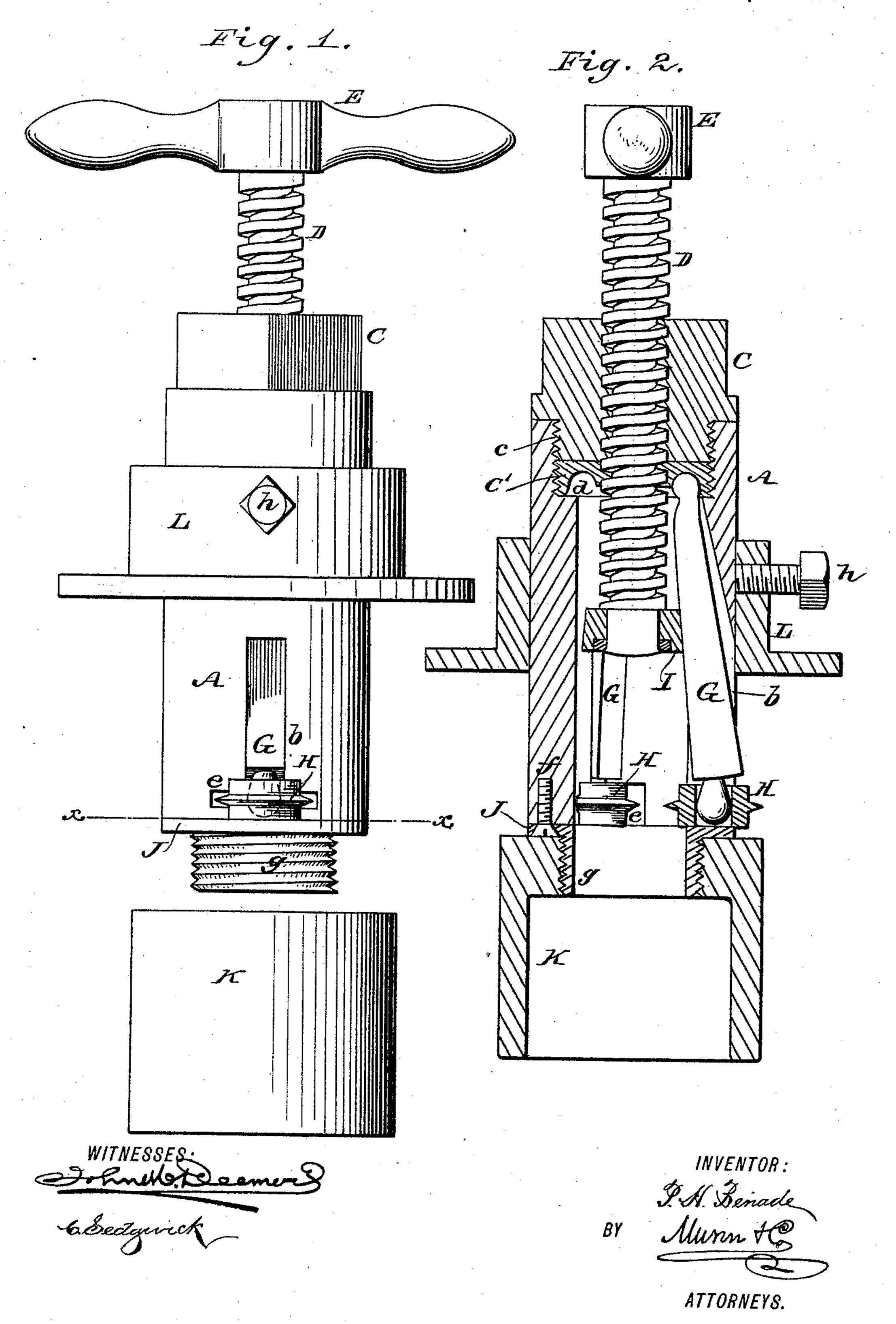
P. H. BENADE. TUBE CUTTER.

No. 412,944.

Patented Oct. 15, 1889.



