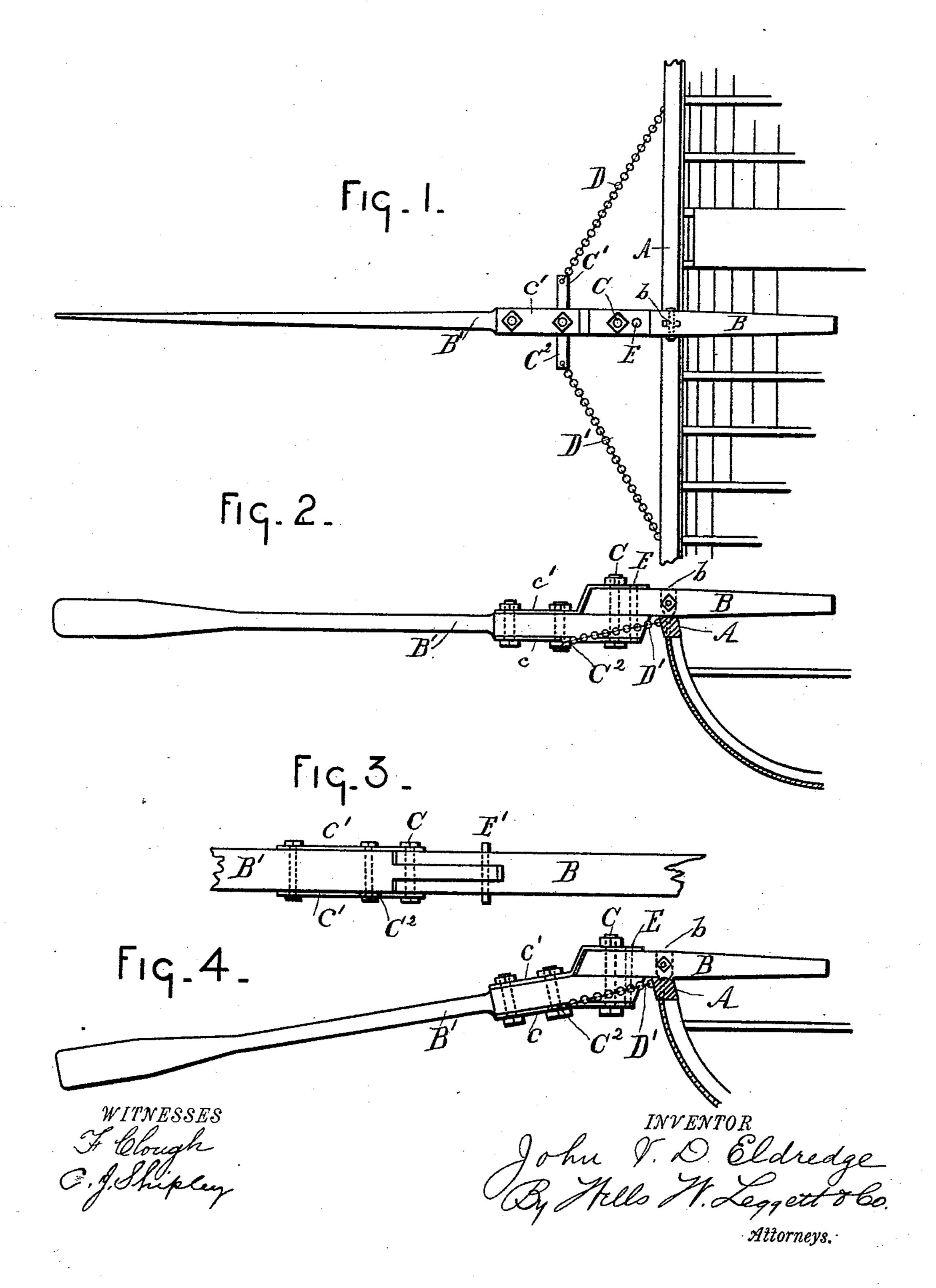
J. V. D. ELDREDGE. OAR.

No. 435,410.

Patented Sept. 2, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

JOHN V. D. ELDREDGE, OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO CURTIS B. ELDREDGE, OF SAME PLACE.

OAR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 435,410, dated September 2, 1890.

Application filed November 19, 1889. Serial No. 330,834. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John V. D. Eldredge, a citizen of the United States, residing at Detroit, county of Wayne, State of Michigan, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Oars; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification.

My invention is designed to produce what is called a "bow-facing oar"—that is, one in which the operator faces toward the bow in rowing; and it consists, essentially, of dividing the oar at a point outside of the gunwale of the boat, pivoting the handle portion to the gunwale, and connecting the outer or blade portion to the gunwale by chains, and in other novel features of construction hereinafter described and claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a plan view showing a portion of the gunwale. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same. Fig. 3 is a partial side elevation showing a modification in the manner of connecting the two parts of the oar together. Fig. 4 is a side elevation illustrating still another modification of the same.

In carrying out my invention, A represents the gunwale of the boat.

B B' constitute the oar, the portion B being the handle and the portion B' being the 35 blade. The handle portion may be pivoted to the gunwale in any suitable manner—as, for instance, by the pin b. The two portions are pivoted together by the bolt C, the engagement preferably being strengthened by 40 the iron cc'.

C' C^2 are short arms projecting at right angles from the iron c, and preferably formed integral therewith.

D' are chains having one end engaged in the arms C' C² and the other ends extended back to the gunwale and attached thereto, as shown. It will thus be observed that the operator when sitting in the boat can face the

bow and yet get the same leverage and purchase to row with that he has with the straight 50 oar. If desired, an orifice E may be bored through the two portions adjacent to the point where they are pivoted together and the pin E' inserted, and then by disconnecting the chains from the arms C' C² the oar 55 can be used for a straight oar. Of course the manner of engaging and pivoting the two parts together may be varied—as, for instance, the construction shown at Fig. 3 may be employed—and I would of course not desire to 60 limit myself to any particular construction at this point. Of course instead of chains, as shown, I might use rods or bars, and I will be understood as including such equivalents in my invention.

In Fig. 4 I have shown another variation, in which the pivoted end of the blade is bent slightly, as shown, so that the blade portion, instead of being straight with the handle portion, is at an angle. The blade is thus thrown 70 down into the water farther without raising the handle any farther.

What I claim is—

1. An oar consisting of two portions pivotally engaged together, the inner or handle 75 portion being pivoted to the boat and the outer or blade portion connected to the boat by rods or chains, substantially as described.

2. An oar consisting of two portions B B', pivotally engaged together, the portion B piv- 80 oted to the gunwale and the portion B' provided with arms C' C², said arms connected with the gunwale by chains or rods, substantially as described.

3. An oar consisting of two portions BB', 85 pivoted together, the portions adjacent to the pivot so arranged that the portion B' extends at an angle from the portion B, said portion B' engaged to the gunwale of the boat, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I sign this specification in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN V. D. ELDREDGE.

Witnesses:

W. H. CHAMBERLIN, W. W. LEGGETT.