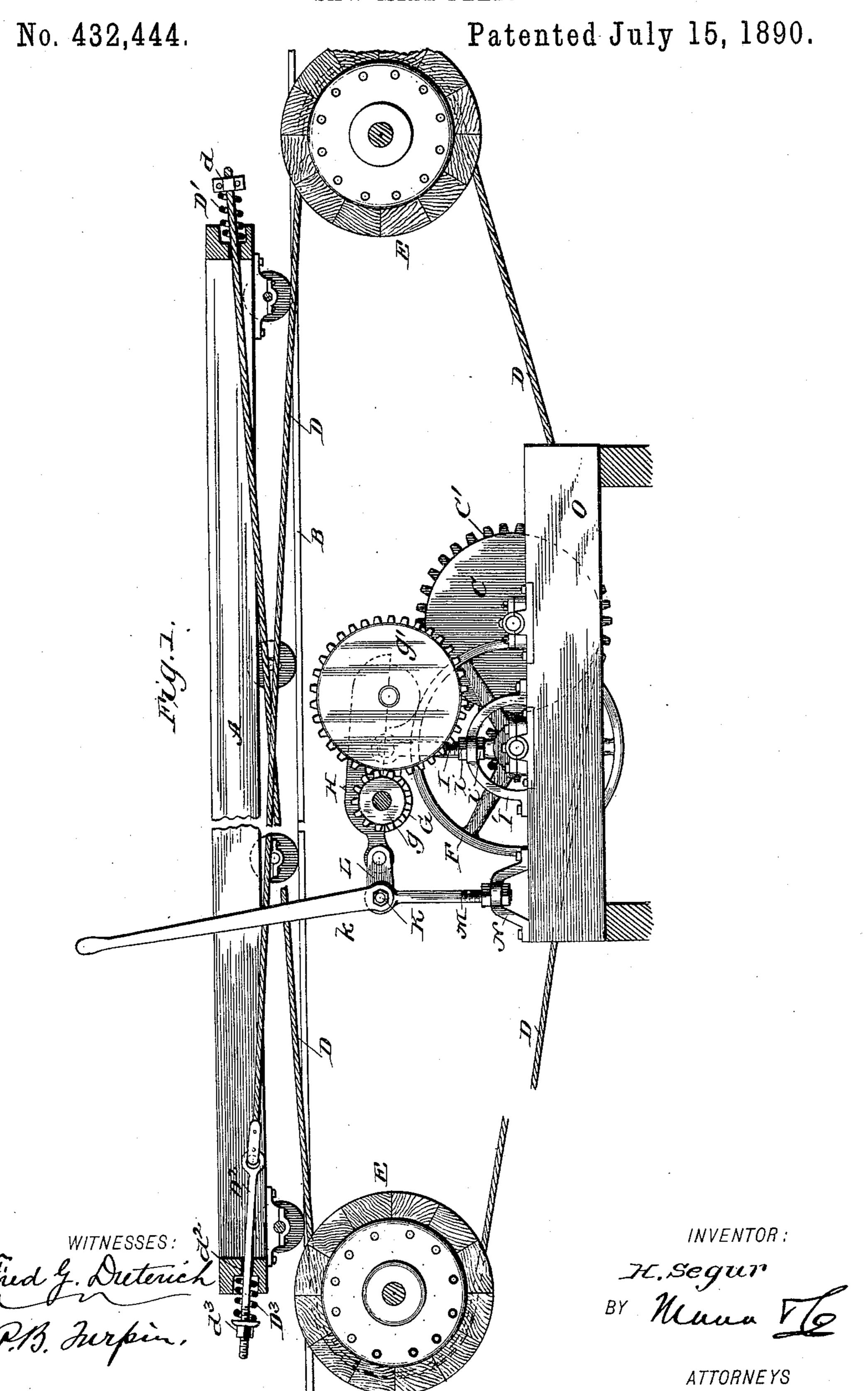
