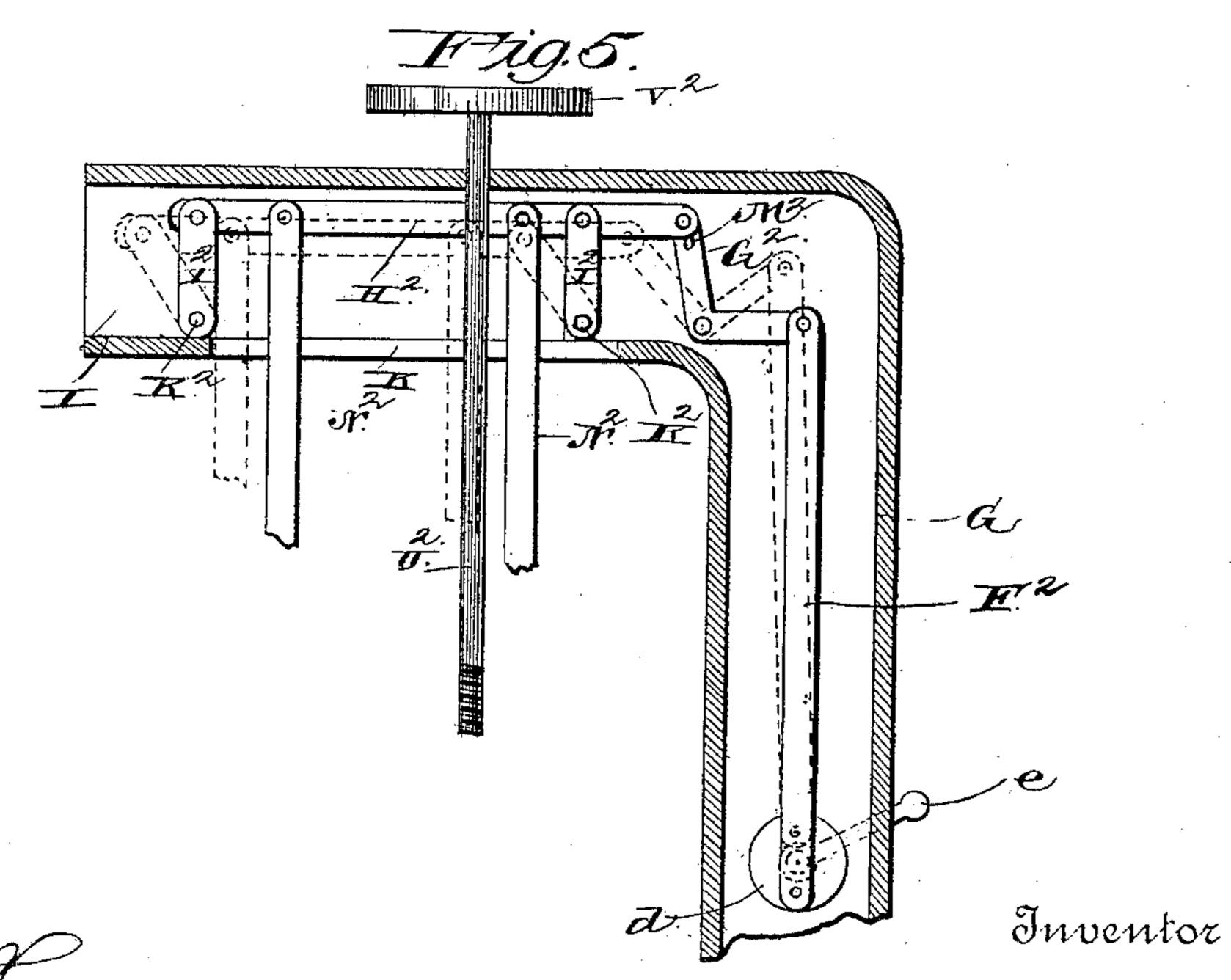


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Witnesses

Solomon B. Ellithorp

By Tris Attorneys

(No Model.)