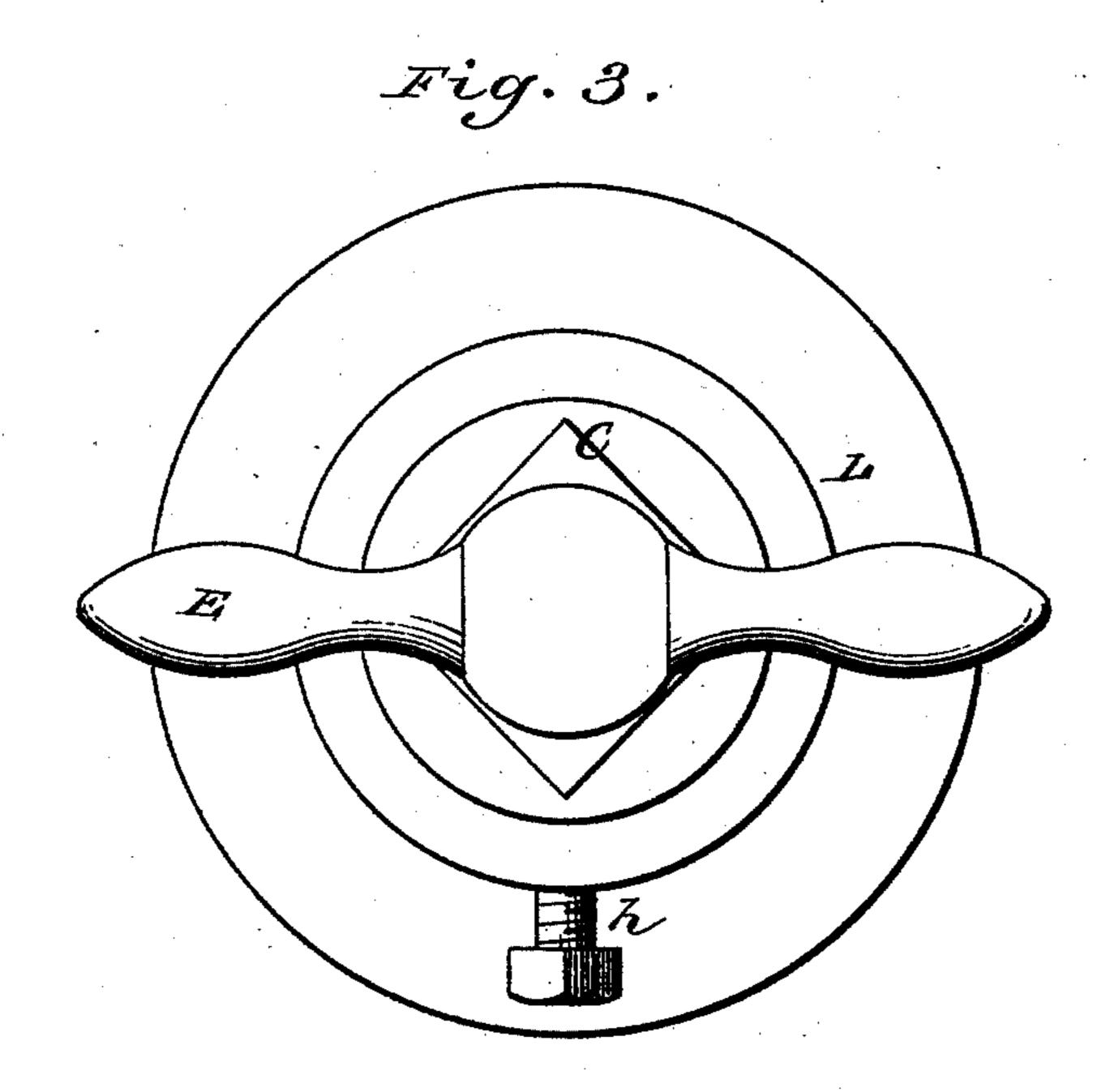
(No Model.)

