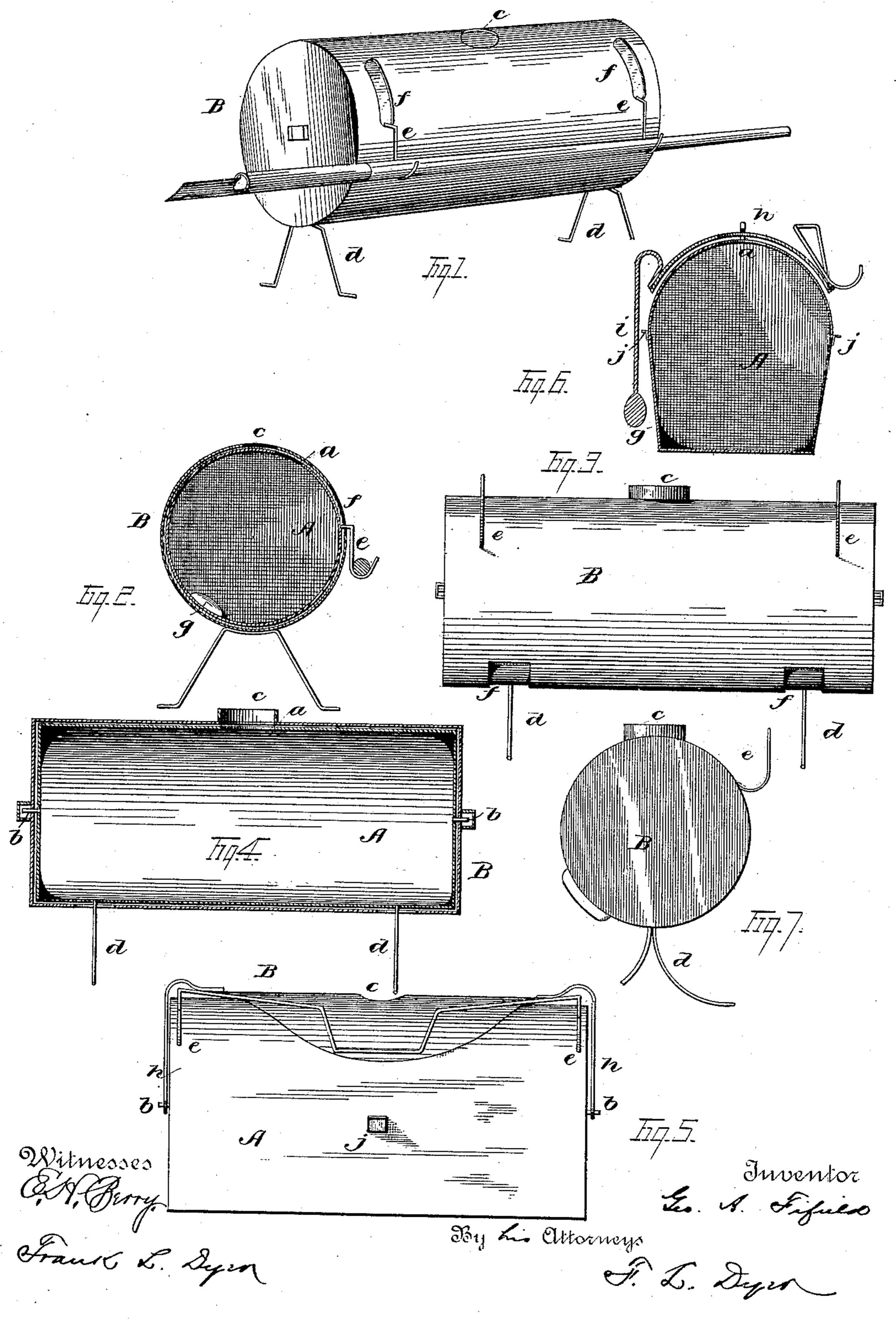
(No Model.)

G. A. FIFIELD. INKSTAND.

No. 409,351.

Patented Aug. 20, 1889.



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE A. FIFIELD, OF DUBUQUE, IOWA.

INKSTAND.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 409,351, dated August 20, 1889.