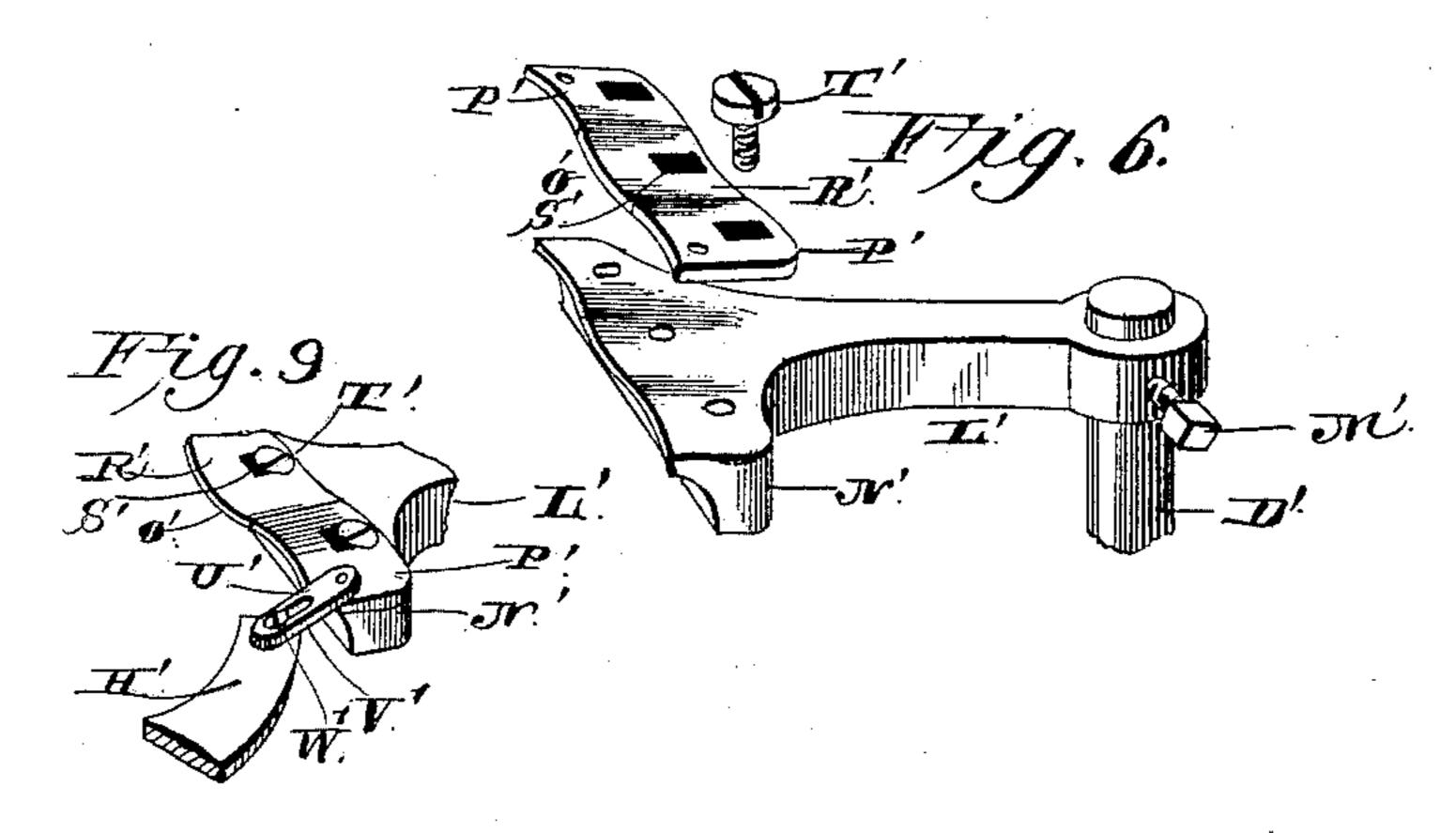
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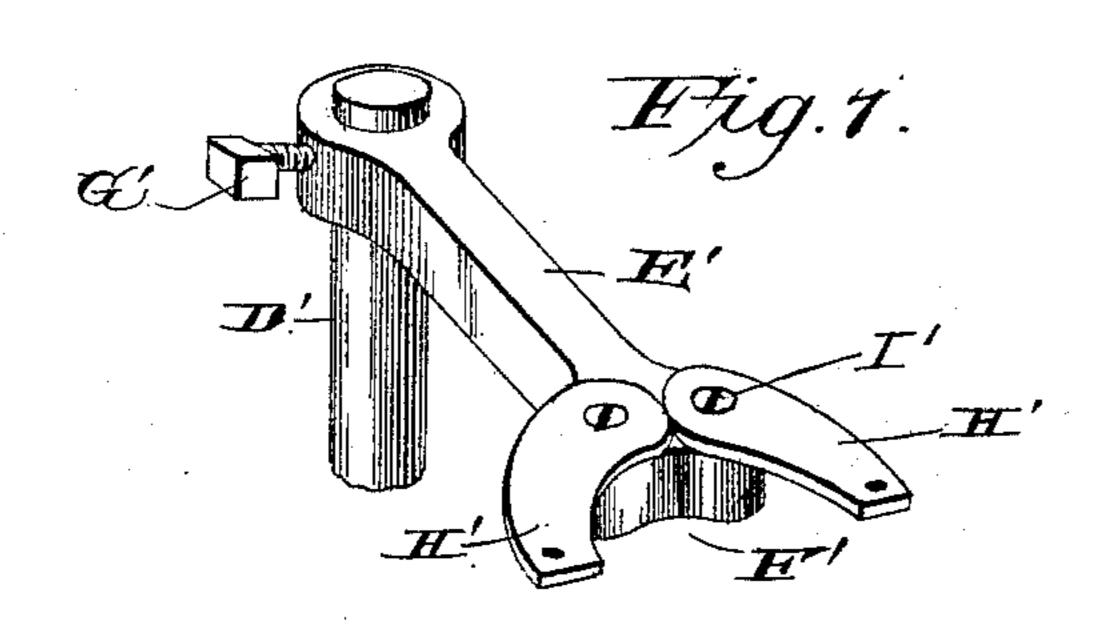
