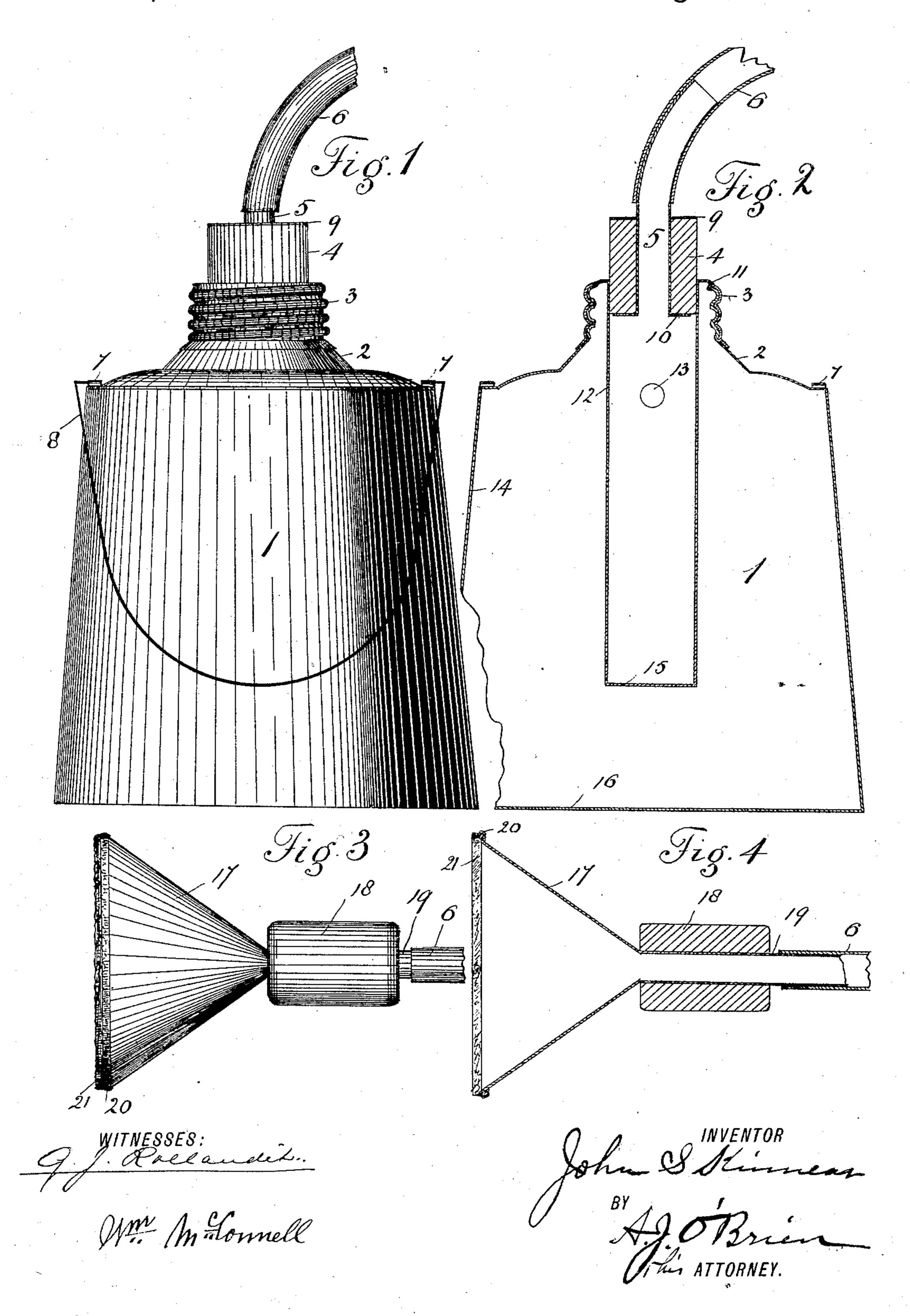
J. S. KINNEAR. INHALER.

No. 433,597.

Patented Aug. 5, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

JOHN S. KINNEAR, OF GOLDEN, COLORADO.

INHALER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 433,597, dated August 5, 1890.

Application filed February 26, 1890. Serial No. 341,829. (No model.)

To all whom, it may concern:

Be it known that I, John S. Kinnear, a citizen of the United States, residing at Golden, in the county of Jefferson and State of Colorado, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Inhalers; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to a new and improved form of inhaler; and the object of my improvement is to provide a device of the class stated adapted for the vaporization and volatilization of medicinal remedies and for the administration of the vapors of the same in a more or less diluted form, as may be desired, to the nasal passages as well as to the throat and lungs, to produce an inhaler which shall be of simple construction, economical in cost, easily and safely operated, reliable, durable, and efficient for the purpose intended.

To these ends my invention consists of the features more particularly hereinafter described and claimed.

In the drawings is illustrated an embodi-30 ment of my invention, in which drawings—

Figure 1 is a side elevation of my improved device; Fig. 2, a vertical section taken through its center, a portion of the wall being broken away for lack of space; Fig. 3, an elevation of the piece of my improvement adapted to fit over the nose; Fig. 4, a longitudinal section of the same.

In the views, the reference-numeral 1 designates a bucket or vessel of suitable size and 40 material having walls 14. This bucket or vessel is provided with ears 7 and a bail 8. The top 2 may be secured to vessel 1 by soldering or in any suitable manner, or it may be made separate and distinct from and be removably secured thereto, as in the ordinary covered pails, or it may be made integral therewith, as shown in the drawings. Within this cover is formed a suitable aperture surrounded by a threaded collar or short tube 50 11, secured to the cover.

