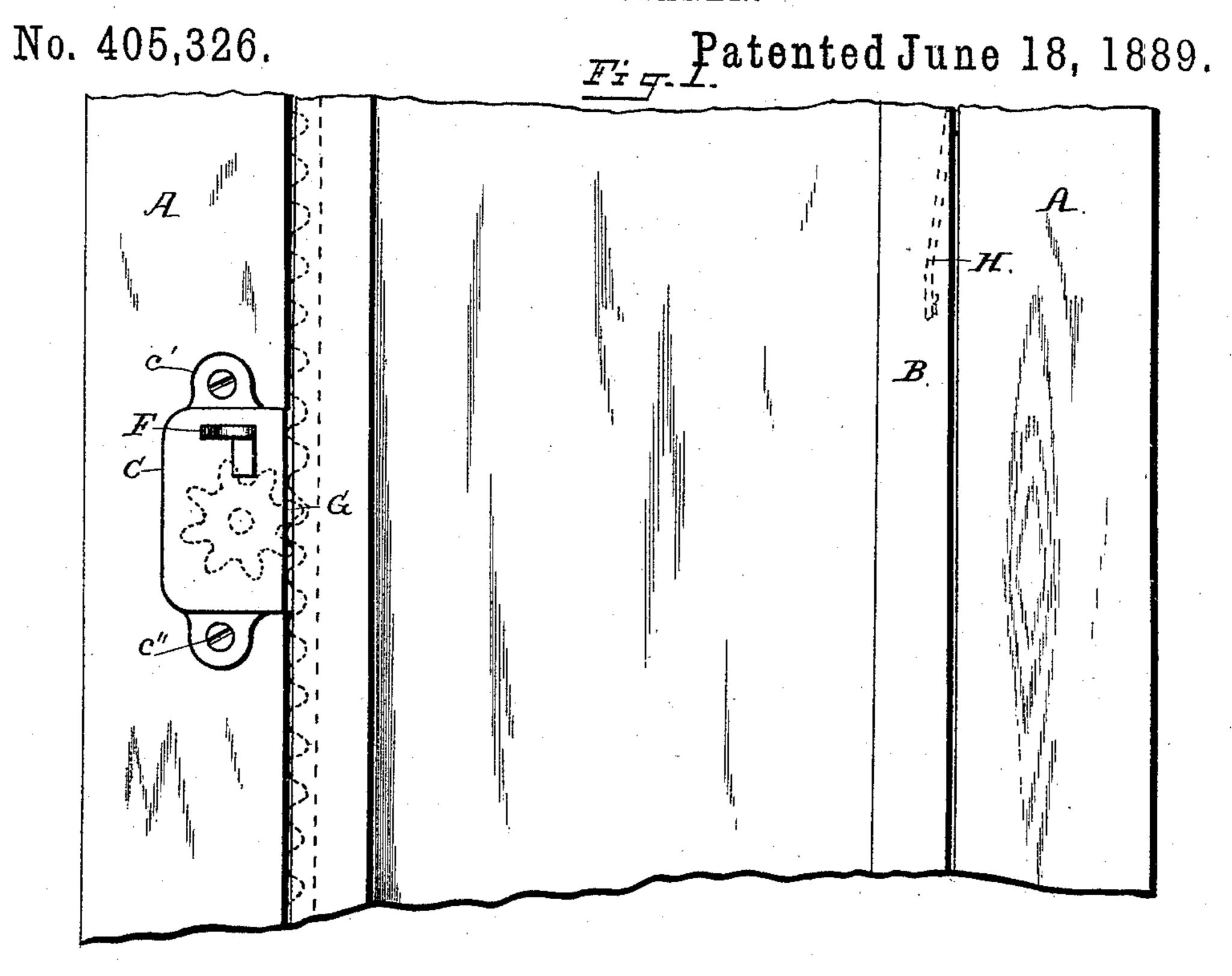