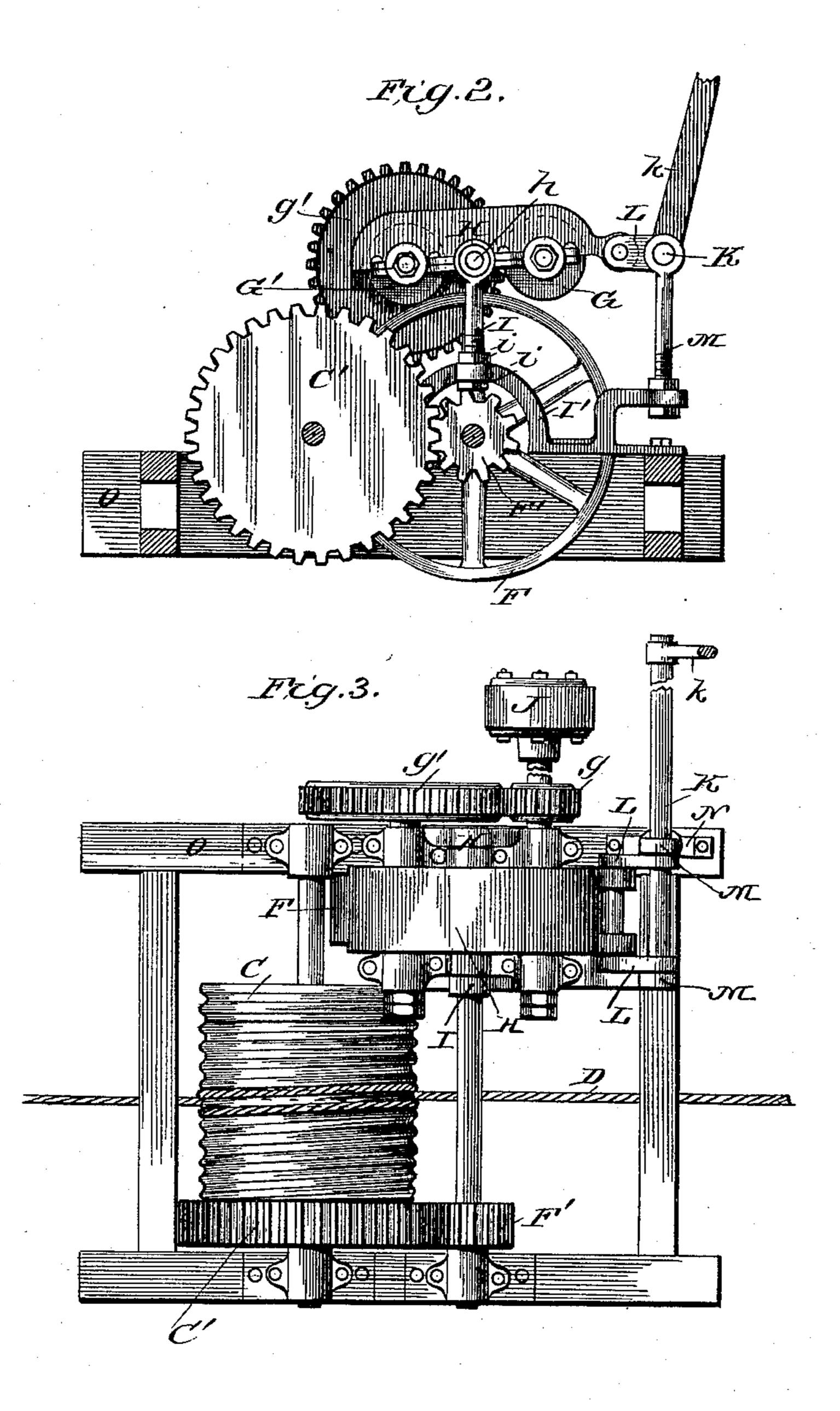
H. SEGUR. SAW MILL FEED.



