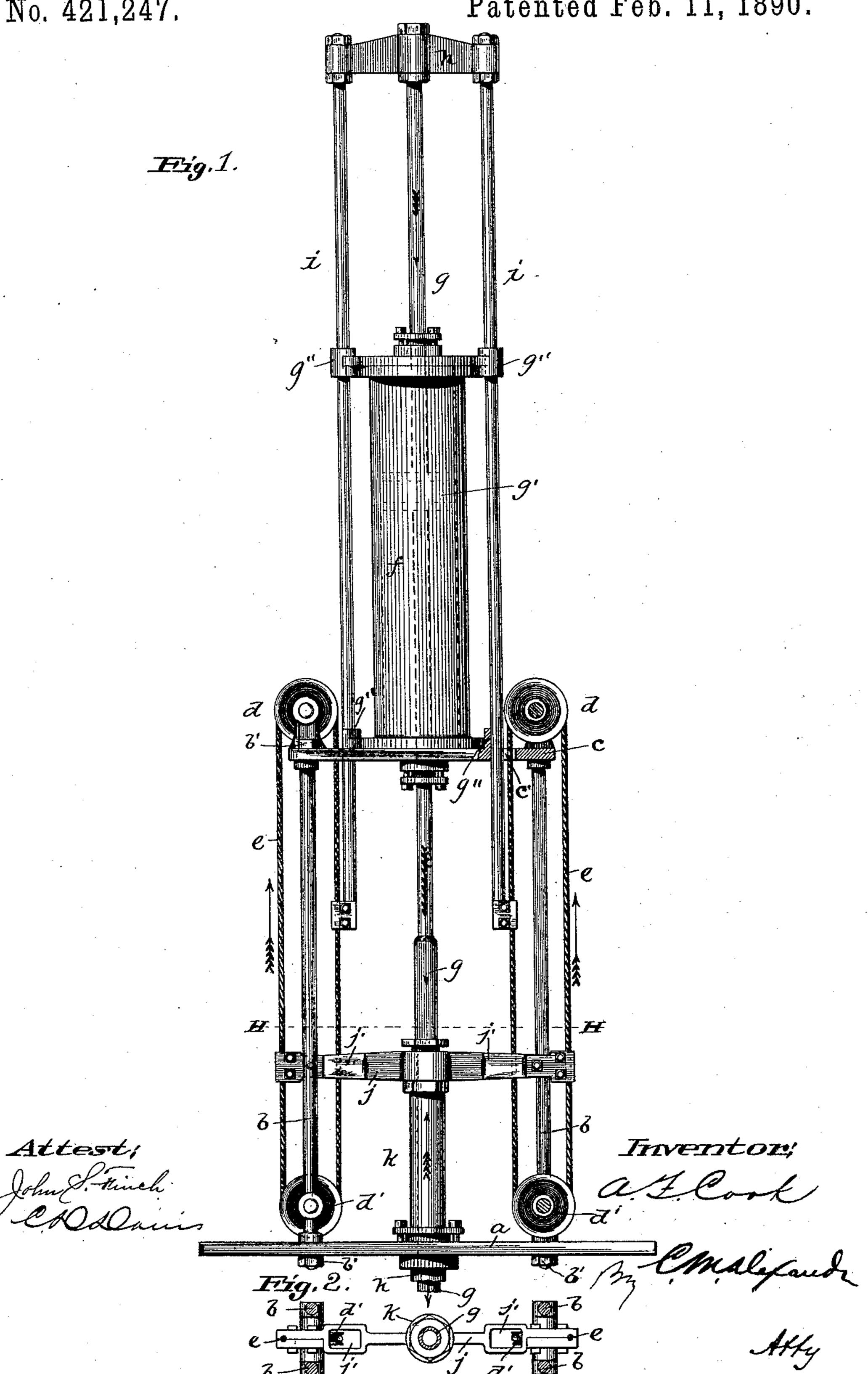
A. F. COOK. DEEP WELL PUMP.

No. 421,247.

