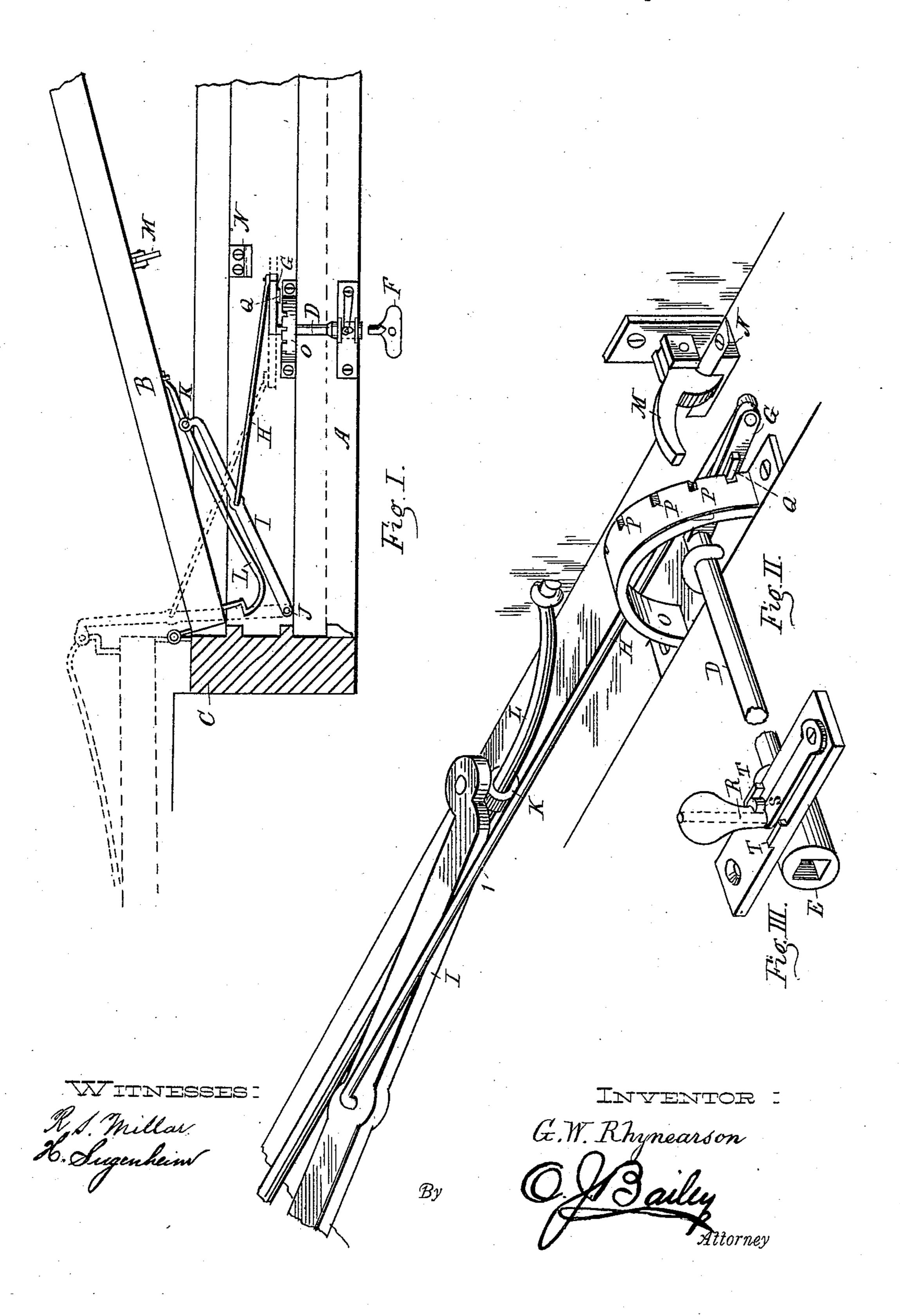
(No Model.)

G. W. RHYNEARSON. SHUTTER WORKER AND FASTENER.

No. 426,960.

