

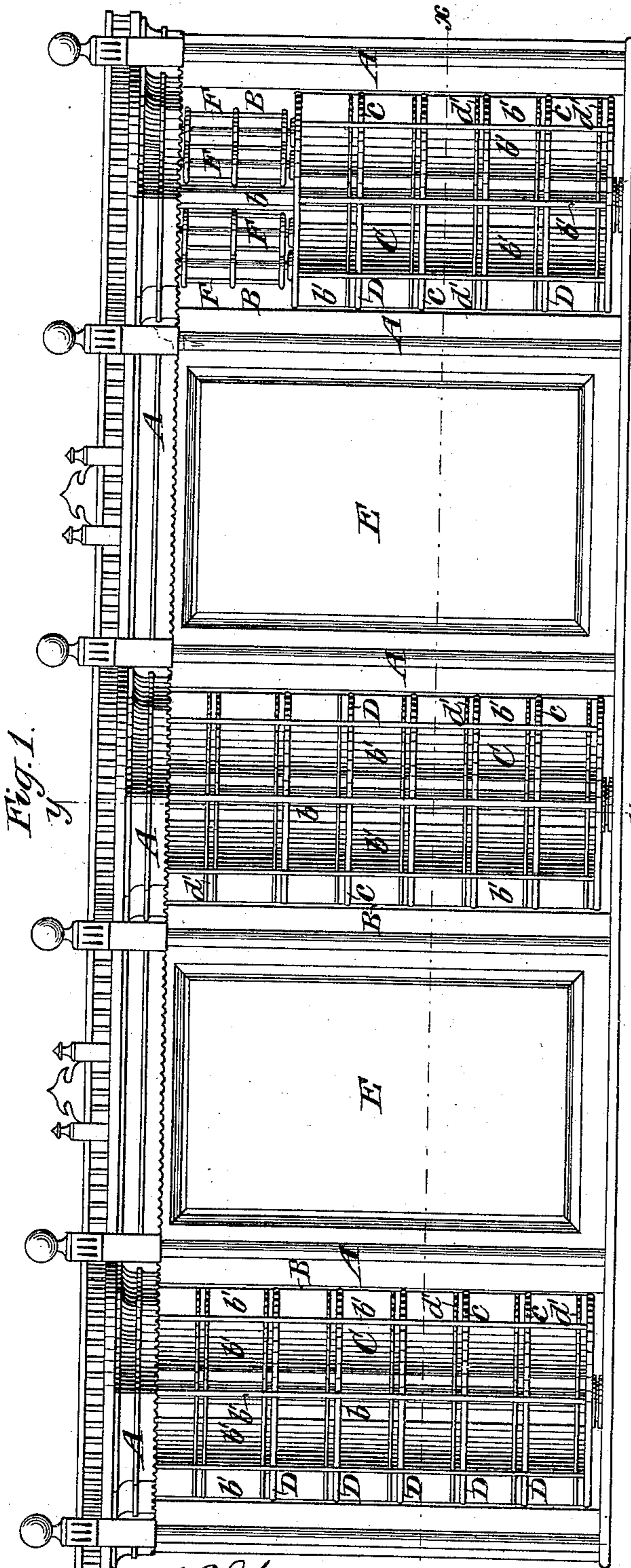
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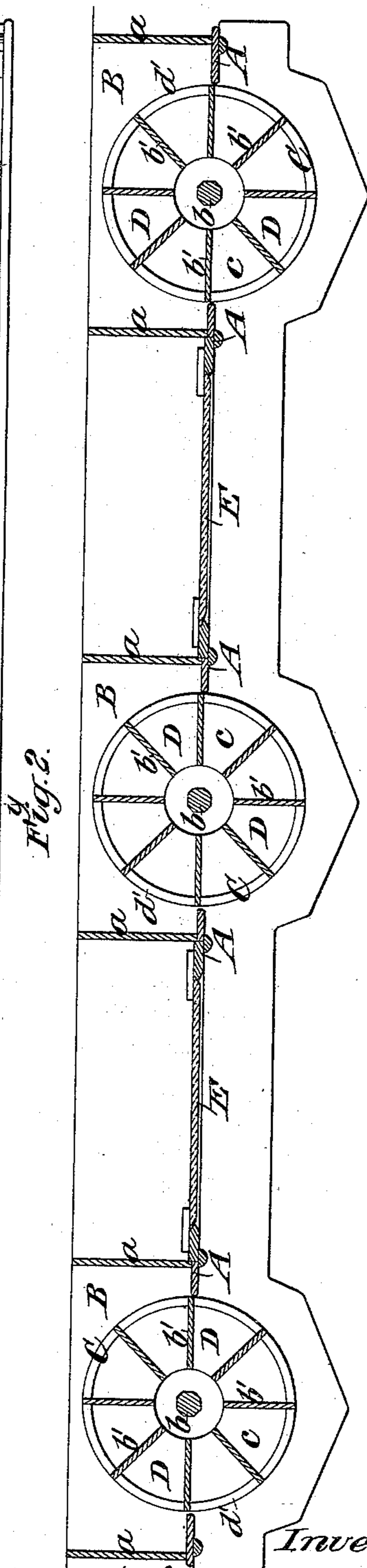
M. H. WILSON.
STORE OR SHOP FIXTURE.