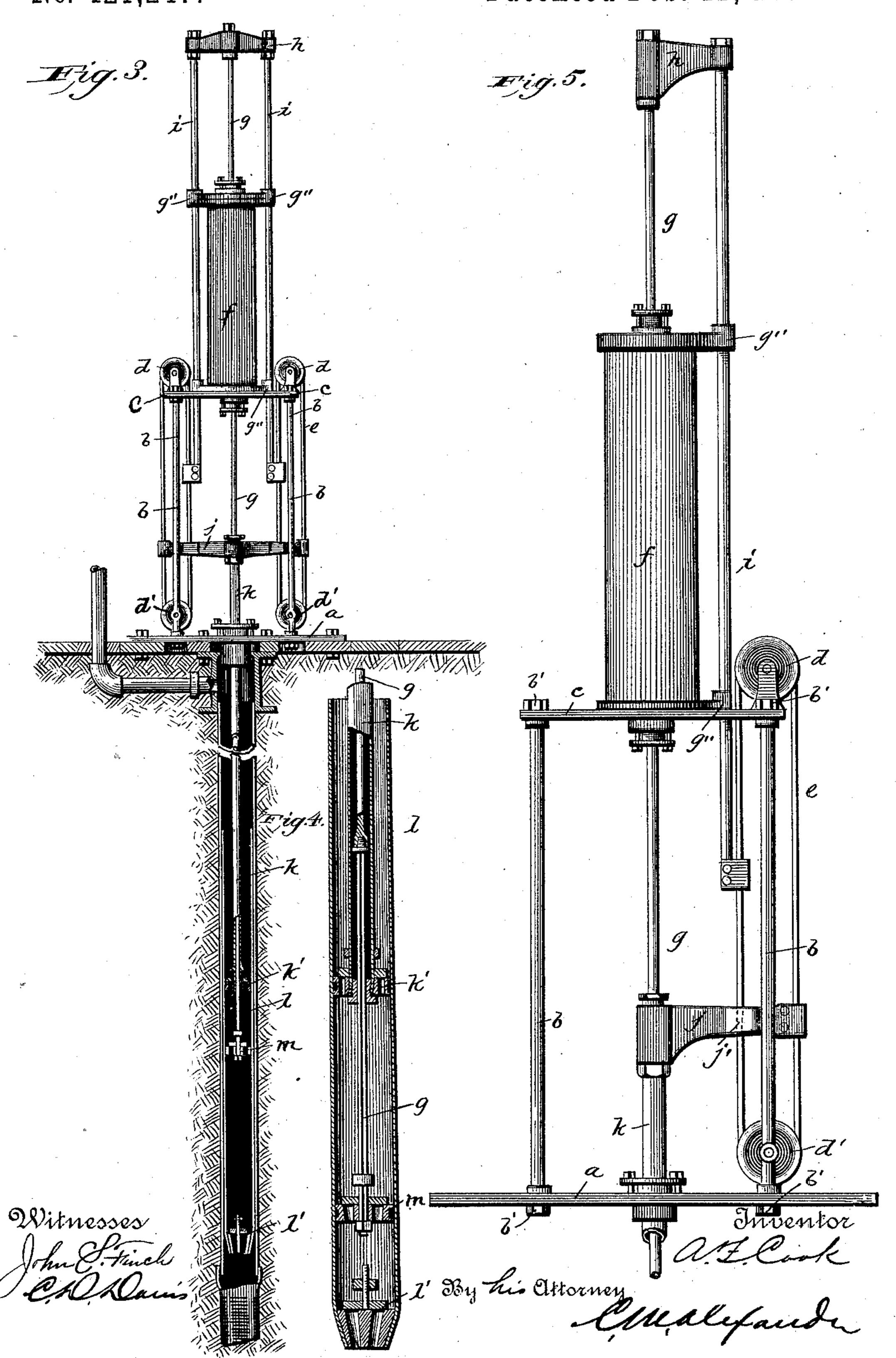
Patented Feb. 11, 1890.



A. F. COOK.
DEEP WELL PUMP.

No. 421,247.

Patented Feb. 11, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

ALFRED F. COOK, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

DEEP-WELL PUMP.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 421,247, dated February 11, 1890.