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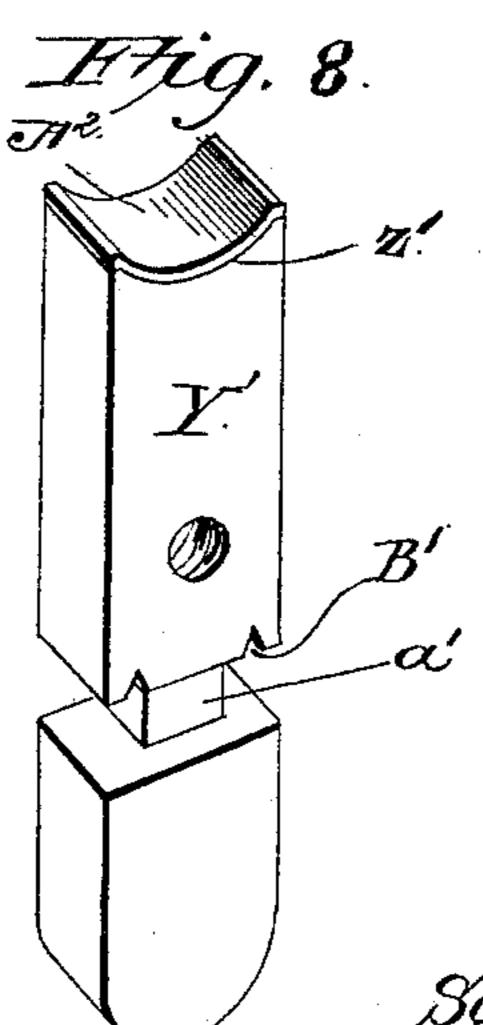
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Inventor