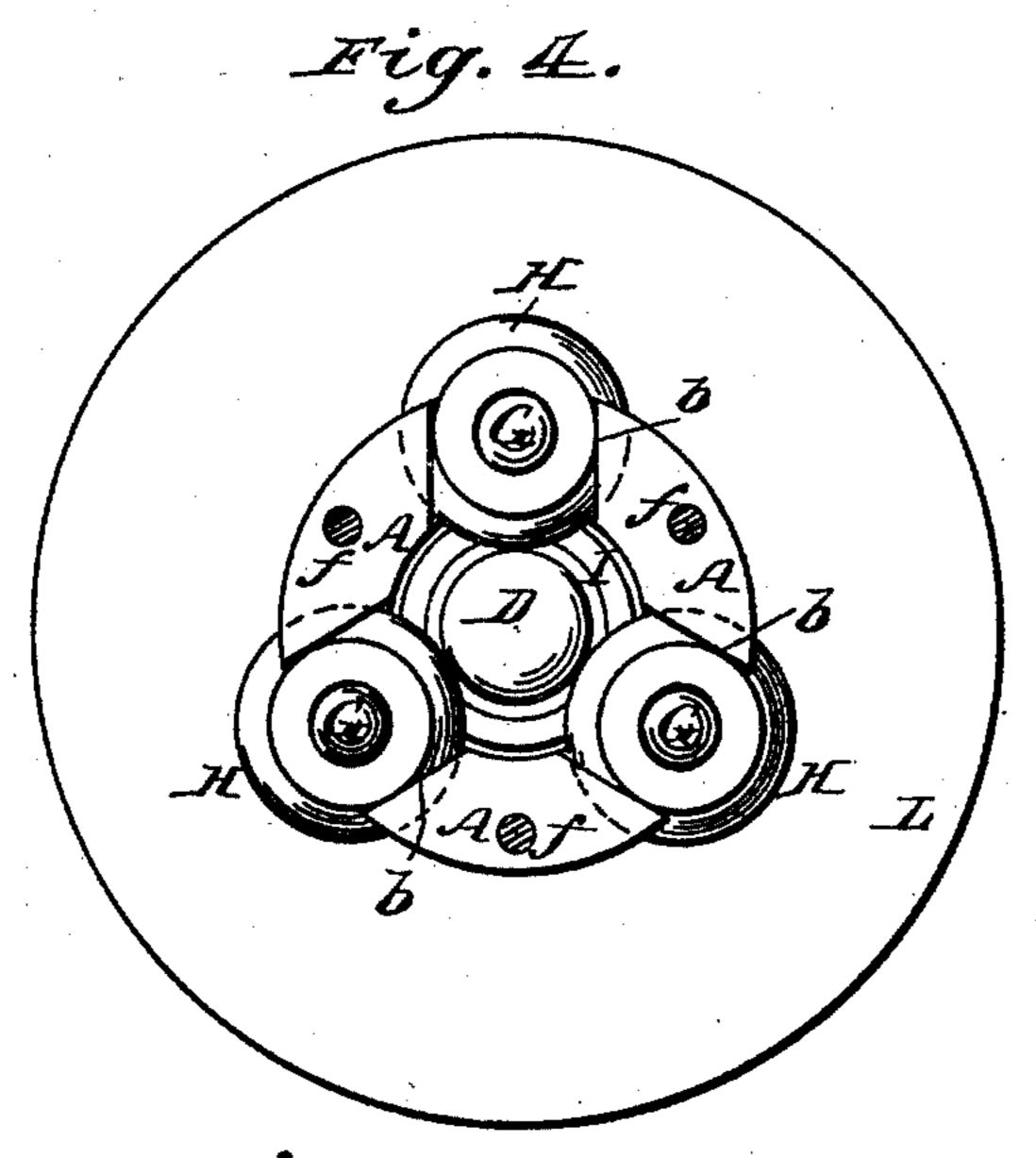
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WITNESSES:
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INVENTOR:

9. St. Benade

BY

ATTORNEYS.

United States Patent Office.

PATRICK H. BENADE, OF PUNXSUTAWNEY, PENNSYLVANIA.

TUBE-CUTTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 412,944, dated October 15, 1889.

Application filed December 5, 1888. Serial No. 292,692. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, PATRICK H. BENADE, of Punxsutawney, in the county of Jefferson and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new 5 and useful Improvement in Tube-Cutters, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact

description.

