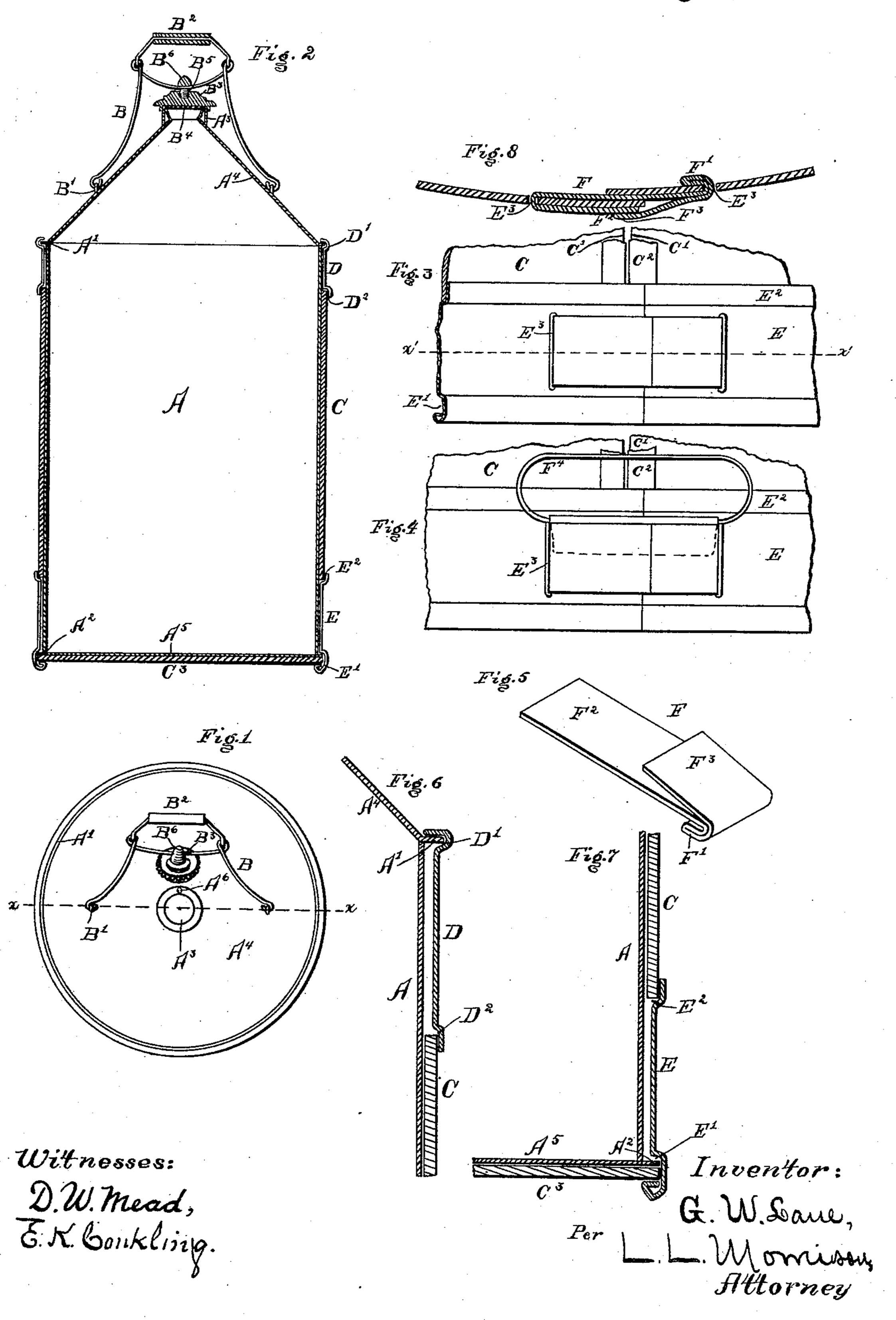
G. W. LANE.

OIL CAN.

No. 387,426.

Patented Aug. 7, 1888.



United States Patent Office.

GEORGE W. LANE, OF ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS.

OIL-CAN.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 387,426, dated August 7, 1888.

Application filed March 9, 1888. Serial No. 266,780. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, George W. Lane, a citizen of the United States, residing at Rockford, in the county of Winnebago and State of Illinois, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Oil Cans, of which the following is a specification.

The object of this invention is to produce a can for holding oils, of novel and superior construction, the novelty and superiority thereof residing for the most part in the make-up of the can-jacket and the means employed to secure the same to the can proper.