12 designates a suitable receptacle wherein is placed the remedy or medicine which it is

desired to volatilize and the vapor of which it is desired to administer to the nose, throat, and lungs. This receptacle consists of a tu- 55 bular-shaped still small enough to enter the aperture surrounded by collar 11 and adapted to extend considerably below said aperture, said receptacle being provided at its upper extremity with a flange or collar 3, secured 60 therearound and extending first outwardly from the receptacle and then downwardly, forming in effect a kind of canopy around the top of the receptacle and being threaded, the threads thereof being adapted to engage the 65 threads of collar 11. In the wall of said receptacle or still and near the upper extremity thereof is placed one or more apertures 13, thus forming an exit or vent for the escape of the steam or vapor formed in vessel 1.

The reference-numeral 4 designates a stopper adapted to close the upper extremity of still 12 hermetically on the outside and having a suitable tube 5, passing therethrough and secured therein by suitable plates or 75 washers 9 and 10, soldered or otherwise secured thereto. This stopper is made, preferably, of india-rubber or other resilient material, adapting it to close tightly the upper extremity of still 12. Though tube 5 is preferably curved, as in Figs. 1 and 2, it may be straight or of any shape desired.

Tube 5 is connected to the piece which fits over the nose by a suitable tube 6, which is preferably composed of india-rubber or other 85 suitable flexible or pliant material. This nose or mouth piece is shown in elevation in Fig. 3 and in section in Fig. 4, and consists of a flattened funnel-shaped piece 17, made of tin, glass, vulcanite, or other suitable material, 90 and having a tube 19 extending from its apex, said tube being adapted to fit in flexible tube 6. Surrounding tube 19, near the apex of funnel-shaped nose-piece 17, is a large piece of cork, wood, or other material, which 95 is a good non-conductor of heat, forming a convenient handle 18, and being adapted to be grasped by the hand of the operator while using my improved device. Around or on the edge of funnel-shaped nose-piece 17 is se- 100 cured, by gluing, pasting, or by sewing through apertures made in the edge thereof, or in any other suitable manner, a piece of felt, flannel, cotton, or other soft downy material 21, adapting it to fit closely to the face without paining the same and preventing the escape of the vapors arising from the remedy contained

in receptacle or still 12. In the use of my improved device water or other suitable liquid is placed in bucket 1, care being taken that there be not enough to enter receptacle or still 12 through apertures 13 when said still is in operative position. 10 Receptacle or still 12 is then placed through the aperture surrounded by collar 11 and the cap or canopy 3 screwed down upon collar 11. It will be observed that now there is no escape for the vapors arising from the liquid in 15 bucket 1 except through vent or vents 13 and thence through tube 6. The remedy or medicine—as, for example, oil of tar—the vapors of which it is desired to administer to the patient is placed in receptacle or still 12, stopper 4, 20 with its connections, placed in position, and heat applied to the contents of vessel 1 in any suitable manner and to any desired degree. As a matter of fact, the contents of vessel 1 will become heated and give off vapor before 25 a degree of heat sufficient to cause the contents of still 12 to send off vapor in a proportionate profusion has been communicated thereto, thereby allowing the vapors of the remedial contents of receptacle or still 12 to 30 be applied to the mucous lining of the throat and nose in a diluted form at first. As this process proceeds, the contents of still 12 gradually arrive at the same temperature as the

contents of bucket or vessel 1. If the medi-35 cine is in a solid form, it has been transformed to a liquid, and thus the vapors arising in gradually-increasing quantities from the remedial medicine and mixing with the comparatively constant quantity arising from the con-

40 tents of bucket 1 and passing through apertures 13, gradually raise the mixture, which passes through tube 6, and is inhaled by the patient through the nose-piece 17 to its maximum strength. It will be observed that this 45 gradual increase in strength of the vapors

will have a tendency to accustom the mucous lining of the throat and nose to the stronger vapors without rendering it raw and making the treatment disagreeable, injurious, and painful, thereby rendering the treatment more 50 pleasant and advantageous than by the use of ordinary inhalers.

Having thus described my invention, what

I claim is—

1. In an inhaler, the main vessel 1, provided 55 with a close-fitting cover, having an aperture surrounded by a threaded collar 11, the inner vessel or still 12, adapted to fit within the aperture in the cover, said still being provided with an aperture 13, and a threaded 60 canopy 3, adapted to screw upon collar 11, the stopper 4 and tube 5 passing therethrough, substantially as described.

2. In an inhaler, the main vessel 1, the medicine-receptacle 12, adapted to fit within ves- 65 sel 1 and provided with apertures 13 and threaded canopy 3, the stopper 4, adapted to seal tightly the upper extremity of receptacle 12, said stopper being composed of indiarubber or other good non-conductor of heat 70 and having a tube 5 passing therethrough, said tube being secured therein by washers 9 and 10, and the nose-piece 17, connected to the inhaler by the flexible tube 6, substantially as described.

3. The combination, with a suitable inhaler, of a tube connected therewith and adapted to carry the vapors therefrom, said tube being provided with a suitable nose or mouth piece 17, located at its outer extremity, and a handle 80 18, attached thereto and suitably located thereon, said handle being formed of cork or other material being a good non-conductor of heat,

substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature 85 in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN S. KINNEAR.

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Witnesses:

AL. TOWNSEND, A. S. Pettit.