Solomon B. Ellithorp

By Tue attorneys

HE NORRIG PETERS CO., PHOTO-LITHO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

SOLOMON B. ELLITHORP, OF WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, AS-SIGNOR TO THE ELLITHORP MANUFACTURING COMPANY, OF PROVI-DENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

LASTING-MACHINE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 435,888, dated September 2, 1890.

Application filed September 11, 1888. Serial No. 285,128. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I. Solomon B. Ellithorp, a citizen of the United States, residing at Washington, District of Columbia, have in-5 vented a new and useful Improvement in Lasting-Machines, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to an improvement in lasting-machines; and it consists in the pe-10 culiar construction and combination of devices, that will be more fully set forth hereinafter, and particularly pointed out in the claims.

The object of my invention is to provide a 15 cheap, simple, and compact machine by means of which shoes may be lasted with great ra-

pidity and accuracy.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure is partly a top plan view and partly a sectional 20 view on the line xx of Fig. 2. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of my improved lasting-machine. Fig. 3 is a vertical sectional view of the same. Fig. 4 is a detail vertical sectional view. Fig. 5 is a detail vertical sectional view illustrat-25 ing a modified form of my invention. Fig. 6 is a detail perspective view of one of the side gatherers and the supporting-arm therefor. Fig. 7 is a similar view of one pair of toe or heel gatherers and their supporting-arm. Fig. 30 8 is a similar view of one of the last-supports. Fig. 9 is a detail perspective view of one section of one of the side gatherers, one of the toe or heel gatherers, and the adjusting-link connecting the same.

A represents a tapered standard or pedestal, which is provided at its lower end with a base-plate B, that is adapted to be screwed or bolted to the floor. The upper end of the pedestal is screw-threaded, has an annular 40 groove C, and below the said groove is a

flange D.

E represents a circular table, which is provided with a central circular opening F, of just sufficient diameter to clear the upper end 45 of the pedestal and enable the table to bear upon and be supported by the flange D, whereby the table is pivoted on the pedestal and is adapted to revolve around the same.

G represents a vertical tubular standard, 50 which has its lower end screwed to the upper

end of the pedestal and provided with a flange H, that bears on the upper side of the table and retains the latter in the groove C. The upper end of the said standard has a horizontal tubular arm I, which projects from one 55 side thereof, and in the lower side of said arm is a slot K of suitable length.

The table E is provided with radial vertical slots L of suitable length, which are arranged at ninety degrees apart. Intersecting 60 the center of each slot L is a slot M, which is arranged at right angles thereto. From the table, at the ends of each slot L, depends a pair of ears or brackets N, and depending from the ends of the slots M are similar brack- 65 ets or ears O.

Prepresents the shafts, which are journaled in the ears or brackets N, are provided with right and left hand screws R S, and each of the said shafts has at its outer end a hand- 70 wheel T, and is provided at its center with a worm U.

V represents shafts, which are journaled in the ears or brackets O. Each shaft V has right and left hand screw-threads W X at op- 75 posite ends, and is provided at its center with a worm-wheel Y, which engages the worm U of its companion shaft.

Z represents pairs of standards, which work in the slots L, one pair of said standards be- 80 ing in each slot, and have near their lower ends threaded openings, which are engaged by the right and left hand screw-threads of the shaft P. Each standard Z has a reduced neck portion A', which fits in the slot L, and 85 has a pair of inverted-V-shaped transverse grooves B', which engage similarly-shaped guide-flanges C', with which the table is provided, and which are arranged on opposite sides of and parallel with the slots L. The 90 upper ends of the standards Z are reduced to form vertical spindles D'.