Application filed August 1, 1889. Serial No. 319,454. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern;

Be it known that I, Alfred F. Cook, a citizen of the United States, residing at St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, have invented 5 certain new and useful Improvements in Deep-Well Pumping-Engines, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 represents a side elevation of the pump-operating mechanism; Fig. 2, a transverse sectional view on the line H H of Fig. 1; Fig. 3, a view, partly in section and partly in side elevation, of the pump complete; Fig. 15 4, a sectional view of the pump-cylinder with its pistons, and Fig. 5 a view showing a slight modification of the pump-operating mechan-

· ism. In the accompanying drawings, a desig-20 nates the base-plate of the pump, which plate well. Erected upon the base-plate is a frame composed of the four upright bars b and the platform c, the ends of the said bars being 25 secured to the base-plate and platform by means of nuts b', tapped on the bars. Journaled in suitable bearings upon the platform c are two grooved pulleys d, and between the supporting-rods b, near the base-plate and in 30 line with the upper pulleys, are two similar pulleys d'. Connecting the respective pairs of pulleys are endless cables or chains e, the inner portions of the cables passing through apertures c' in the platform c. Mounted and 35 suitably bolted upon the center of the platform c, between the two pulleys d, is a vertical cylinder f, provided with suitable stuffing-boxes in its heads for the passage of the piston or pump rod g, this piston-rod being 40 provided with a suitable piston g' within the cylinder. Attached to the upper end of the piston-rod is a cross head or arm h, secured to the ends of which are two depending connecting-rods i, these rods being guided in 45 their movements by the ears q'', cast upon the cylinder-heads. These rods are further guided by being passed through the holes c'in the platform. The lower ends of the rods i are attached by means of clamps to the in-

50 ner portions of the respective endless cables

e, whereby the said cables are moved in uni-

son. Connecting the outer portions of the l

cables is a cross-bar j, which is provided with apertures j' for the passage of the inner portions of the cables and the reciprocatory rods 55 i. This cross-head j has secured to its center a tubular pump-rod k, which passes down through a stuffing-box in the base-plate, and is provided at its lower end with a valved piston or plunger k', which works in the 60 pump-cylinder l.

The pump-cylinder is suitably secured within the well-tube, and is provided with the usual check-valve l'at its lower end.

The piston-rod g passes down centrally 65 through the tubular pump-rod and its piston, and is provided with a valved plunger m at its lower end. That portion of the rod gwhich passes through and works in the plunger k' is formed rectangular in cross-section 70 to prevent the plungers and their rods turning independently of each other, whereby acis suitably secured to the platform of the | cidental unscrewing of the sections of the pump-rods is prevented and obviated.

In the device shown in Fig. 5 I show that 75 only one of the endless cables may be employed without departing from the invention.

The cylinder f is provided with any suitable valve-chest and valve mechanism whereby to admit the motive fluid, which may be 80° steam, air, water, or other fluid.

When motion is imparted to the piston in the cylinder f, the pump-rod g and its plunger will be reciprocated in a corresponding direction, while the tubular rod k and its 85 plunger will, through the medium of the rods i and endless cables, be simultaneously moved in the reverse direction. By thus operating the plungers of the pump in opposite directions a steady and continuous supply of wa- 90 ter will be obtained.

By the arrangement of devices shown and described the pistons will be operated with a minimum of friction and wear and jar.

The invention is designed particularly for 95 deep-well pumping; and its essential feature consists in operating the oppositely-movable pistons simultaneously with a vertical steamcylinder mounted directly over the well and connected directly with the main piston of 100 the pump.

Having thus fully described my invention, what I claim is—

The combination of a frame, a cylinder f,

mounted upon this frame, a piston working in this cylinder, a piston-rod g, connected to this piston and passing through both heads of the cylinder, the lower end of this rod g being provided with a valved plunger, a pump-cylinder for this piston to work in, a tubular pump-rod k, surrounding the rod g and provided at its lower end with a valved plunger and at its upper end with an arm j, so a downwardly-extending rod or rods i, con-

nected to the upper end of rod g, and an endless cable or cables connecting the rod i to the arm of the rod g, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

ALFRED F. COOK.

Witnesses:
C. D. DAVIS,
JNO. S. FINCH, Jr.