This invention relates to that description of boiler-tube cutters or trimmers in which 10 expansion-bars actuated by an adjustable wedge are used to throw a series of cutters radially outward, and in which independentlyrotatable cutters are used, the feed or adjustment of the cutters being effected by a screw 15 carried by and forming part of the rotatable

tool. The invention consists in certain novel constructions and combinations of parts in a tubecutter embracing the above-named features, 20 substantially as hereinafter described, and

pointed out in the claim, whereby the cutters, very effectually applied to them, and varioussized tubes may readily be cut with the same tool, and as the size of the latter increases so

will its capacity to do the work.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate

30 corresponding parts in all the figures. Figure 1 represents a longitudinal view or elevation of a tube-cutter embodying my invention with a removable end guide adapted to fit within the tube to be cut detached. 35 Fig. 2 is a longitudinal section of the same with said end guide attached. Fig. 3 is an outer or back end view of the tool; and Fig. 4, an inner end view, as at the line xx in Fig. 1, a plate for securing or holding the cutters 40 in position and the end guide, above referred

to, being removed.

A is the body of the tool, made hollow, as usual, and having two or more—preferably three, as here shown—longitudinal openings b made in it from its forward end to a suitable distance back to provide for the in-and-out movement of the cutters and the bars which carry them, as hereinafter described. The outer or back end of said body A is con-50 structed with a shouldered recessed portion that has a screw-thread c cut in it, within

which is fitted an externally and internally screw-threaded nut or box C of square or angular exterior shape on its outer end to adapt it to receive a wrench, by which to rotate the 55 tool. This nut or box serves to receive within and through its internally-threaded aperture a screw D, provided with a handle E, which serves to feed the cutters against the inside of the tube to be cut. Said screw D also passes 60 through a ring C', arranged within the shouldered recessed portion of the body A at its inner end, which ring is recessed, as at d, to carry the cutter-bars G, that correspond in number and arrangement to the longitudinal openings 65 b in the body of the tool. This ring C', which also fits the screw-thread c of the body A, might be in one piece with the nut or box C; but it is made separate from it for the purpose of extending the tool any desired length, the screw 70 D being of length to suit.

The cutters H are at the inner ends of the which are peculiarly placed, have the power | bars G, and are fitted to independently rotate within and through a milled opening e at the inner or forward end of each longitudinal slot 75 or opening b, and which opening e is of a shape and size to make its walls fit the cutter on its sides or faces, so as to keep the cutter straight and insure its cutting-edge striking in the

same line.

The cutter-bars G have a ball-and-socket fit within the independently-rotatable cutters H, and are also freely fitted at their back ends within the recess d of the ring C' to insure a free action for the cutters without restraint by 85 the cutter-bars; but both cutter-bars and cutters rotate by their fit through the body A in common with the tool when turned by a wrench applied to the nut or box C.

Upon the inner end of the screw D is suit- 9c ably secured a beveled roller I, which as the screw is worked outward acts upon the inner faces of the cutter-bars G to force them and

feed the cutters H outward.

On the inner end of the body A is secured, 95. as by screws f, a plate J, which serves to hold the cutters in their places. This plate J is provided with a screw-threaded neck g, on which may be screwed a guide K of any suitable exterior diameter to fit snugly within the 100 tube to be cut, said guide forming a solid fixture or appendage to the tool when in place,

but being detachable to provide for its replacement by guides of different sizes or diameters.

Upon the exterior of the body A is fitted loosely a collar or gage L, against which the end of the tube to be cut bears, and which may be secured in position on or along said body A, according to its distance required from the cutters, by a set-screw h.

Having thus described my invention, what to I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

In a tube-cutter, the combination, with a hollow body A, having longitudinal slots b

and transverse openings e, the screw-box C, and a recessed ring C', of the cutter-bars G, 15 having their outer ends fitting in the recess of the ring, the cutters H, connected by a ball-and-socket joint with the inner ends of the bars G, and the screw D, provided with the roller I on its end, substantially as herein 20 shown and described.

PATRICK H. BENADE.

Witnesses:

W. M. KIRKPATRICK, JAS. I. GRUHL.