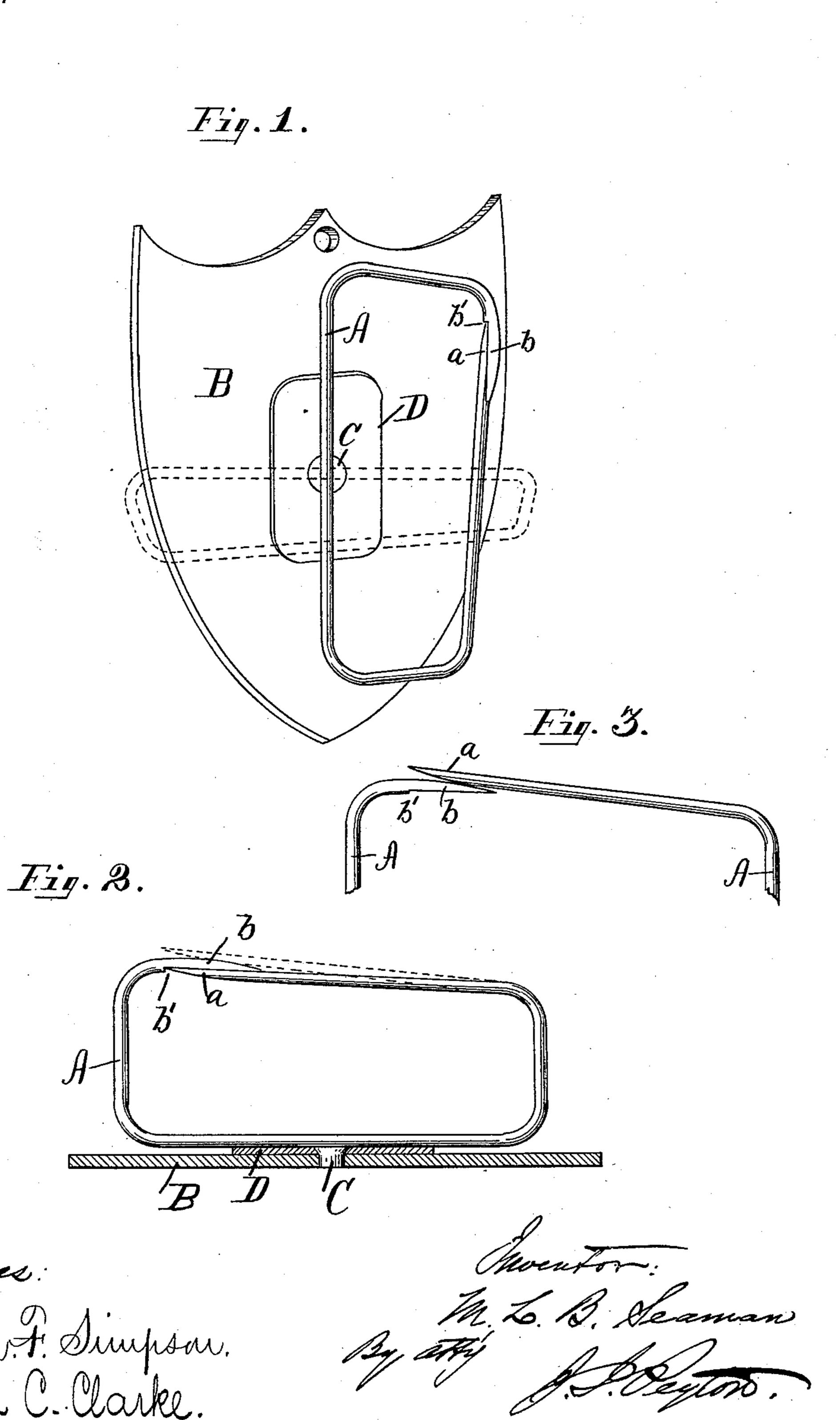
(No Model.)

M. L. B. SEAMAN. BILL FILE.

No. 420,468.