E' represents arms, which have openings in their outer ends to receive the spindles D', and have their inner ends enlarged to form 95 heads F'. Set-screws G' engage threaded openings in the outer ends of said arms and are adapted to impinge on the spindles D'in order to clamp the arms E' to the standards at any desired vertical adjustment.

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H'represents curved toe and heel gatherers of the shape shown in Fig. 8, or of any other suitable shape, and one pair of said gatherers is pivoted on the head F' of each arm E' by a

5 pair of screws I'.

K'represents standards, which are arranged in the slots M, and are similar in construction to the standard B', and have threaded openings near their lower ends, which are engaged 10 by the right and left hand screw-threads of the shafts V, whereby the said standards may be moved toward or from each other by rotating said shafts V. On the spindles at the upper ends of the standards K' are secured 15 horizontal inwardly-extending arms L', which are similar to the arms E', and are provided with set-screws M', by means of which they may be adjusted vertically on their supporting-standards. The inner ends of the arms 20 L' are widened to form heads N', which correspond in shape with the sides of the last and have their upper sides waved or curved, as shown in Fig. 6. Each head is further provided with vertical threaded openings near

25 its ends and at its center. O' represents side gathering-plates, which are adapted to fit snugly on the upper sides of the heads N', and are each formed of two end sections P' and a central section R'. The 30 said sections are each provided with an opening S', and set-screws T' pass through the said openings and engage threaded openings in the heads N', and thereby secure the gathering-plates on the said heads and adapt 35 said gathering-plates to be adjusted laterally and longitudinally, and thereby enable them to be contracted or extended to conform to a last of any size, thus rendering the gatheringplates serviceable with lasts of varying sizes. 40 Each section P' has its outer corner pivotally connected to a link U', the latter being provided with a longitudinal slot V'. The said slotted portion of the link bears upon the outer end of the adjacent toe or heel gatherer, 15 and is secured thereto by means of a setscrew W', which extends through the slot and engages a threaded opening in said toe or heel gatherer. By this means the toe and heel gatherers are connected to the side gath-50 erers, so that the entire set of gatherers is adapted to work in unison and to be forced

It will be understood from the foregoing that when one of said hand-wheels is rotated it turns the shaft P and causes the standards Z to approach or recede from each other, ac-60 cording to the direction in which the wheel is turned, and that the worm-gear which connects each shaft P to its companion shaft V causes the screw-threads of said shaft V to move the standards K' simultaneously toward 65 or from each other.

against all sides of the last with equal press-

ure, when the standards K' and Z are caused

to approach a common center by rotating one

55 of the hand-wheels T.

In each slot L is fitted a heel-support X' and a toe-support Y' for the last. Said heel I

and toe supports are similar in construction to the standards Z and K'. Each heel-support has a spindle at its upper end adapted to fit 70 in a socket in the heel of the last a, and each toe-support has its upper end concaved, as at Z', and covered with a cushion A², of soft leather, felt, or other suitable material.

B² represents two right and left hand thread-75 ed shafts, which engage threaded openings in the last-supports and connect the same together in pairs, as sbown. At the center of each shaft B² is a hand-wheel C², by means of which the said shaft may be turned in 80 order to adjust the toe and heel supports toward or from each other, according to the length of the last which they are designed to

support.

From the foregoing description and by ref- 85 erence to the accompanying drawings it will be understood that the circular revoluble table is provided with four sets of last-supports and gathering-standards, and that each set of said gathering-standards is provided 90 with geared right and left hand threaded shafts and a hand-wheel, whereby they may be operated independently of the others, thus in effect providing the table with four complete and independent mechanisms for sup- 95 porting the lasts and applying the gatherers thereto.

I will now proceed to describe the mechanism by means of which the upper is stretched on the last.

Near the base of the pedestal is fulcrumed a pedal-lever D2, one end of which projects through a vertical opening E² in one side of

the pedestal.

