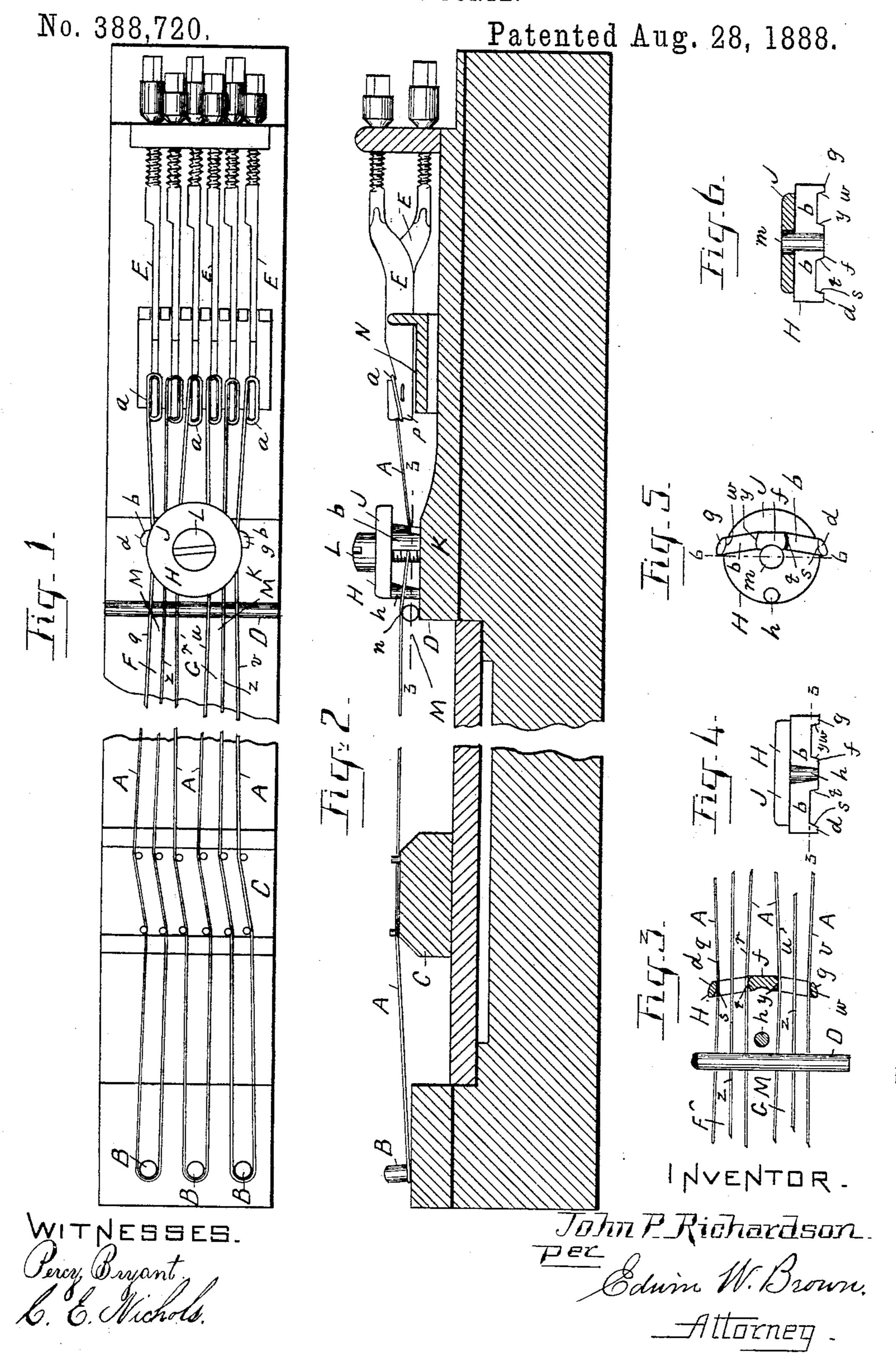
J. P. RICHARDSON.

PIANO FORTE.



United States Patent Office.

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PIANO-FORTE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 388,720, dated August 28, 1888.

Application filed February 1, 1887. Serial No. 226,180. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN P. RICHARDSON, of Cambridge, in the county of Middlesex and State of Massachusetts, have invented certain 5 new and useful Improvements in Piano-Fortes, of which the following is a full, clear, and ex-

act description.