Patented Feb. 4, 1890.



United States Patent Office.

MILTON L. B. SEAMAN, OF KRUM, TEXAS.

BILL-FILE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 420,468, dated February 4, 1890.

Application filed September 10, 1889. Serial No. 323,541. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, MILTON L. B. SEAMAN, of Krum, Denton county, State of Texas, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Bill-Files, of which the following is

a specification.

My invention relates to that class of files for papers—such as bills and letters—consisting of a loop for holding the papers, which is ro attached to a support adapted to hold it in position; and my object is to provide a cheap and simple file, upon which the papers may be strung and from which they may be removed with the least amount of trouble, and 15 which is adapted to be locked to securely retain the papers thereon in such manner that they are readily accessible for inspection. To this end I provide, as hereinafter fully set forth, a wire loop having ends adapted to lap, 20 fit snugly, and lock the one upon the other, and which may be opened for the ready reception and removal of papers, said loop being fitted to turn or swivel about an axis transverse to the longitudinal axis of the 25 loop-wire to facilitate the inspection of the papers.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of a file made in accordance with my invention. Fig. 2 is a side view thereof, partly in longitudinal section, showing the wire loop locked; and Fig. 3 is a view of a portion of the loop shown as unlocked.

The loop A of spring-wire is preferably approximately elliptical in shape, with the pa-35 per-piercing end a adapted to overlap and to underlie and interlock with the end b. The end b is straight on its inner side and is provided with a slight shoulder b', against which the end a abuts when the loop is locked, and 40 curves or tapers toward its extremity on its outer side. The piercing end a is straight on its outer side and tapering on its inner side, and when freed from the shouldered end b it springs outward and its curved or tapered 45 face lightly bears or rests upon the curved or tapered face of the end b, as shown in Fig. 3 and in dotted lines, Fig. 2. When in this position, papers may be pierced by the pointed

end a and drawn down upon the wire, or papers already on file may readily be removed 50 by simply pulling them off the wire. The papers easily pass between the overlapping ends when unlocked, the papers being guided to and from the loop by way of the spaces provided by the curved or inclined points of 55 the wire. By pressing the piercing end a inward and under the end b the shoulder b' of the latter, which shoulder springs a little forward or toward the end a when the device is unlocked, is pressed against the extremity of 60 the loop end a, and by reason of this endwise pressure against the end a and the lateral or outward pressure of end a against the end bthe loop is locked with sufficient firmness. This locking-connection renders the loop con- 65 tinuous with an unobstructed joint, and papers may be passed from one end of the loop to the other over the interlocking ends without hinderance or possibility of slipping off the loop.

The loop A is attached to a support B by swiveling-connection at C, so that the loop may be turned or swiveled about an axis transverse thereto and relatively to the support, in order that the papers on the file may 75 be turned in any required direction, whereby they are more readily accessible for inspection without removing the file from its position on the wall or wherever it may be placed. The loop may be connected to the support in 80 any suitable way-for instance, as illustrated in the drawings, wherein the loop is shown as fastened to a plate or block D, which is secured to the support or base plate B by a pivot, screw, or rivet C, constituting an axis 85 at a right angle or transverse to the longitudinal axis of the loop-wire, and about which the plate D and loop A turn or swivel.

The plate D may be dispensed with, if desired, and the loop connected directly to the 90 transverse pivot C, which, in this instance, would turn in the support B.

I claim as my invention—

1. The combination of the file-loop and the support to which it is pivotally connected to 95 turn about an axis transverse to the longi-

tudinal axis of the loop-wire, whereby the loop may be swiveled to turn the papers, as

and for the purpose set forth.

2. The spring-file loop, having closely-fit-5 ting lapping ends, either of which may be adjusted to overlap the other, the one being straight on its inner side and tapering on its outer side and the other end being tapering

on its inner side and straight on its outer side, as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name.

MILTON L. B. SEAMAN.

Witnesses:

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LEWIS L. FINLEY, RICHARD R. TURNER.