UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHARLES SPIRO, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

PHOTOGRAPHIC DEVELOPING-BATH.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 409,618, dated August 20, 1889.

Application filed February 12, 1889. Serial No. 299,608. (No specimens.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES SPIRO, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city of New York, in the county of New York and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Photographic Developing-Baths, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to means for developing the latent images of photographic plates or sheets without a dark-room, and has for its object to provide a developing-mixture whereby a complete isolation of the developing photographic plate or sheet will be secured from the actinic rays of light, while a clear view of the developing-image may be obtained.

the developing-image may be obtained. In developing a photographic plate or sheet in a dark-room, as heretofore, in which the only light was the dim light admitted through 20 ruby or orange colored glass used to exclude the actinic rays, it was possible for the operator to watch the progress of and control the development only by removing the plate or sheet from the developing-bath from time to 25 time and holding it up to the light for inspection, which process was wearisome and in many instances destructive to the plate, owing to the incomplete exclusion of the actinic rays and the, perhaps, extreme sensi-30 tiveness of the plate. To avoid these inconveniences and attain the objects of my invention, I provide a mixture consisting of any of the ordinary and well-known developers, such as pyrogallic acid and soda or hydro-35 quinnone, in combination with a non-actinic inorganic coloring-matter, preferably orange aniline, or a mixture of the same and carmine aniline, where the plate or sheet to be developed is very sensitive. In preparing 40 this non-actinic developing mixture at present I take, preferably, hydroquinnone for the developer, and to one pint thereof I add a solution composed of equal parts of alcohol and water (to energize the solution) to make one 45 ounce and two parts of orange aniline and one pint of carmine to make half an ounce, thoroughly mixed together and dissolved, so as to form a completely-saturated and darkorange-colored solution of diluted alcohol.

all extraneous matter and then combined with the developer, as before stated. This mixture is poured into a developing-tray and the photographic plate or sheet to be developed transferred from the plate-holder into the 55 non-actinic bath thus prepared either in the dark-room, afterward admitting the light thereinto or removing the bath with the contained plate into the light, or by any wellknown or approved means for effecting this 60 transfer in the light without exposing the plate or sheet thereto. The non-actinic bath will completely exclude the actinic rays from the immersed plate or sheet, and the developing-mixture being perfectly clear the devel- 65 opment will proceed in full view of the operator, who may thus easily note the progress of the development. When the image is found to be fully developed, the plate or sheet may be transferred in the light to a bath of 70 any of the usual fixing agents—such as hyposulphite of soda—and the bath quickly covered with a dark cloth; or the fixing-bath may be likewise rendered non-actinic by the addition thereto of the same non-actinic coloring- 75 matter. The transfer of the developed plate or sheet from the non-actinic developing-bath into the fixing-bath in the light may be thus effected without clouding the image, insomuch as the aniline coloring-matter, as well as all 8c other inorganic coloring-matters, so far as known, forms a perfect solution and fills the pores of the gelatine film, so as to form a perfeetly non-actinic envelope over the film, lasting until the plate is immersed in the fixing-85 bath. The fixing action then immediately commencing, light has no further effect on the film.

The proportions of the developer and colored solution above given will yield a safe 90 and efficient developer, if the developing-tray is no larger than necessary to be half-filled by the mixture; but the circumstances of the case and the experience of the operator will determine the depth of color in the mixture. 95

I hereby reserve the right to make future application for the non-actinic fixing-mixture hereinbefore referred to.

orange-colored solution of diluted alcohol. I claim as new and desire to secure by Let50 This solution is first well strained to remove ters Patent—

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1. The combination, with a photographic developer, of a non-actinic inorganic coloring-matter, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

2. The combination, with a photographic developer, of a non-actinic aniline solution, substantially as and for the purpose speci-

fied.

3. The combination, with a photographic

developer, of orange aniline, substantially as 10 and for the purpose specified.

Signed at New York, in the county of New York and State of New York, this 11th day of February, A. D. 1889.

CHARLES SPIRO.

Witnesses:

C. W. STUBBINGS, JOHN H. SCHULTE