The object of the present invention is to provide a device to bear down upon the strings of 10 a piano-forte between the tuning-pins and the bridge nearest thereto, to prevent the strings vibrating at such place and to hold them firmly upon said bridge, and to laterally space and retain and hold the strings, representing, pref-15 erably, two notes, so that laterally, at or near the bridge, they will be in proper position for the hammer of the piano action to strike and sound them; and the invention consists of a clamp or plate or bar adapted to be secured 20 over the strings, preferably representing two notes, at a proper distance above, and to the iron plate between the tuning-pins and the bridge nearest thereto, and provided with a down-bearing edge or edges or rib or ribs for 25 the strings, and side bearing surfaces or edges for the strings of each note, where two strings constitute a note, or for the two outer strings of each note, where three strings constitute a note, all substantially as hereinafter fully de-30 scribed.

In the accompanying plate of drawings is illustrated the present invention, Figures 1 and 2 representing, respectively, a plan and side view of the strings of a piano-forte secured to 35 their pins, bridges, and to their respective tuning-pins; Fig. 3, a detail under plan view above section-line 33, Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a front view of the device detached. Fig. 5 is an under plan view. Fig. 6 is a vertical cross-sec-

40 tion on line 6 6, Fig. 5.

In the drawings, A A represent the strings of a piano-forte secured around hitch-pins B, and thence passing over and bearing on the bridges Cand D, the end a of each string being secured 45 to its respective tuning-pin E, the strings representing two notes, F G, of three strings to each note, all as usual in piano-fortes, and needing no particular description herein.

H is a device, its construction and applica-50 tion constituting the present invention. This

device consists of a circular plate, J, having an edge or rib, b, on its under side, which edge or rib has three downwardly-projecting legs, dfg, resting by their respective ends on the iron plate K of the piano, and another down- 55 wardly-projecting leg, h, at the front, also adapted to rest on the plate K, the device being secured in position just back of the bridge D, and between it and the tuning-pins E, by a screw, L, passing through a center hole, m, in 60 the plate, and screwing down into the iron plate K, by which the device is firmly secured in its place to and on the iron frame. When secured in position on the iron plate, the strings representing the note F bear up against 65 the under edge, b, of the rib, between its legs d f, and the strings of the other note, G, bear up against the under edge, b, between the legs f g, as shown in Fig. 3, the legs d, f, g, and h being of such length that the 70 edges of the rib b will be lower down or nearer to the iron plate than the upper surface or edge, n, of the bridge and the ends p of the tuningpins E, which rest on the block L of the iron frame, thereby holding the strings A down and 75 consequently firmly upon the bridge D. The outer strings q r, of the note F are arranged to bear against the inner vertical edges st, respectively, of the $\log d$ and the middle \log , f, and the outer strings uv, of the other note, 80 G, are arranged to bear against the inner vertical edges wy, respectively, of the leg g and of the middle leg, f, and such edges are arranged in respect to their distances from each other that the two outer strings of each note will be 85 held in such relation to their middle string, z, and each other that the three strings of each note will be in proper position laterally at M in front of the bridge D for the hammer of the piano-action to properly strike and sound the 90 strings. This device enables the tuning-pins E, as well as the hitch-pins B, to be arranged farther apart laterally for their better attachment to and location on the piano-frame, giving them more room for such attachment. The top or plate portion, J, although made

of circular or round shape, as shown, which is

preferable, as is obvious, can be of any suita-

ble form; but the under bearing-edge of the

rib b, with its legs and their bearing edges, 100

must be, however, properly located in reference to each other and the proper bearing down of the string and distance they should be apart.

It is preferable to make the device so as to include the strings representing two notes, although it can be applied to the strings of only one note, or to more than two notes, if desired, also to make it of the present shape and form, and to secure it to the frame, as described, although it can be secured in any suitable manner.

The front leg, h, rests on the frame K, and is of a diameter small enough to lie between the series of strings representing the two notes and not touch or interfere with them, and in the arrangement of the strings the middle string, z, of each note is in a straight line, or substantially so, from its bridge C to its tuning-pin E.

This invention dispenses with notches in the bridge D for the several strings by which they are now sometimes spaced or arranged for their proper distances apart laterally at the bridge, as in this case the device itself produces this result, the bridge D being perfectly smooth and

straight on its string-bearing edge, and also 25 the edge can be made round, as shown in the drawings, in lieu of an inverted-V-edge, now sometimes used; also the device can be placed and secured to the frame between the bridge C and the hitch-pins B; but its most desirable 30 place is as described and shown.

Having thus described my invention, what

I claim is—

The combination, with the strings of a piano representing two notes, of a plate or bar, J, 35 having an under bearing edge, b, for the strings and legs dfgh, by which it rests upon the iron frame and secured thereto by a screw passing through a central opening in the plate, the legs dfgh having side bearing edges, for the 40 purpose specified.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand in the presence of two subscribing wit-

nesses.

JOHN P. RICHARDSON.

Witnesses:
EDWIN W. BROWN,
PERCY BRYANT.