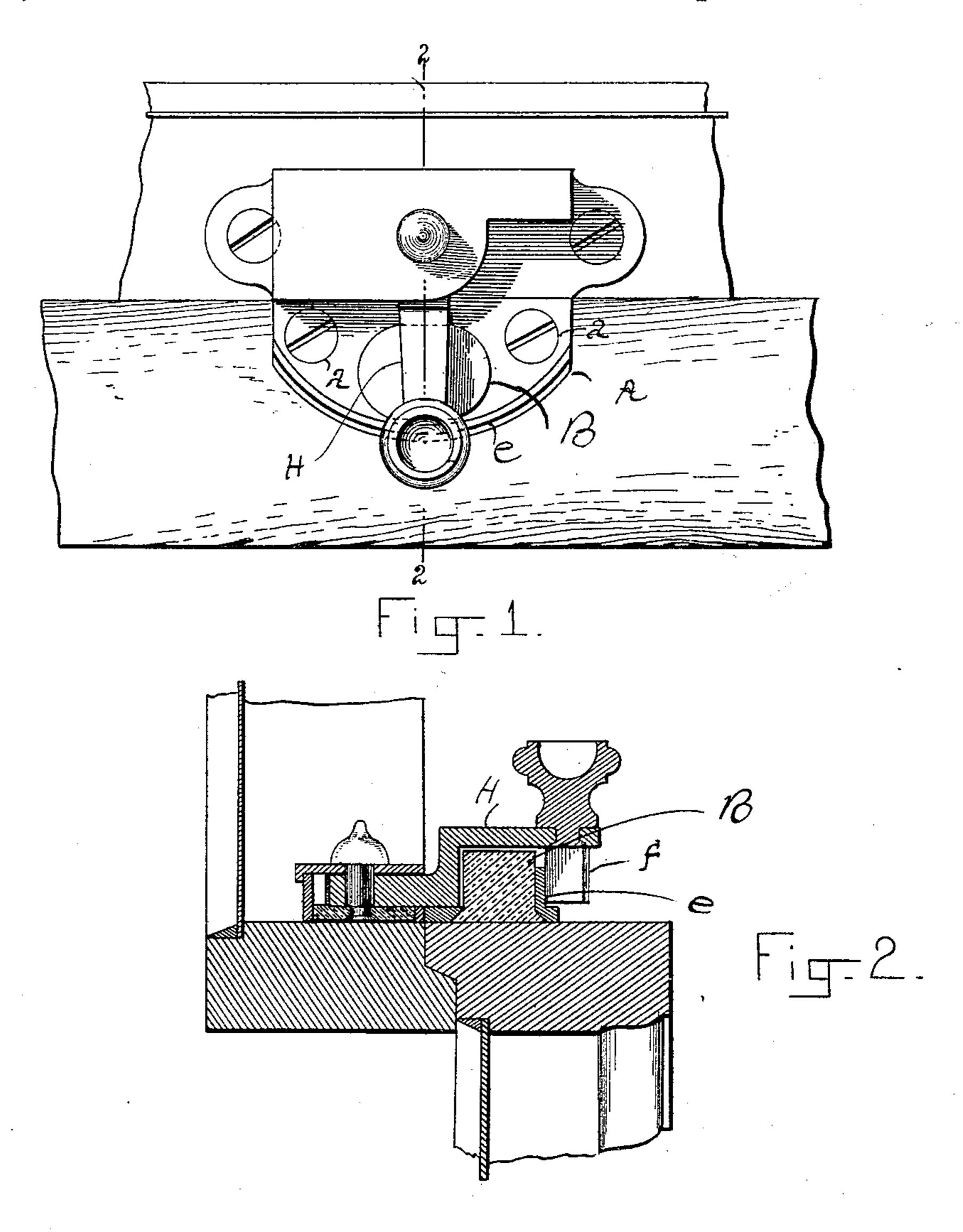
(No Model.)

G. B. FRENCH.

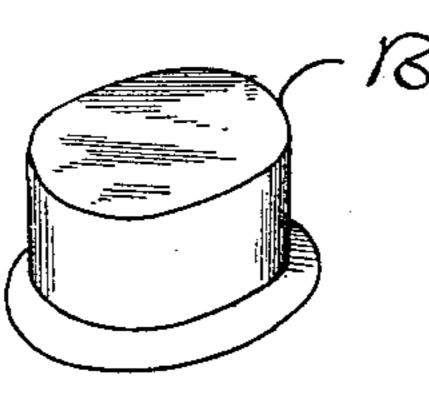
FASTENER FOR THE MEETING RAILS OF SASHES.

No. 389,213.

Patented Sept. 11, 1888.



VITNESSES: E, D, Blackmell, E, E, Hamill,



G. B. French,
By

Cars. Jutto

At 21

INITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GILBERT B. FRENCH, OF LYNN, MASSACHUSETTS.

FASTENER FOR THE MEETING-RAILS OF SASHES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 389,213, dated September 11, 1888.

Application filed December 7, 1887. Serial No. 257, 182. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GILBERT B. FRENCH, of | Lynn, in the county of Essex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, have invented cer-5 tain Improvements in Devices for Fastening Window-Sashes, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification.

This invention relates to that class of dero vices commonly placed at the top of the bottom window-sash and used for locking the

sash in a closed position.

It is the object of this invention to provide means whereby the device is prevented from 15 marring the top of the window-casing when the sash is lifted to its extreme height.

The invention consists in combining with the fastening device a flexible bunter, which, coming in contact with the window-casing, ar-20 rests the upward progress of the sash, and itself yields under the accompanying pressure, so as not to mar the casing.

Referring to the drawings, Figure 1 is a plan view of a window-fastening device constructed 25 in accordance with and embodying this invention. Fig. 2 is a longitudinal vertical section on line 2.2. Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the bunter detached.

The plate A is provided with suitable holes, 30 aa, adapted for screws. The plate is designed to bear upon the top part of the bottom-sash, and is firmly secured to the sash by the screws passing through said holes and fixing into the sash. Said plate A is provided with a curved 35 edge-face, e, adapted to engage a boss, f, on the lever H. Said lever has its rear end pivoted to a mechanism fastened upon the bottom part or back sash, and is adapted to permit a horizontal swinging movement, to the end that the

40 lever may be brought round in front of the

edge c of the plate A, as represented in Fig. 2. All this mechanism is common, and the arrangement thereof is well known, and its operation is understood.

The plate Λ is provided with an opening to 45receive the bunter B. Said bunter is represented in perspective in Fig. 3. It is preferably composed of soft rubber, and is given the form represented in said figure. In use, the bottom face of the bunter bears upon the win- 50 dow-sash and is held thereon by the plate A, (represented in Fig. 2.) The plate and bunter have their contiguous faces beveled, as shown, to prevent the bunter from lifting out of place, and also to insure its solid connection with the 55 sash. The top or body portion of the bunter extends upward and terminates at somewhat above the highest part of the plate A, to the end that when the window is lifted the bunter may first come in contact with the casing and 60 yield sufficiently to prevent the marring of the same, and yet arrest the upward progress before the hard edges of the plate come against

Having thus described my invention, I claim 65 as new and desire by Letters Patent to secure—

1. In combination with a window sash locking mechanism, the flexible bunter B, said bunter being extended above the rigid faces of the locking mechanism, substantially as and for 70 the purposes described.

2. In a window-locking mechanism, the combination of plate A and bunter B, having their contiguous faces beveled, substantially as de-

scribed and shown.

GILBERT B. FRENCH.

Witnesses:

GEO. H. WILLIAMS, C. B. TUTTLE.