

(No Model.)

P. PILON & J. PLOUDRE.
WALKING STICK.

No. 401,061.

Patented Apr. 9, 1889.

FIG. 1.

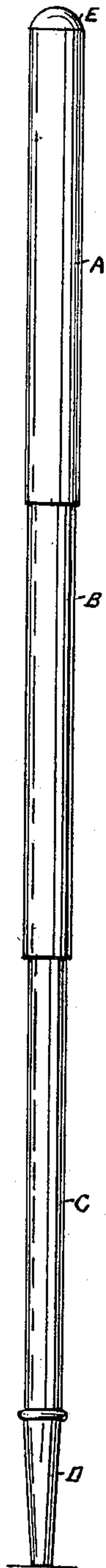


FIG. 3.

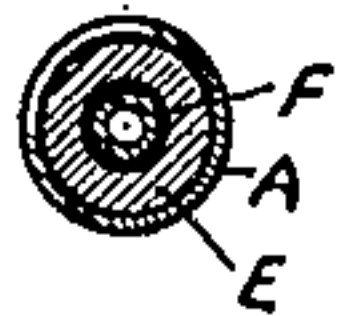


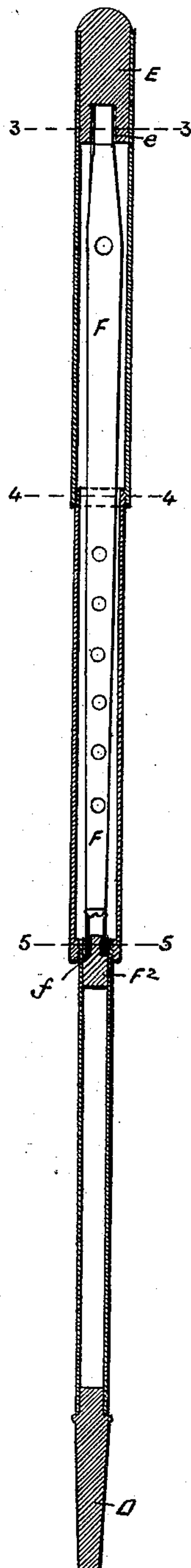
FIG. 4.



FIG. 5.



FIG. 2.



WITNESSES.

T. G. White
A. E. Buchanan.

INVENTORS.

Paul Pilon and
Joseph Ploudre
by their Attorneys
Brown Bros

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

PAUL PILON AND JOSEPH PLOUDRE, OF WEST QUINCY, MASSACHUSETTS.

WALKING-STICK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 401,061, dated April 9, 1889.

Application filed July 16, 1888. Serial No. 280,116. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, PAUL PILON and JOSEPH PLOUDRE, of the town of West Quincy, in the county of Norfolk and State of Massachusetts, have invented a certain new and useful Improved Telescoping Walking-Stick or Cane, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of this invention is to adapt a walking-stick or cane as a receptacle for a fife, and, with the fife removed, to be telescoped and thus put into compact shape; and to that end this invention consists, in substance, of a walking-stick or cane made in tubular sections adapted to telescope each other lengthwise and make a casing, when severally opened out, to receive a fife and therein to confine it end to end, and to secure the sections against accidental closing, all substantially as hereinafter described.

In the drawings forming part of this specification, Figure 1 is a side elevation of the walking-stick with its telescoping sections opened out. Fig. 2 is a central longitudinal section of Fig. 1, showing a side view of a fife in the cane-sections. Figs. 3, 4, and 5 are horizontal sections, lines 3 3, 4 4, and 5 5, respectively, Fig. 2.

In the drawings, A, B, and C represent three tubular sections of a walking-stick or cane adapted, as well known, to telescope one another.

D is the ferrule, and E is the head of the cane, the latter readily removable at pleasure, and all as well known.

F is a fife inserted in the tubular sections A and B, crossing their jointed ends and the jointed ends of sections B C, and confined end to end between the inner end of the head E

of the section A and a fixed head, F², of the section C, said heads E F² preferably having sockets *e f* for the entrance and seating of the ends of the fife.

The walking-stick or cane in tubular sections, telescoping, and adapted to receive a fife and confine it end to end therein, as described, plainly is a most useful and serviceable combination of devices, in that it enables a fife to be most conveniently stowed away for carriage when not in use, and when in use it enables the cane to be then closed and made of a most compact and convenient shape for being put away and carried.

The fife in the cane, as described, holds the sections in their opened-out position, and removed leaves sections free to be telescoped. The cane-head E inserted is to be made fast in any suitable manner, and this may be accomplished by adapting it, and the end of the section to receive it, to be screwed the head into and out of or onto and off of the section.

Having thus described our invention, what we claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

A walking-stick in tubular sections telescoping each other, in combination with a fife inserted in and crossing the joints of said sections, and with rests E F² of the sections for the opposite ends of the fife, substantially as described, for the purpose specified.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto set our hands in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

PAUL PILON.
JOSEPH PLOUDRE.

Witnesses:

ALBERT W. BROWN,
FRANCES M. BROWN.