This invention consists of certain new and useful constructions and combinations, which are hereinafter described, and pointed out in the claims.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification, Figure 1 is a top view of my improved can open. Fig. 2 is a view of a vertical section through the dotted line x x of Fig. 1 of the same closed. Figs. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 are views in detail of portions of the can. Fig. 8 is a view of a horizontal section through the dotted line x x of Fig. 3 of a fragment of the can.

Like letters of reference indicate corresponding parts throughout the several figures.

A is a can-body of cylindrical form, provided 30 with upper and lower outwardly-projecting annular retaining-flanges, A' A².

A³ A⁴ A⁵ are respectively the neck, breast, and bottom of the can.

A⁶ is a tubular vent extending into the inte-35 rior of the same.

The parts of the can just described can be most advantageously manufactured of tin.

B is a bail secured to the can by means of the ears B'.

B² is a handle attached to the bail B.

B³ is a can stopper having the lower side thereof provided with leather or other suitable packing, B⁴, to prevent the escape of oil from the can, and the upper side thereof centrally perforated by a vertical tubular threaded opening, B⁵.

B⁶ is a screw depending from the bail B and adapted to enter and engage with the threads of the tubular opening B⁵.

C is a can-jacket, cylindrical in form and having the edges C' thereof bound with metal,

C², to protect the same from wear and mutilation.

C³ is a circular jacket-bottom, which, with the jacket C, can be most advantageously made 55 of wood or papier-maché.

D is an upper jacket-hoop for securing the upper end of the jacket C to the can-body A, provided with an annular groove, D', of suitable size to admit and contain the retaining- 60 flange A' of the can-body, and furnished with an outwardly-extending offset, D², open below, of proper dimensions to admit and securely retain therein an end of the can jacket C.

E is a lower jacket-hoop for securing the 65 lower end of the jacket C and the bottom C³ to the can-body A, provided with an annular groove, E', of suitable size to admit and contain the retaining-flange A² of the can-body and the peripheral portion of the jacket-bot-70 tom C³, and furnished with an outwardly-extending offset, E², open above, of proper dimensions to admit and securely retain therein an end of the can-jacket C.

E³ represents vertical tie-slots in the end por- 75 tions of the jacket-hoops, which may be made of sheet-iron or any other suitable material.

F is a hoop-tie formed by folding together a strip of metal, preferably tin, and bending the folded portion thereof into a hook, F', which so is inserted inward through one of the slots in the hoop E, (or D,) after which the long end F² of the tie is passed between the end portions of the hoop and out through the remaining slot therein, then flexed back over the hoop-joint 85 and the short end F³ thereof, and pressed down thereupon and secured thereto by means of solder.

F⁴ is a handle, which may be inserted between the tie F and the outside of the lower 90 hoop, and made fast thereto by the same soldering that secures the ends of the tie together.

It will be observed that the jacket just described is a knockdown jacket, that can be applied to and removed from can-bodies with ease 95 and rapidity—an advantage that will be much appreciated whenever it may become necessary to unjacket and rejacket cans in the process of manufacture and repairs. It will also be observed that there is considerable saving 100 of jacket material by covering can-bodies in the manner I have described, as the wooden

jackets of cans as they are usually constructed extend underneath jacket-hoops the entire

length of the bodies of the cans.

Owing to the fact that my jacket-hoops and hoop-ties are adjustable, they can be used to secure jackets to can-bodies that vary considerably in diameter and length without the slightest inconvenience.

I claim—

10 1. In combination, the herein-described canbody provided with upper and lower outwardly-projecting annular retaining-flanges for retaining jacket-hoops on the can-body, the cylindrical can-jacket, and circular bottom, the

upper jacket-hoop provided at the upper portion thereof with an annular groove of suitable size to admit and contain the upper retaining flange of the can-body and furnished at the lower portion thereof with an outwardly-extending officer and below after a formular officer.

20 tending offset, open below, of proper dimensions to admit and securely retain therein an end of the can-jacket, and the lower jacket-hoop provided at the lower portion thereof with an annular groove of suitable size to admit and

contain the lower retaining-flange of the canbody and peripheral portion of the jacket-bottom and furnished at the upper portion thereof with an outwardly-extending offset, open above, of proper dimensions to admit and securely retain therein an end of the can-jacket, 30 substantially as described, and for the purpose specified.

2. In combination, the jacket-hoop having an annular groove, E', therein, and provided with an outwardly-extending offset, E², tie-35 slots E³, and hoop tie F, consisting of a folded strip of metal having the hook F' in one of the slots E³ in said hoop, the long end F² of the tie arranged between the end portions of the hoop and in the remaining slot therein and the hoop-joint, the short end F³ of the hoop-tie being secured thereto by solder or other means, substantially as set forth.

GEORGE W. LANE.

Witnesses:

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L. L. Morrison.