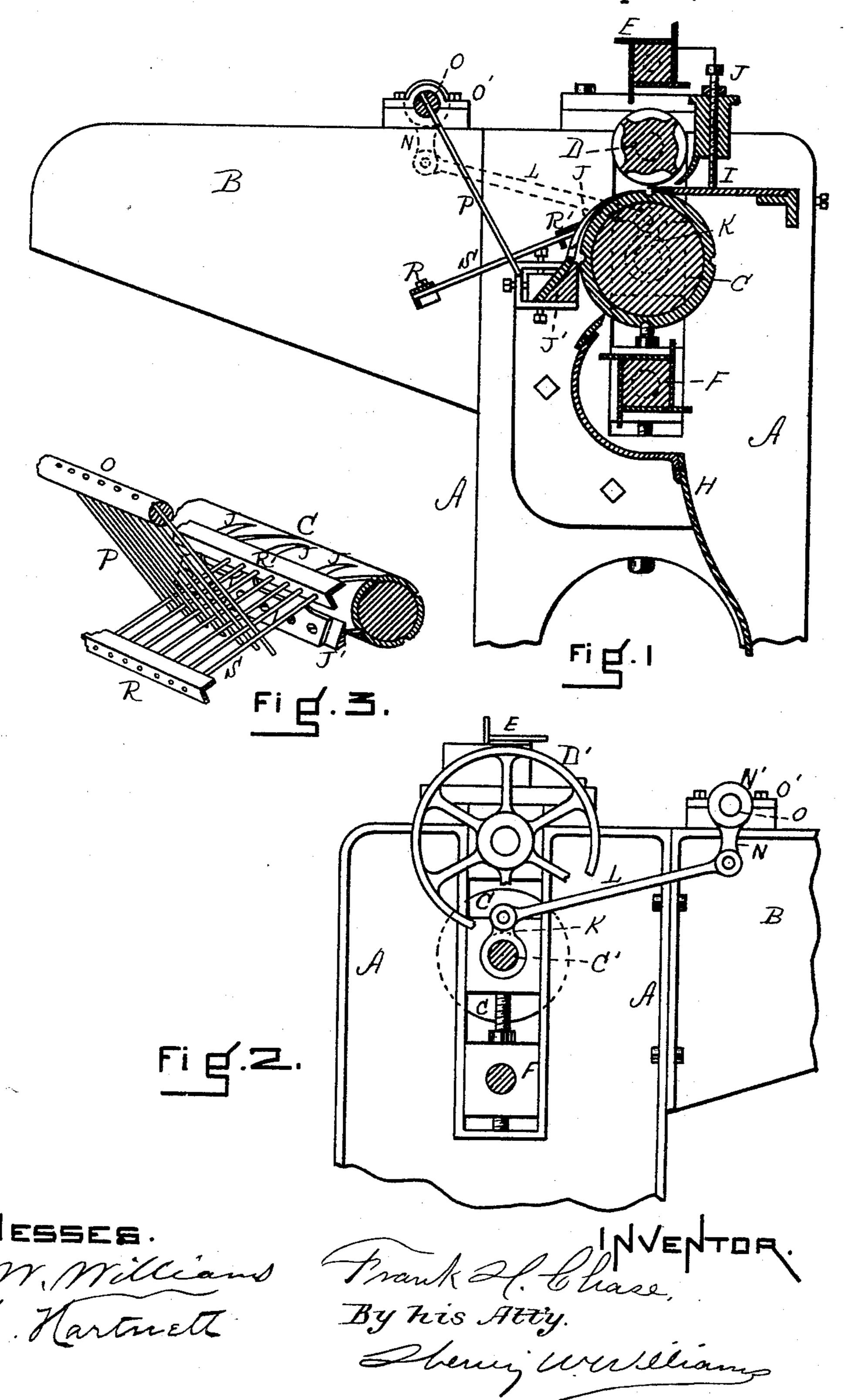
(No Model.)

F. H. CHASE.

ROLLER COTTON GIN.

No. 435,886.

Patented Sept. 2, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

FRANK H. CHASE, OF HAVERHILL, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR, BY DIRECT AND MESNE ASSIGNMENTS, TO THE CHASE COTTON GIN COMPANY, OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

ROLLER COTTON-GIN

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 435,886, dated September 2, 1890.

Application filed April 28, 1890. Serial No. 349,783. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Frank II. Chase, of Haverhill, in the county of Essex and State of Massachusetts, have invented a new and use-5 ful Improvement in Roller Cotton-Gins, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to that class of cottongins known as "roller-gins;" and it consists in the application thereto of a "whipper," the to use and construction of which are fully described below and illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a central vertical section of the operative parts of a roller cotton-gin with my 15 invention embodied. Fig. 2 is a side elevation in detail of a portion of the gin. Fig. 3 is a perspective view showing portions of the drawing-roller and the whipper in position.

Similar letters of reference indicate like 20 parts.

A represents the frame.

B is the table from which the seed-cotton is fed into the machine.

C is the drawing-roller.

D is the beater or stripper driven by the wheel D'.

E is the upper doffer for throwing back the

unginned cotton.

F is the lower doffer for taking down the 30 ginned cotton to the board H, and I is the pressure-bar adjusted by the screw mechanism J, none of said parts being new in this invention, and the operation of them being well known in the art to which this device 35 appertains.

JJ' are fingers and a finger-bar constructed as described in Letters Patent numbered

418,908, dated January 7, 1890.

On the shaft C' of the drawing-roller C is 40 fixed a crank K, to which is pivotally secured a rod or pitman L, whose opposite end is piv-

otally secured to the crank N, whose hub N' is rigidly secured on the oscillating shaft O, having bearings in the journal-box O'. From this shaft O extends a series of rods P, pref- 45 erably metallic, the whole constituting what

I term a "whipper."

R is a horizontal bar, preferably of angle shape, as shown, bolted to the table B. Bars or wires S extend from the bar R to a similar 50 bar R', parallel with the bar R and lying next and on the fingers J, the whole forming a grate. The rods Plie, as shown in Fig. 3, between the stationary bars or wires S. It will readily be seen that the rotation of the roller- 55 shaft C' causes the shaft or whipper-frame O to oscillate and the rods P to swing back and forth rapidly between the bars S of the grate. As the cotton is dropped onto the grate, therefore, the whipper, striking it, bats the seeds 60 out that have already been stripped of their lint. In other words, it removes the seeds that have been stripped of their lint, having been ginned and thrown back by the beater.

Having thus fully described my invention, 65 what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. In a roller cotton-gin, the combination of the oscillating shaft O and rods P, constituting the whipper, and frame, as R R', and 70 the bars S, constituting the grate, constructed to operate substantially as set forth.

2. In combination, the roller C and rollershaft C', crank K, pitman L, crank N, oscillating shaft O, provided with the rods P, and 75 stationary frame R R' and bars S, all constructed and arranged substantially as described.

FRANK H. CHASE.

Witnesses:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS, J. M. HARTNETT.