Application filed June 10, 1889. Serial No. 313,685. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, George A. Fifield, a citizen of the United States, residing at Dubuque, in the county of Dubuque and State of Iowa, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Inkstands; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, which will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention relates to various new and useful improvements in inkstands; and the particular varieties of inkstands to which my invention has immediate reference are those 15 in which the entrance to the ink-well will be immediately closed by the weight of the pen, placed on a convenient rack, and when the pen is removed therefrom the entrance will be opened automatically. In the devices of 20 this character heretofore made there has been no question as to their great convenience and utility; but nevertheless there are some disadvantages attendant on their construction, and particularly by reason of the peculiar ar-25 rangement of the closing-lid with relation to the mouth of the ink-receptacle, this relation being such that the lid is liable to become lodged over the entrance by reason of the coagulated ink.

of my invention consist of an ink-vessel having an opening therein for the entrance of the pen, a movable shield pivoted with relation to said ink-vessel and having an opening therein coincident with the hole in the ink-vessel, a support attached either to the shield or ink-vessel for receiving the pen, and a counterbalancing-weight attached either to the ink-vessel or to the shield, for normally keeping the two holes coincident.

In the description of my invention following

hereinafter, reference is made to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this ap-

plication, and in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a cylindrical form of my invention having the pen-holder supports and counterbalancing-weights secured to the ink-receptacle; Fig. 2, a cross-sectional view of the same; Fig. 3, a

front elevation of a cylindrical form of my 50 invention having the pen-holder supports and counterbalancing-weight secured to the movable shield; Fig. 4, a longitudinal sectional view of the same; Fig. 5, a front elevation of another form of my invention having a differently-arranged movable shield; Fig. 6, a sectional view of the same, and Fig. 7 an end elevation of Fig. 3.

In all of the figures the corresponding parts of the article are designated by identical let- 60

ters of reference.

The three forms I have illustrated in the drawings will be described in their regular order. The first form consists of an ink-receptacle A, made preferably of metal in the 65 cylindrical form shown. This ink-receptacle is closed at its ends by means of suitable heads, so as to be capable of holding the liquid without leakage. At the upper portion of this ink-receptacle is an opening a for the en- 70 trance of the pen-holder. Surrounding this receptacle is a casing or shield B, made also of metal and of a construction precisely like that of the ink-receptacle, with the exception that such casing is somewhat larger. The 75 ink-receptacle is pivoted within the casing or shield B, by means of pivoting-pins b b, in such a manner as to be capable of a rotary movement within said casing. These pivoting-pins are attached to the before-mentioned 80 heads of the ink-receptacle and pass loosely through the corresponding heads of this casing or shield. An opening c, corresponding to the opening a and coincident therewith, is made in the upper portion of the casing or 85 shield.

The casing or shield is supported by means of suitable feet or standards d d, adapted to rest upon the desk so as to present the two coincident openings a and c approximately 90 vertically. Two or more curved arms e e are soldered or otherwise secured to the exterior of the ink-receptacle and pass out through the slots f f in the casing or shield. These curved arms e e are for the support of the 95 pen-holder.

In order that the two openings a and c may be always kept normally coincident, a counter-

balancing-weight g is made use of. The location of such a weight is immaterial. It may be placed at the lower interior portion of the ink-receptacle, or at the side thereof opposite 5 the curved arms e e; or it might be secured to one or both of the heads of said inkreceptacle. Instead of utilizing such a counterbalancing-weight it might be just as advantageous to make use of an ordinary spring. 10 The introduction of this latter feature could be instituted without the exercise of inventive ingenuity.

The operation of the form of inkstand I have just described is as follows: The ink-15 receptacle is filled with ink, and the pen is introduced through the openings a and c to the same in the usual manner. When the writer has finished using the inkstand, the pen-holder is placed upon the curved arms e 20 e, which will be carried downward in the slots f in opposition to the retracting force exerted by the counterbalancing weight or spring. This movement of the ink-receptacle upon the pivoting-pins b b will throw the two 25 openings a and c out of their normal coincident relation with each other, and the opening a will be closed and all dust, &c., thereby effectively excluded. Upon removing the pen-holder from the curved arms e e the 30 counterbalancing weight or spring will force the ink-receptacle back to its original position and the stand will be again ready for use.

