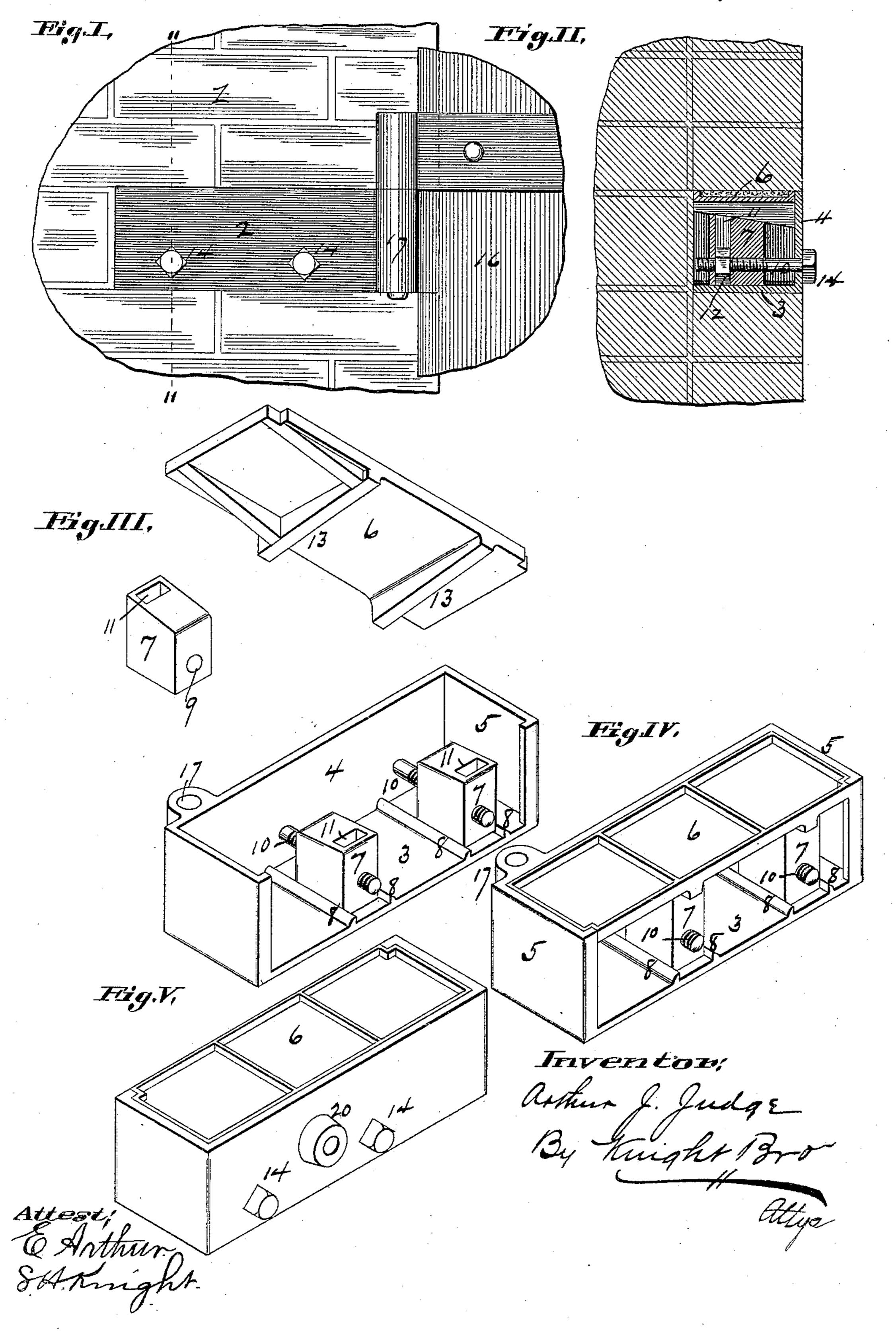
A. J. JUDGE.
BUILDING BLOCK OR BRICK.

No. 415,642.

Patented Nov. 19, 1889.



United States Patent Office.

ARTHUR J. JUDGE, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

BUILDING BLOCK OR BRICK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 415,642, dated November 19, 1889.

