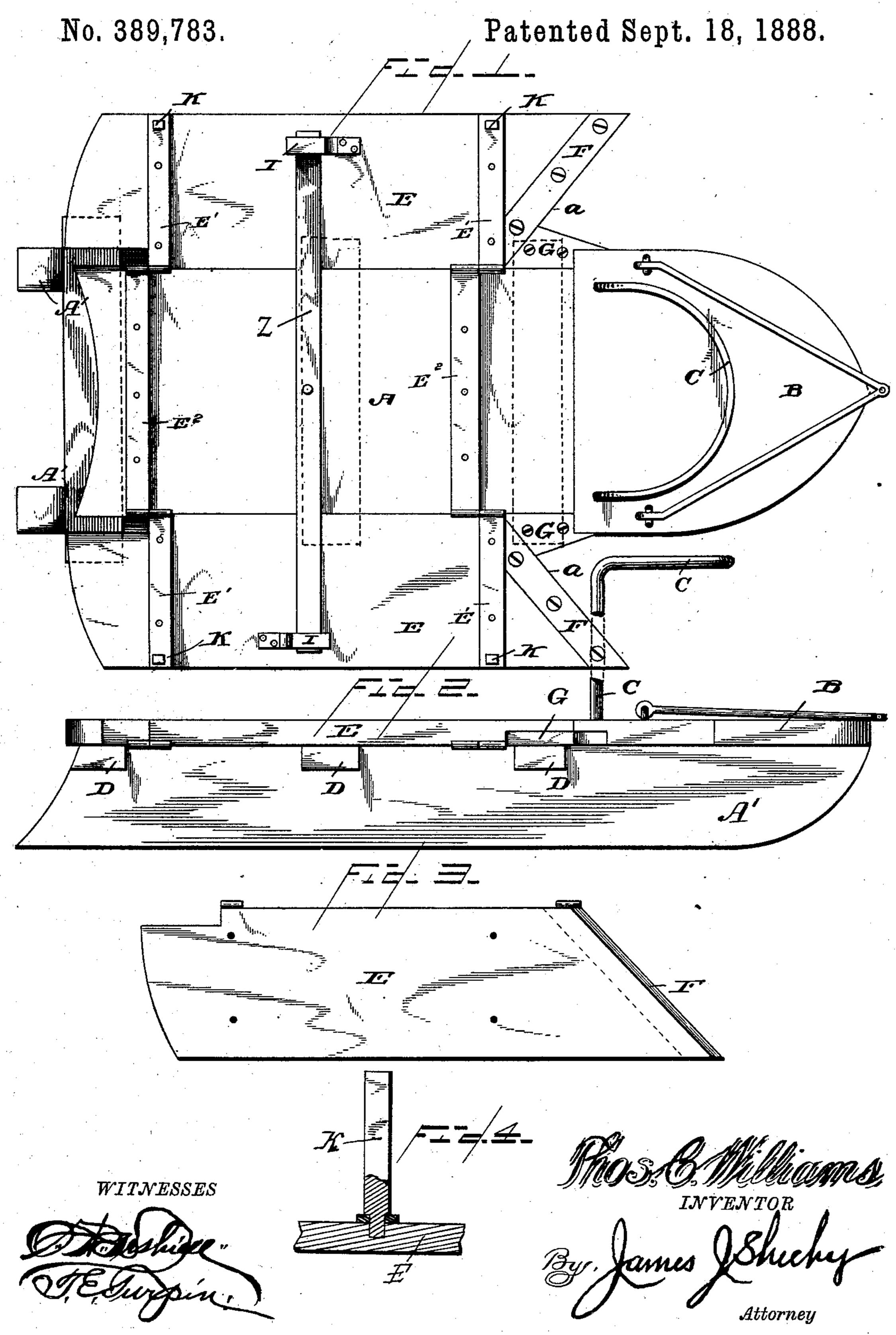
T. C. WILLIAMS.

CORN CUTTER.



United States Patent Office.

THOMAS C. WILLIAMS, OF BELOIT, KANSAS.

CORN-CUTTER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 389,783, dated September 18, 1888.