F² represents a vertically-movable rod, 105 which extends through the pedestal and through the vertical standard G, and has its lower end pivotally connected to the pedallever. A bell-crank lever G² is fulcrumed in the hollow arm I at its junction with the rro standard G, and one arm of the said bellcrank lever is pivotally connected to the upper end of the rod F^2 .

H² represents a horizontal bar, which is arranged in the hollow arm I, and is sup- 115 ported by a pair of links I². The upper ends of said links are pivoted to said bar, and the lower ends of said links are pivoted on pins or bolts K2, that extend transversely across the lower side of the arm I. The inner end 120 of the bar H² is pivoted to the bell-crank lever G² by a bolt or pin L², which engages a slot M² in said bell-crank lever.

N² represents two pairs of link-rods, which have their upper ends pivotally connected on 125 opposite sides of the bar H2, and have their lower ends pivoted to opposite sides of a horizontally-disposed templet O² near the ends thereof, as shown. The said templet is provided with radial slots, in which are inserted 130 depending eyebolts P². Adjusting-nuts R² are screwed to the upper ends of said bolts and bear upon the upper side of the templet.

S² represents a series of clutches of suit-

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able construction, which are suspended from the bolts P^2 , and are adapted to grip the edges of the shoe-upper b, as shown in Fig. 3. The said clutches form the subject-mat-5 ter of another pending application for Letters Patent of the United States, (Serial No. 285,127,) filed by me this day, and therefore do not need to be more particularly described

in this specification.

T² represents a horizontal arm, which is secured to the standard G and projects from one side thereof, and is arranged directly below and in line with the center of the horizontal arm I. A shaft U² has its upper end 15 guided in an opening in the upper side of the arm I and has its lower end threaded and passed through a threaded opening in the arm T². To the upper end of said shaft is secured a hand-wheel V², by means of which 20 it may be rotated, and thereby caused to move upward or to descend. The function of this screw-shaft is to bear upon the ball of the last, and thereby maintain the same firmly in position on the last-supports, as shown in Fig. 3.

The operation of my invention is as follows: When the upper has been placed on the last, the latter is arranged on the last-supports, the operator causes the pedal-lever to be raised and elevate the rod F², and thereby 30 cause the bell-crank lever to move the bar H² outward. The links I² are thereby caused to turn to an inclined position, and consequently cause the bar H² to be lowered, and the link-rods N² suspended from the said bar 35 are thereby caused to lower the templet sufficiently to enable the clutches to be engaged or attached to the edges of the upper. The screw-shaft U² is then turned down and caused to bear lightly on the ball of the last to pre-10 vent the latter from rising from its supports, and the operator then depresses the pedallever and causes the rod F² to descend and the bell-crank lever G² to partly rotate and draw the bar H² inward. The links I² as 45 they approach a vertical position elevate the bar H², and consequently cause the templet to move upward, with the result that the clutches attached to the upper stretch the latter smoothly and firmly on the last. The oper-50 ator then before releasing the pedal turns the hand-wheel T and causes the worm-gears and right and left hand threaded shafts to move the standards Z and K' inward toward a common center, and thereby compress the side 55 and toe and heel gathering plates over the bottom of the last and gather the leather of the upper smoothly and firmly thereon and over the insole, which has been previously placed on the last. The pedal is then re-60 leased to relax the tension on the templet, the clutches are disengaged from the upper, the screw U² released from the last, and the table moved to the right to a quarter-revolution and caused to carry the lasted shoe to

.65 another operator, who tacks the same. After

ter-revolution to another operative, who takes off the lasted shoe from the machine.

By reference to Fig. 1 the positions of the persons who operate the machine will be read- 70 ily understood. The person stationed at the point 1 applies the last to the machine. The person stationed at the point 2 lasts the shoe by applying the gatherers and operating the templet, as before described. The person sta-75 tioned at the point 3 tacks the upper to the insole of the lasted shoe, and the person stationed at the point 4 removes the shoe from the machine. Thus four shoes are continuously operated upon when the machine is 80 running at its full capacity, and hence the machine is adapted to last a great number of shoes in a comparatively short time.