No. 416,980.

Patented Dec. 10, 1889.



Witnesses: Eldundgren &
Fr. Bergengren



Inventor:
Michael Hoffman Wilson
By Attorneys
Brown & Fisk

(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 2.

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Fig. 3.

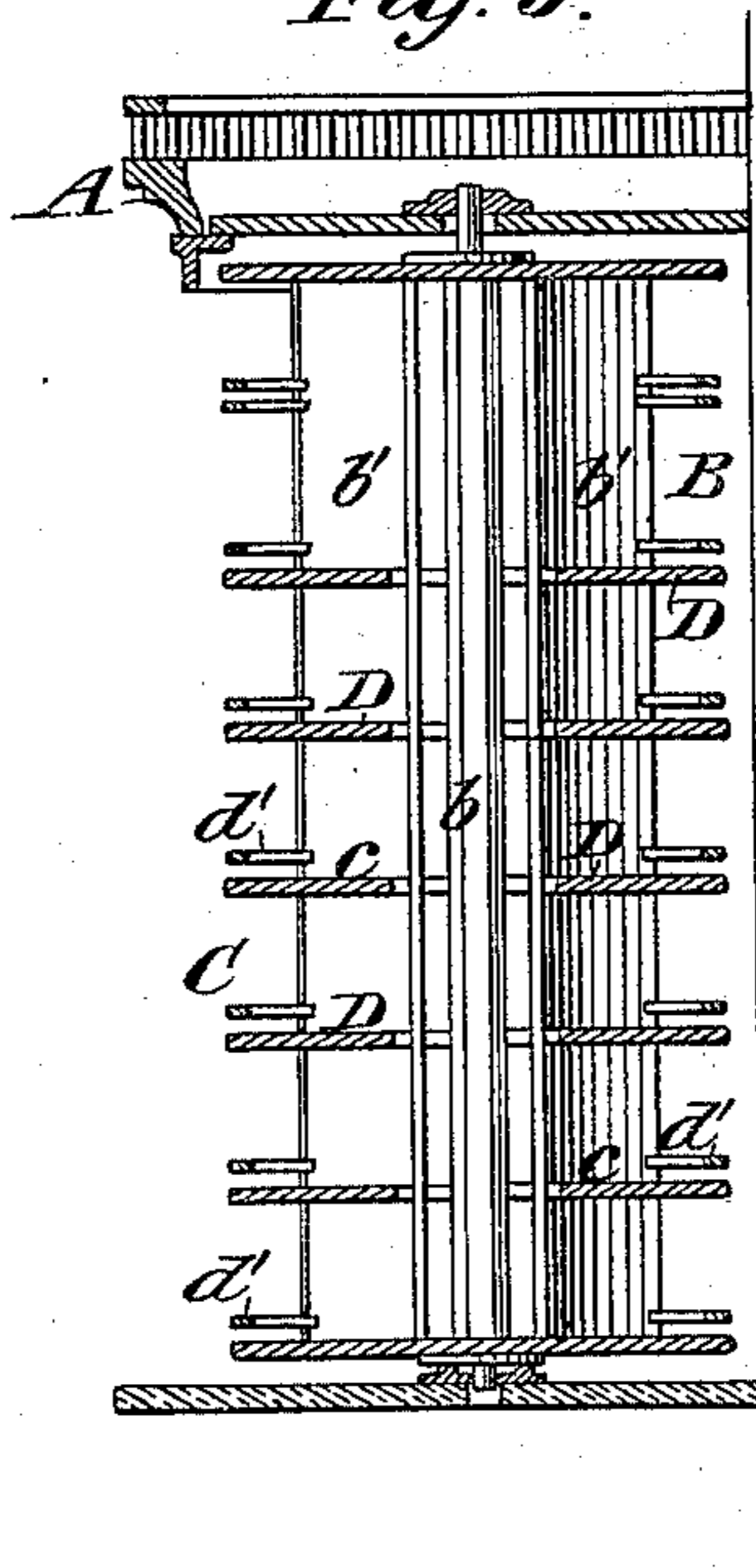


Fig. 4.