Application filed October 1, 1889. Serial No. 325,683. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ARTHUR J. JUDGE, of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Building Blocks or Bricks, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part of this specification.

My present invention relates to a brick or block intended for use in the construction of buildings, and is particularly adapted for use in connection with a door, shutters, &c., for which it forms the hinge-support; and my invention consists, broadly, in an expansible brick or block, as more fully described hereinafter, and pointed out in the claims.

Figure I is a front elevation illustrative of my invention. Fig. II is a section taken on line II II, Fig. I. Fig. III is a perspective view showing different parts of the block or brick removed. Fig. IV is a perspective view of the block or brick in its complete form. Fig. V is a similar view illustrating a slight modification.

Referring to the drawings, 1 represents part of the wall of a building, and 2 the brick or block forming a part of the wall, and to which my invention relates.

In the preferred form of construction the brick consists of a bottom wall 3, a front 4, end walls 5, and a top wall or plate 6. The walls 3, 4, and 5 are preferably cast or formed integral or in one piece, and the wall 6 in a separate piece formed to fit into the walls 4 and 5, as shown in Fig. IV.

7 represents wedges loosely fitting on the bottom wall 3, and held from lateral movement by flanges 8 cast on the wall 3.

from the back wall 4 of the brick. They are perforated, as shown at 9, for the passage of threaded bolts 10, and are mortised, as shown at 11, for the reception of nuts 12, (see Fig. II,) through which the bolts 10 pass and have their connection. The tops of the wedges 7 are preferably inclined, as shown in Fig. III, being lower at their inner ends than at their outer ends. The top 6 is provided with flanges 13, which are preferably made tapering, so as to be of greater height or depth at their outer than at their inner ends. When

the top 6 is put in place, the flanges 13 rest on the wedges 7, and it will be seen that by turning on the bolts 10 (the outer ends of the 55 bolts having non-circular heads 14 to afford means for turning them) the height of the brick will be adjusted in size, or made larger or smaller as desired. For instance, supposing the brick 2 forms the hinge-support for 60 a door 16, as shown in Fig. I, (for which purpose it would be provided with a perforated ear 17 to receive the pintle of the hinge,) and it is found that it is not firm or solid, the difficulty can, without any ex- 65 pense and in but a moment's time, be obviated by simply turning in the right direction on the bolts 10, which will move the wedges 7 toward the front wall of the brick, and through means of the inclines on the 70 wedges and the ribs or flanges 13 of the top 6 raise the top, and thus enlarge or increase the height of the brick, causing it to be firmly held in place; and should it be desired to remove this brick forming the hinge-support, 75 it can be very readily done by turning on the bolts 10 in the opposite direction, which will cause the brick to be contracted in height.

Great annoyance has been experienced in bricks which form hinge-supports for doors, 80 &c., becoming loose and frequently dislodged, but with the use of my invention this difficulty is entirely overcome.

I prefer to make the brick of iron, but do not confine myself to any particular ma- 85 terial.

In Fig. V is shown a brick without a pintle-lug 17, but with a boss 20, which may be tapped to receive a bolt for connecting any object to the brick.

I claim as my invention—

1. An expansible building brick or block, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. An expansible building brick or block 95 having a fixed bottom, ends, and front, and movable top, and means for moving the top, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

3. A building brick or block having a movable wall, and wedges for moving the wall, 100 substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

4. A building brick or block having a movable wall, sliding wedges, and threaded bolts engaging the wedges, and by which the movaes

able wall is moved, substantially as and for

the purpose set forth.

5. In a building block or brick, the combination of the bottom, end, and front walls, flanges on the bottom wall, blocks fitting between said flanges, threaded bolts passing through said wedges, nuts on said bolts and fitting in openings in the said wedges, and a movable wall having flanges fitting on said wedges, substantially as set forth.

6. In a building block or brick, the combi-

nation of fixed walls and a movable wall, adjustable wedges located in said walls and having tapering upper faces, and tapering ribs or flanges on said movable wall fitting 15 against said wedges, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

ARTHUR J. JUDGE.

In presence of— E. S. KNIGHT, THOMAS KNIGHT.