The form of inkstand illustrated in Figs. 2 and 3 is of the general characteristics as the 35 one just described, the only differences between the two being in matters of detail. The second form of stand is provided with an ink-receptacle A, with a casing or shield B, with the feet or standards d d, with the curved 40 arms e e, and with the coincident openings a c, all of the same general appearance of the corresponding elements of the first form. In this second form of stand, however, instead of throwing the ink-receptacle partially around within the shield or casing, the reverse movements take place—that is to say, the casing is rotated around a stationary ink-receptacle. This change of movements is brought about by securing the curved arms 50 e e to the side of the shield or casing by attaching the feet or standards d d directly to the bottom of the ink-receptacle, and by placing the counterbalancing-weight on the side of the shield or casing directly opposite

55 the curved arms e e. Since the casing in this form moves with relation to the feet or standards d d, the slots ff are placed in the casing so that said feet may be moved therein. In this form of inkstand, when the

60 pen is placed on the curved arms e e, the casing B is thrown partially around on the pivoting-pins, (the feet or standards d d working in the slots f f, and the coincident relations of the two openings a and c are broken. In

65 both of the two forms of inkstands above described the extent of the movement of either !

the ink-receptacle or shield depends entirely on the length of the slots ff, as will be readily

apparent.

I have invented still another modification 70 in the construction of my inkstand, which, while differing somewhat from the general appearance of the two forms described above, still partakes approximately of the same operation. This third form of inkstand is illus- 75 trated in Figs. 5 and 6. It consists of an inkreceptacle A, made preferably with a flat bottom, so that the feet or standards may be dispensed with, and with a semi-rounded top. Within this top is the opening a. Projecting 80 from each side of this ink-receptacle is a pivoting-pin b b. Engaging with these pivotingpins b b are the vertical arms h h, which support the shield B at their upper ends. This shield extends only a short distance on each 85 side of the opening a, and is provided with the opening c, the two openings being coincident, as in the other modifications. At the forward portion of this shield B are the curved arms e e, which can, if desired, be made in one 90 continuous piece. From the rear portion of this shield extends the curved arm i, provided at its lower end with the counterbalancingweight g. This curved arm i is used so that the center of gravity of the counterbalancing- 95 weight may be placed as low as possible in order that the best possible effect may be obtained from said weight. In this form it will be apparent that when a pen-holder is placed upon the curved arms e e the shield will be 100 thrown forward by reason of its being mounted on the supporting-arms h h, and the two openings a and c will be separated, as in the two preceding forms of inkstand. On removing the pen from the curved arms e e the 105 weight g will throw the shield back to its first position. Suitable studs j j are placed on each side of the ink-receptacle to limit the movement of the shield.

In all three of the forms of inkstands I have 110 described the matters of ornamentation, proportion, and material are left entirely to the discretion of the manufacturer. Such matters relate in no way to the essential spirit of my invention, which consists in pivoting an 115 ink-receptacle and a shield with relation to each other, so that when a pen is placed on a movable bracket the two openings in the inkreceptacle and shield, respectively, will be thrown out of their coincident location.

Having now fully and entirely described my invention, what I claim as new therein, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In an inkstand, the combination, with an ink-receptacle, of a shield or casing pivoted 125 with relation thereto and each having a coincident opening therein, said ink-receptacle or said shield being movable, substantially as herein set forth.

2. In an inkstand, the combination, with an 130 ink-receptacle, of a shield or casing pivoted with relation thereto and each having a coin-

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cident opening therein, and a pen-rack e e, secured to the movable portion of said pen-

holder, substantially as described.

3. In an inkstand, the combination, with an 5 ink-receptacle, of a shield or casing pivoted with relation thereto and each having a coincident opening therein, and a pen-rack e e and counterbalancing-weight g, or its equiva-

lent, secured to the movable part of said inkstand, substantially as set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

GEORGE A. FIFIELD.

Witnesses:

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MONROE M. CADY, Sabrie M. Goddard.