Application filed February 6, 1888. Serial No. 263,121. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, THOMAS C. WILLIAMS, a citizen of the United States, residing at Beloit, in the county of Mitchell and State of Kansas, 5 have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Corn Cutters; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention is designed as an improvement in that class of devices known as "corncutters;" and it has for its object to provide a device which may cut two rows of stalks at one operation.

The invention will be fully understood from the following description, when taken in connection with the annexed drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan view showing the parts in an operative position. Fig. 2 is a side elevation with the wings folded, the stakes K having been removed; and Fig. 3 is a view of one of the wings removed with the cutter and protecting-plate attached. Fig. 4 is a detail view, partly in section and partly in elevation, showing the connection of the stakes K with the wings E.

Referring by letter to the said drawings, A indicates the main frame, which is composed 30 of a center piece of board or other suitable material. This center piece is of any desired length and is of a width to permit it to pass between two parallel rows of stalks. This frame is shown as mounted on low runners, al-35 though wheels or other means of support may be employed without departing from the spirit of my invention. To the forward end of this frame is attached a platform, B, which, in addition to receiving the draft, furnishes a con-40 venient means of support for the driver. This platform is provided with a transverse guard, C, which serves to shield the driver from the falling and standing stalks. This shield also serves as a convenient means for resting the 45 lines of the animal. The runners are connected by a suitable number of cross-bars, D, which may be slightly extended beyond the edges of the frame A, so as to rest the wings (which will be presently described) and also 50 relieve the hinges from undue strain.

E E indicate hinged wings, which are of a

width equal to about one-half the width of the frame A, so that they may fold compactly thereon. These wings are respectively hinged to the longitudinal edges of the frame A by 55 strap-hinges composed of the straps E' and E^2 , and the straps are long enough to extend across the same, so as to impart stability thereto. The forward ends of these wings are cut obliquely, the angle being from without in-60 wardly, as indicated at a, and to these oblique edges are secured cutters F F.

To the forward longitudinal edges of the main frame, and at the base of the cutters F F, are secured metallic protecting plates G G, 65 which also serve as cutters. It will be observed that these protecting-plates G, which also serve as cutters, have an offset, a', (better shown in Fig. 3 of the drawings,) and which snugly engage the rear and outer end of the 70 platform at its connection with the main frame, thereby extending the cutting-edge forwardly, as shown. These protecting-plates are about midway the length and in the center of the main frame, as shown, and the upper sides of 75 the wings are provided with keepers I to receive the opposite ends of the lock-bar when the said wings are extended in an operative position.

Z indicates the lock-bar, which is pivoted 80 about midway of its length in the center of the main frame, and has for its object to enter the keepers of the hinged wings and hold the same in a horizontally-extended position during operation. When it is desirable to fold 85 the hinged wings upon the main frame after use, the lock-bar should be first turned on its pivot, so as to be brought longitudinally with the said main frame, thereby allowing the wings to be turned in. The wings are also 90 provided at their forward and rear ends, near their outer edges, with stakes K K, which will prevent the stalks after they are cut and deposited upon the frame from falling off the sides to the ground. These stakes may be re- 95 moved and taken up when it is desirable to fold the wings.

In operation it will be seen that, as the angle of inclination of the knives is inward as the machine is drawn along between two rows of 100 corn and the wings are extended, the knives will have a draw cut on the stalks, and as the

same are severed low down they will fall upon the frame, when they may be carried to any suitable point of delivery.

Having described my invention, what I claim 5 is—

1. The combination, with the main frame mounted as described, of the hinged wings having the keepers, the cutters on the forward edges of the wings, and the pivoted lock-bar, to substantially as specified.

2. The stalk-cutter herein described, consisting, essentially, of the main frame mounted on runners, the driver's platform having a shield for the driver secured to the forward

edge thereof, the lock-bar pivoted to the mid- 15 dle of the main frame, the hinged wings having keepers, the oblique cutters secured to the forward edges of the wings, and the protecting-plates secured to the edges of the main frame at the inner edges of the cutters, sub- 20 stantially as specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in

presence of two witnesses.

THOMAS C. WILLIAMS.

Witnesses:

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WILL R. HEACOCK,
J. E. STEVENS.