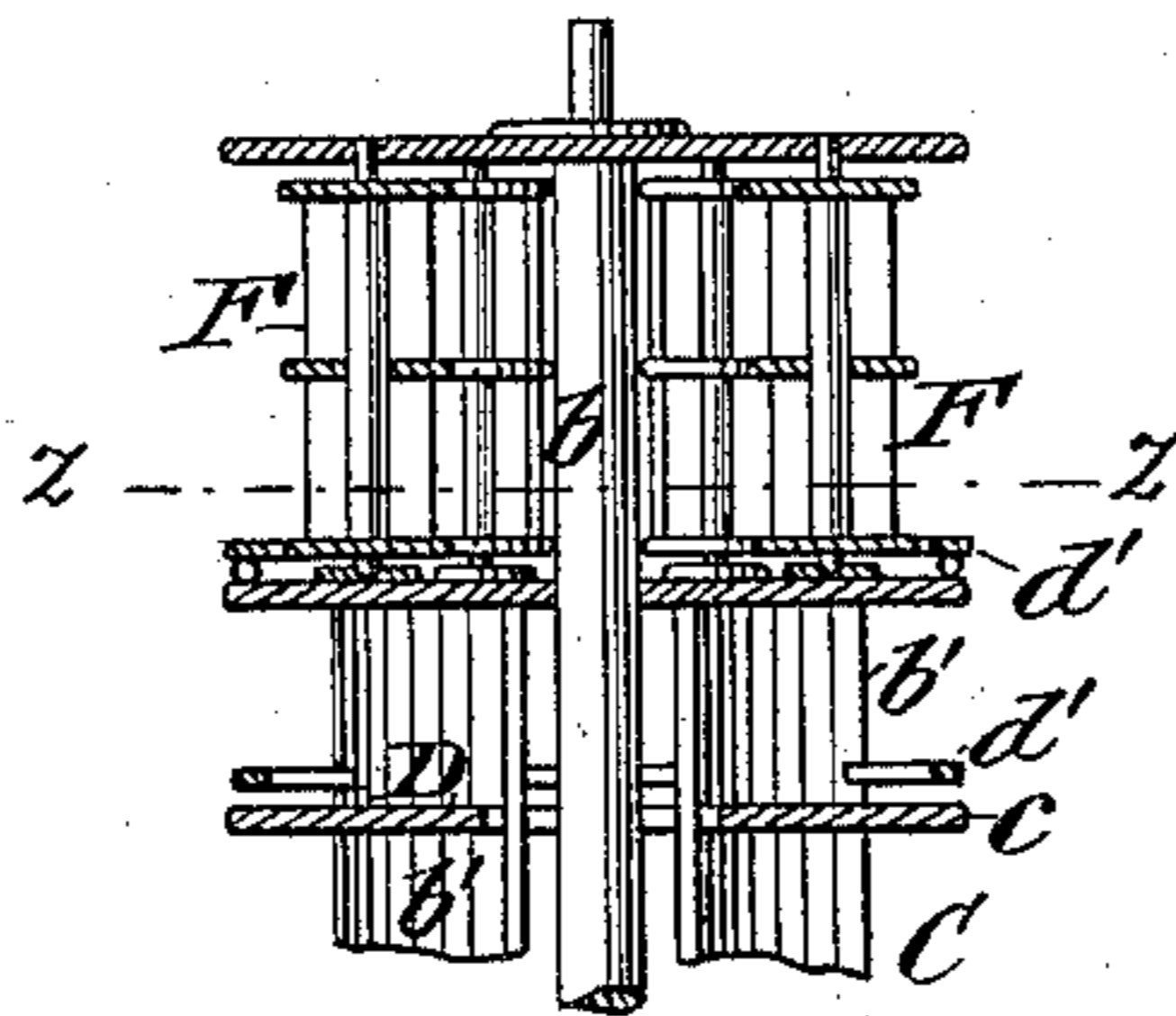
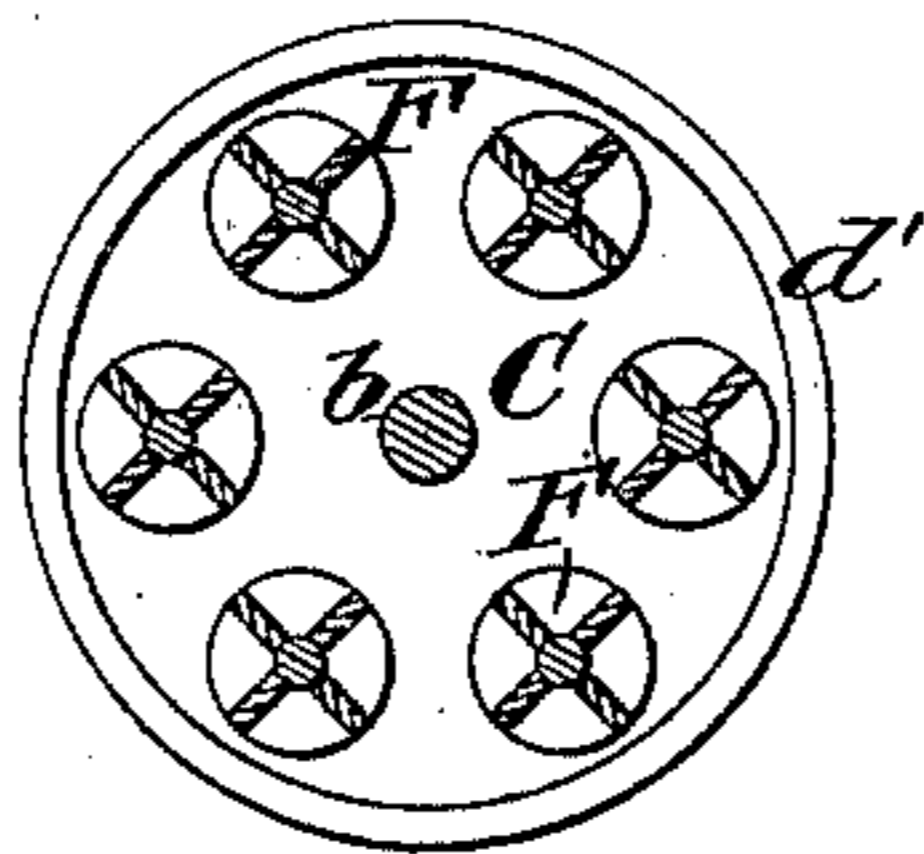


Fig. 5.



Witnesses:

*Olundgren
J. Bergengren*

Inventor:

*Michael Hoffman Wilson
By attorneys
Brown & Griswold*

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

MICHAEL HOFFMAN WILSON, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

STORE OR SHOP FIXTURE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 416,980, dated December 10, 1889.