Patented Apr. 29, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE W. RHYNEARSON, OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

SHUTTER WORKER AND FASTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 426,960, dated April 29, 1890.

Application filed August 23, 1889. Serial No. 321,713. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE W. RHYNEARson, of Cincinnati, in the county of Hamilton and State of Ohio, have invented a new and 5 useful Improvement in Shutter Workers and Fasteners, which improvement is fully set forth in the following specification and accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure I is a top or plan view of my im-10 proved shutter-worker; Fig. II, a perspective view in part, and Fig. III a view of the cam or button by which the shaft is adjusted.

My invention relates to improvements in apparatus designed to facilitate the opening 15 and closing of window shutters and blinds; and its object is to provide a simple, efficient, and durable device whereby shutters may be easily closed or opened, partially or entirely, without raising the sash, and by which 20 at the same time they are automatically locked in either an open or a closed position, or at any desired intermediate angle.

With slight modifications in form, such as | may be required by varying positions, the 25 device is equally applicable to transoms and | doors.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, A designates a window-seat; B, a shutter hinged to the frame C. A shaft D passes 30 transversely through the window-seat, and has a square aperture E for the turn-key F. When not in use, the key may be attached to a chain and hung at a convenient place on the window-frame. If preferred, a T-head or 35 crank may be permanently attached to the shaft in place of the removable key. The outer end of the shaft is bent at a right angle and forms a crank G, which drives a pitman or connecting rod H, which in turn engages 40 a lever I. One end of this lever is pivoted on a stud J in the window-seat. The other end has an eye K, which slides on a guiderod L, both ends of which are secured to the shutter B. The eye is pivoted on the swing-45 ing end of the lever and readily adjusts itself to the varying relative positions of the lever and the guide-rod.

When the shutter is closed, it is locked by a latch or dog M, which engages a catch N.

H trips the latch and releases the shutter. In closing the shutter the latch is thrown up by the catch N, and the connecting-rod resumes its prone position before the latch falls. When the shutter is open to the full 55 extent, the mechanism assumes the position shown by the dotted lines in the drawings, and the bearings are then so adjusted that the shutter cannot close until released by the turning of the shaft.

A plate of sheet metal O, forming a segment-rack, is placed astraddle of the shaft and suitably attached to the window-seat. On its outer edge is a series of notches P, which are designed to engage a lug Q on the 65 crank G. In order to bring the lug into engagement with a notch, the shaft is provided with a stud R, upon which is pivoted a camshaped button S, which plays between the lugs T. When it is desired to fix the shutter 70 in a partly-open position, the lug Q is brought opposite a notch, the button is then turned, the shaft is drawn forward, and the lug engages the notch and is retained therein until the button is reversed.

It will be understood that the device may be advantageously employed for operating heavy shutters, such as are used on factories and other large buildings, by dispensing with the shaft and locking apparatus and at- 80 taching a handle to the lever I. By this arrangement the heaviest shutters may be easily controlled.

What I claim as new is—

1. In a shutter worker and fastener, an ad- 85 justable shaft and a segment-rack, as herein described, in combination with the connecting-rod, the swinging lever, and the guiderod, substantially as herein set forth.

2. In a shutter worker and fastener, the 90 combination of the adjustable shaft and the connecting-rod with the tripping-latch, substantially as herein set forth.

3. In a shutter opening and closing device, the combination of the shaft D, having crank 95 G and the lug Q thereon, and also the stud R and the cam-button S, the rack O, the rod H, connecting with the lever I, pivoted at one end and sliding at the other, and the guide-50 When the shaft is turned, the connecting-rod I rod L, adapted to be secured to the shutter, 100

all substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

4. In a shutter opening and closing device, the combination of the rod H, operated as described, with the lever I and guide-rod L, the latch M, and catch N, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto set my hand, this 20th day of August, 1889, in the presence of two witnesses. 10 GEORGE W. RHYNEARSON.

Witnesses:

HENRY WOOST, R. S. MILLAR.