It will be understood that skilled workmen need not be employed in lasting shoes when 85 this machine is used, as the work may be per-

formed very readily by boys or girls.

In Fig. 5 I illustrate a modified form of my invention, in which the pedal-lever is dispensed with and a crank-shaft d is journaled 90 in the standard G and connected to the rod \mathbf{F}^2 . This crank-shaft has a crank-handle e, by means of which it may be very readily operated.

Having thus described my invention, I 95

claim—

1. In a lasting-machine, the combination of the tubular standard having a laterally-extending hollow arm provided with a slot in its under side, the revoluble table mounted 100 upon said standard and having independent sets of gathering mechanisms, the templet suspended from a vertically-adjustable bar mounted upon links within the hollow arm extending from the tubular standard, an op- 105 erating-rod extending vertically through the latter, a bell-crank lever connecting said operating-rod with the vertically-adjustable bar carrying the templet, and a treadle connected with the lower end of the operating-rod, sub- 110 stantially as set forth.

2. The combination of the tubular standard having the laterally-extending hollow arm, the vertically-adjustable bar mounted upon links within the latter, the templet sus- 115 pended from said vertically-adjustable bar, operating mechanism to adjust the latter, the table mounted revolubly upon the standard and having the series of intersecting slots, the standards mounted slidingly in the said slots 120 and carrying independent sets of gathering mechanisms, and operating mechanism, substantially as set forth.

3. The combination of the tubular standard having the laterally-extending hollow arm, 125 the vertically-adjustable bar mounted upon links within the latter, the templet suspended from said bar, the table mounted revolubly upon the standard and carrying the independent sets of gathering mechanisms and the last- 130 supports, a screw-threaded rod extending verthis the table is again moved through a quartically through the hollow arm extending from

the standard and through a female threaded perforation in a bracket extending from said standard and having a hand-wheel at its upper end, and mechanism for adjusting the bar car-5 rying the templet, substantially as set forth.

4. The combination of the table having the slots and the V-shaped flanges C' on the sides of the slots, with the standards arranged in the slots and movable therein, said standards to having the V-shaped grooves B' engaged by the guide, substantially as described.

5. In a lasting-machine, the combination, with the table having the intersecting slots, of the two pairs of standards guided therein, the crossed right and left hand screws engaging the standards and geared together to move said standards simultaneously toward or from each other, the arms secured to the said standards, the toe, heel, and side gatherers secured to the said arms, and the links connecting said heel and toe gatherers to the side gatherers, whereby said toe, heel, and side gatherers may be simultaneously applied to or released from the last, substantially as set forth.

5 6. The combination, with the two pairs of standards or supports or mechanism to move the same simultaneously toward or from each other, of the side gatherers secured to the supports and arranged opposite each other,

the pivoted toe and heel gatherers attached 30 to the intermediate support, and the links connecting said toe and heel gatherers to the proximate corner of the side gatherer, substantially as described.

7. The combination, with the movable sup- 35 port or standard, of the adjustable side gatherers, the pivoted toe and heel gatherers, and the slotted links connecting the latter to the side gatherers, substantially as described.

8. The combination, in a lasting-machine, 40 of the pedestal or support having the arm I, the templet suspended from said arm, mechanism to raise and lower the templet, the screw U², the revoluble table journaled centrally to the pedestal or support, and the interpretable to the pedestal or support, and the interpretable is provided, whereby said sets of mechanisms may be successively arranged under the templet by revolving the table, substantially as described. 50

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own I have hereto affixed my signature in presence of two witnesses.

SOLOMON B. ELLITHORP.

Witnesses:

J. H. SIGGERS, CHARLES W. HANDY.