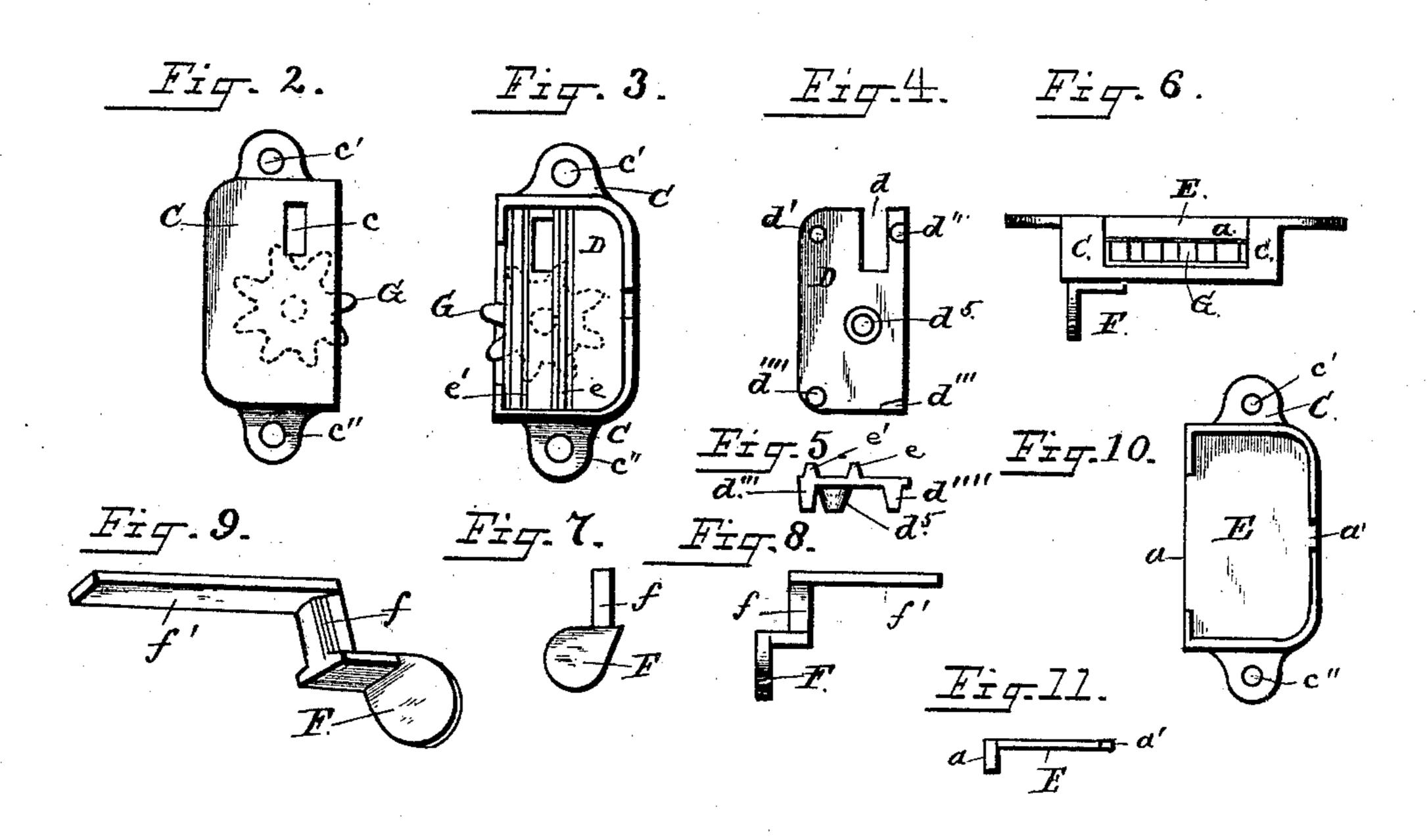
T. B. ROSS.
SASH FASTENER.