Application filed March 12, 1889. Serial No. 303,028. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, MICHAEL HOFFMAN WILSON, of Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Store or Shop Fixtures, of which the following is a specification.

My improvement is particularly adapted for use in barber-shops.

I will describe in detail a store or shop fixture embodying my improvement, and then point out its novel features in claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a front elevation of a store or shop fixture embodying my improvement. Fig. 2 is a horizontal section thereof, taken on the plane of the line $x x$, Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a vertical section taken on the plane of the line $y y$, Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a vertical section, partly broken away and showing a modification. Fig. 5 is a horizontal section taken on the plane of the line $z z$, Fig. 4.

Similar letters of reference designate corresponding parts in all the figures.

A designates a frame adapted to be set against a wall. This frame may be composed of wood. It is provided at intervals throughout its length with rearwardly-extending recesses B, formed, as here shown, by partitions a , extending between the front of the frame and its back or the wall. Within these recesses are arranged receptacles C. These receptacles comprise a central hub or shaft b and radially-extending partitions b' . The outer edges of said partitions are, as shown, coincident with the peripheries of shelves D, which shelves are circular in form and are arranged in tiers. As here shown, said shelves are composed of segments c , which are inserted between the upright partitions b' and are secured thereto in any suitable manner. Guard-rails d' extend about the receptacles at short distances above the shelves. Between the partitions b' are formed recesses in which a shaving-mug, comb and brush, or other desired article may be placed. The guard-rail d' tends to prevent the articles from being moved accidentally from said recesses. Each of the receptacles is journaled at top and bottom in suitable bearings ar-

anged concentric therewith, in such manner that the receptacles can be readily rotated in order to bring any of the articles contained thereon into a position for removal, or to bring any of the recesses in the receptacle into a position for inserting an article. It will be observed that each of the receptacles extends into one of the recesses B, formed in the frame A; in fact, at all times nearly one-half of the receptacles are within said recesses B. The portion within the recesses is hidden from view by the frame. Between the receptacles C mirrors E are arranged in the frame A. As the frame at the side edges of the openings to said recesses extends into close proximity to the said receptacles, the axis of rotation of the receptacles is, as shown, approximately coincident with the plane of the mirrors.

In Figs. 1, 4, and 5 I have shown that the upper portion of each of the receptacles may be provided with a number of revolving receptacles F, which are independent of the main receptacle, except that they are journaled therein. In these independent receptacles F bottles and articles of such height that they could not be advantageously contained in the smaller recesses of the receptacles may be received.

By my improvement means are afforded for rapidly obtaining access to any article desired, while the receptacles for such articles occupy very little space and extend but a short distance into the room. The entire fixture may be constructed before being placed in the store or shop, and be subsequently erected therein.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A store or shop fixture comprising an upright frame provided with rearwardly-extending recesses, revolving upright receptacles for articles extending for about half their diameter into said recesses, vertically-extending shafts upon which said receptacles are journaled, the frame at the side edges of the openings to said recesses extending into close proximity to the receptacles, substantially as specified.

2. A store or shop fixture comprising an up-

right frame provided with rearwardly-extending recesses, revolving upright receptacles for articles extending for about half their diameter into said recesses, vertically-extending
5 shafts upon which said receptacles are journaled, shelves arranged in tiers on said shaft, and vertically-extending partitions extending radially from said shaft and dividing the shelves into compartments, the frame at the
10 side edges of the openings to said recesses extending into close proximity to said receptacles, substantially as specified.

3. A store or shop fixture comprising an upright frame provided with rearwardly-extend-

ing recesses, revolving receptacles for articles 15 extending for about half their diameter into said recesses, vertically-extending shafts upon which said receptacles are journaled, the frame at the side edges of the openings to said recesses extending into close proximity 20 to said receptacles, and independent revolving receptacles arranged upon the receptacles first named and journaled therein, substantially as specified.

MICHAEL HOFFMAN WILSON.

Witnesses:

FREDK. HAYNES.

JOHN BICKET.