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No. 432,444.

Patented July 15, 1890.



Fred J. Dreterich P.B. Furpin.

INVENTOR:

H.Seguz.

BY Muan To

ATTORNEYS

## United States Patent Office.

HARVEY SEGUR, OF DECATUR, INDIANA, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO PHILIP W. SMITH, OF SAME PLACE.

## SAW-MILL FEED.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 432,444, dated July 15, 1890.

Application filed March 26, 1890. Serial No. 345,453. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HARVEY SEGUR, of Decatur, in the county of Adams and State of Indiana, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Saw-Mill Feeds, of which the following is a specification.

My invention is an improvement in saw-mill feeds; and it consists in certain novel constructions and combinations of parts, as will be hereinafter described and claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a side elevation of the improved apparatus, and Figs. 2 and 3 are respectively sectional and top plan views of the operating mechanism.

The carriage A is supported upon the rails B, only one of which is shown, and may be of any suitable construction. In connection with this carriage I employ the cable D, a drum C, and mechanism for operating such drum. 20 On opposite sides of such drum C, I provide guide-pulleys E, arranged a considerable distance apart. The drum C is grooved spirally to properly receive the cable, while the pulleys E are grooved to receive and guide the said 25 cable as it passes to the carriage. The cable is wound around the drum, so that the turning of the latter will draw the cable from one or the other direction. From this drum the cable extends forward and back around the 30 guide-pulleys E E, from which it extends to and connects with the carriage, preferably in the manner and by the construction shown.

By preference the ends of the cable are secured to the end of the carriage opposite the pulley by which such end of the cable is guided—that is to say, the end of the cable passed around the guide-pulley at the left of the drum is secured to the right-hand end of the carriage, while the cable end passed around the pulley to the right of the drum is secured to the left-hand end of the carriage, so that the carriage may be moved in opposite directions its full length past the pulleys E.E.

In connecting the end of the cable with the carriage I pass it at one end through an opening in the carriage-frame and secure near its extremity a clamp d, between which and the carriage-frame there is arranged to bear a spring D'. At its opposite end the cable is secured to one end of a rod or bar D<sup>2</sup>, which

extends through an opening  $d^2$  in the carriageframe and has its outer end threaded to receive a nut  $d^3$ , a spring  $D^3$  being arranged to bear between the nut  $d^3$  and the frame. By 55 this construction slack of the cable may be easily taken up.

The drum C is provided with a gear wheel or ring C', with which meshes a gear wheel or ring F', keyed or otherwise fixed to the shaft 60 or axle of a friction-pulley F. Now it will be seen that if the friction-pulley F be turned in one or the other direction it will effect a proper turning of the drum to move the carriage in one or the opposite direction. To enable this 65 friction-pulley F to be rotated in one or the opposite direction, I provide two friction drivepulleys G G', which are revolved in opposite directions, and are supported so that either one may be moved into engagement with the wheel 70 F. These pulleys G G' are shown as geared together by gear wheels or rings gg', and are journaled in a rocking arm or frame H. This arm or frame H is pivotally supported at h between the pulleys G G', so that by rocking it on 75 its pivot the pulleys G G' may be alternately caused to bear on the wheel F. This frame H is pivoted in bearings on an upright or uprights I, mounted on a stand or uprights I' and adjustable by means of nuts i i, as will 80. be understood from the drawings.

The shaft of wheel G is extended laterally, and has a pulley J to receive the band extending to the mandrel or other driven part of the machine.

By properly tilting the frame II one or the other of wheels G G' may be caused to bear upon and turn the friction-pulley F, or the said frame may be so adjusted as to secure both of the said pulleys clear of the pulley F 90 to stop the machine.

To effect the convenient tilting of the frame H, I provide a shaft K, having an operating-lever k, and provided with a crank-like arm or arms L, which connect with the frame H, 95 so that the rocking of shaft K may effect the desired tilting and adjustment of frame H.

The shaft K is preferably journaled in bearings in an upright or uprights M, mounted adjustably on a stand or stands N, the said 100 stand N, the stand I', and the bearings for the shafts of wheel F and drum C being sup-

pôrted on a frame O, as most clearly shown in Fig. 1.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new is—

1. In an apparatus, substantially as described, the combination of the friction-wheel F, the casing or frame H, pivoted at a point between its ends and adjustably supported at such point, whereby it may be set toward or 10 from the wheel F, the friction-pulleys journaled in frame II on opposite sides of its pivotal center and movable alternately into engagement with the wheel F, the shaft K, hav-

ing a handle-lever and provided with short 15 crank-like arms connected with the case or frame II, and adjustable bearings or supports for said shaft K, whereby the same may be adjusted to correspond with the adjustment: of frame or case H, all substantially as and

20 for the purposes set forth.

2. The improved saw-mill-feed herein described, consisting of the rope-drum, the

shaft geared with said rope-drum and provided with the friction-wheel F, the casing H, having on opposite sides of its center pulleys 25 G.G', movable alternately into contact with the pulley F, the rods I, supporting at their upper ends bearings for the casing II, and having their lower ends threaded, the frames or stands having opening for said threaded 30 ends and nuts above and below the same, the shaft K, having a hand-lever and provided with crank-arms connected with the casing H, the uprights M, having at their upper ends bearings for the shaft K, and their lower ends 35 threaded, the frames or stands having openings for the lower ends of uprights M, and the nuts on said uprights above and below the frames or stands, all substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

HARVEY SEGUR.

Witnesses:

J. F. Mann, and the second sec A. K. GRUBB.