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THOMAS B. ROSS, OF EVANSVILLE, INDIANA, ASSIGNOR TO THE ROSS SASH LOCK COMPANY, OF SAME PLACE.

SASH-FASTENER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 405,326, dated June 18, 1889.

Application filed December 11, 1888. Serial No. 293,317. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Beitknown that I, Thomas B. Ross, a native citizen of the United States of America, residing at Evansville, in the county of Vanderburg 5 and State of Indiana, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Sash-Locks; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to 10 which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the acccompanying drawings, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to improvements in window-fasteners, and has for its object to lock the sash in any position in which it may be placed, and thus prevent the sash from being either raised or lowered; and it consists, es-20 sentially, in combining a gravitating lockingpawl with a gear-wheel located in a box in | the window-casing and adapted to engage a rack-bar attached to the adjacent edge of the

window-sash.

Figure 1 is a front view of a window frame and sash provided with this attachment. Fig. 2 is a detached view of the box with the pawl removed, and that portion of the gear-wheel which is inside of the box is indicated in 30 broken lines and that part of the wheel which extends to the outside of the box (to engage with the rack-bar) is shown in full lines. Fig. 3 is a view of the opposite side of the box. Fig. 4 is a detached view of a plate D 35 removed from the box C, taken from the opposite side to that shown in Fig. 3. Fig. 5 is an end view of plate D. Fig. 6 is an edge view of the box C complete, and shows the gear-wheel G, pawl F, and the inclosing-plate 40 E. Figs. 7 and 8 are detached views of the pawl F. Fig. 9 is a perspective view of the pawl F enlarged. Fig. 10 shows side of box C which goes against the window frame or sash. Fig. 11 is an end view of the plate E 45 removed from the box C.

The letter A indicates a window-frame; B, a sash.

C is a metal box adapted to be secured to a window frame or sash, either by lugs and 50 screws, as shown in the drawings, or by being let into the window frame or sash in any suit-

able manner, so that some of the teeth of the gear-wheel may project therefrom and engage with a rack-bar secured to the sash or to the window-frame. Thus, if the rack-bar is se- 55 cured to the sash, then the box C is attached to the window-frame, or if the box C is secured to the sash, then the rack-bar is fastened to the window-frame, whichever best suits the convenience of the builder. The 60 box C has a slot c, for the passage of the pawl F, which slides up and down therein a sufficient distance to drop between any two of the teeth of the gear-wheel G and lock the wheel in the position it may be in at the time 65 the pawl F is dropped. To release the wheel G, the pawl F must be lifted clear of the teeth of the wheel. The box C has two other openings c' c'', for the passage of screws by means of which it may be secured either to a win- 70 dow-frame or a sash. The box C is adapted to receive a plate D, having a slot d for the passage of the pawl F, and supporting-legs d' d'' d''' d'''' and a stud d^5 , which enters the central opening of the spur-wheel G and forms 75 the bearing upon which it revolves. The plate D is also provided with guides e e' for the extension f' of the pawl F, which slides between the two.

The pawl F acts by gravity, and in its nor- 8c mal condition the connecting-piece f rests between two of the teeth of the gear-wheel G, in which position the wheel remains locked. The part F serves as a handle, by means of which the pawl may be raised sufficiently to 85 permit the gear-wheel to revolve, and thereby allow the window-sash to be opened or closed. A cap or cover E, having parts a a', is fitted to the box C.

It will be observed that the box C and its 90 accessories may be constructed entirely of simple castings with scarcely any fitting, thus securing a very cheap construction.

H is a spring attached to one side of the sash. It may or it may not be employed.

This sash-fastener is to be used either on car or house windows, and is an improvement upon the one for which Letters Patent were granted me, No. 319,324, June 2, 1885.

Having described my invention, what I de- 100 sire to secure by Letters Patent and claim is— In a sash-fastener, the combination, with a

widow frame or sash provided with a rackbar, of a box C, having a slot c, a plate D, having a slot d, legs d' d'' d''' d'''', stud d^5 , and guides e e', a pawl F, having connectingpiece f and extension f', adapted to slide, respectively, in the slots c and d and between the guides e e', and a gear-wheel adapted to revolve upon the stud d^5 , as shown and described, and for the purposes set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

THOMAS B. ROSS,

Witnesses:

J. E. WILLIAMSON, JAMES M. BRITE.