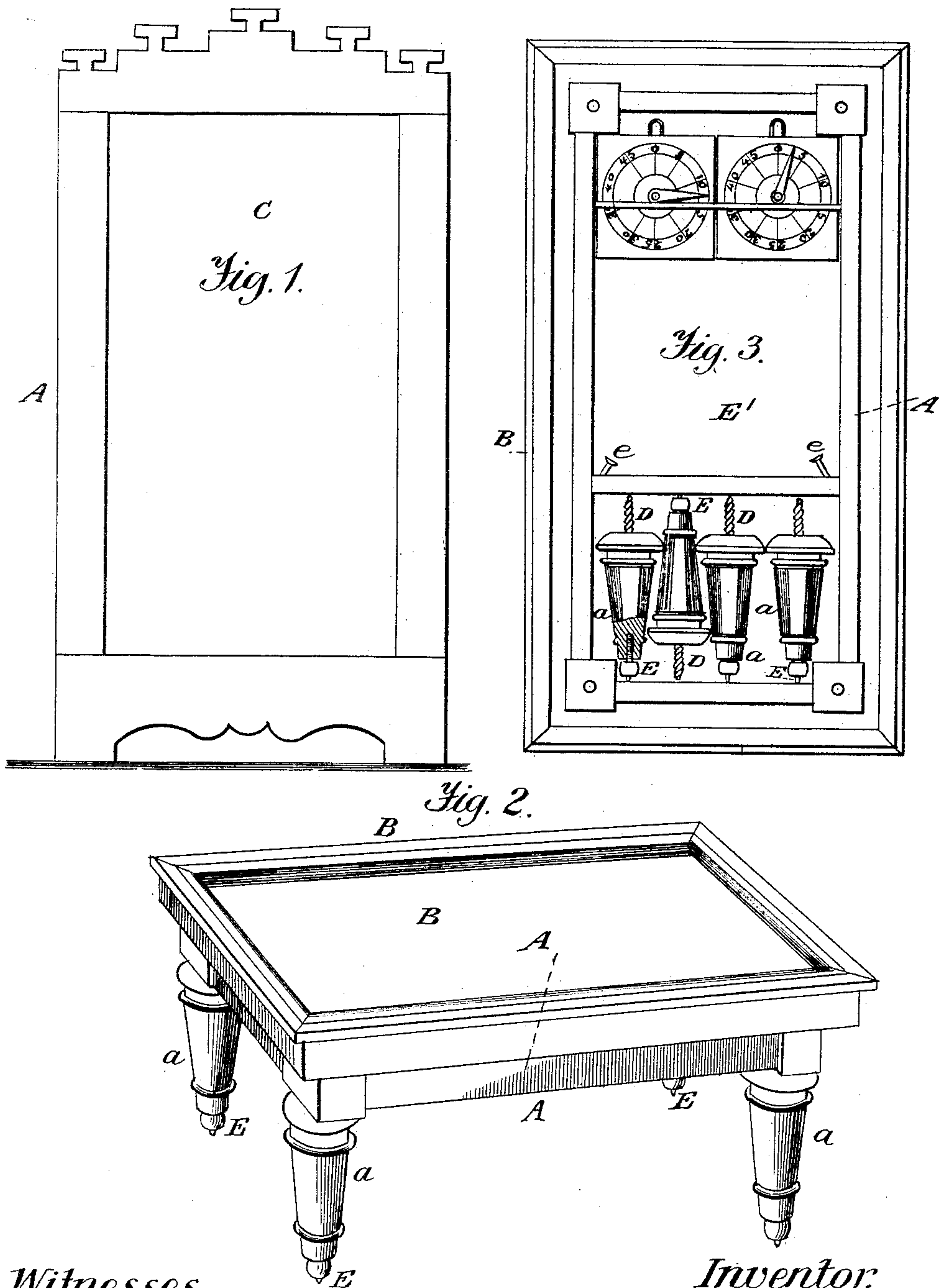


(No Model.)

W. P. FLINT.
BILLIARD TABLE.

No. 385,346.

Patented July 3, 1888.



Witnesses.
A. Ruppert
H. A. Daniels

Inventor:
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Per
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att'y

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM P. FLINT, OF MARYSVILLE, CALIFORNIA.

BILLIARD-TABLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 385,346, dated July 3, 1888.

Application filed November 25, 1887. Serial No. 256,115. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM P. FLINT, a citizen of the United States, residing at Marysville, in the county of Yuba and State of California, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Billiard - Tables; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it ap-
10 pertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

15 The special object of the invention is to make a billiard-table which, when not in use, may be turned up against the wall and represent some well-known article of furniture, the whole being so light that two persons may
20 easily and quickly place it on the floor ready for a game.

Figure 1 of the drawings is a front elevation of the billiard-table, presenting the appearance of an article of furniture; Fig. 2, a per-
25 spective view showing it arranged for the game of billiards, and Fig. 3 a plan view of the inside of the article provided with the usual appurtenances of a billiard-table.

In the drawings, A represents a hollow case
30 or oblong box, one of whose faces consists of a billiard-table, B, while the opposite detachable face, C, represents the front of some article of furniture. The legs *a* have the large end provided with a threaded rod, D, which screws
35 into the corners of the body of the case after the face C has been removed, while the small end has a pointed screw, E, by which the table may be properly leveled and kept in position without injuring the carpet or floor.

The billiard-table bed may be made of any
40 suitable material, but preferably of one which is light, like gelatinized paper.

When ready to play in a parlor or other room, first remove the furniture-face C and take out the cues and balls from the compart-
45 ment E', together with suitable markers, which are hooked on the two pins *e e*, right and left, so as to present the dial's face outward. Next, lean the case forward and screw two of the legs into place at the corners of one end and
50 let the case down upon these legs. Then screw in the two legs at the other end of case, and, finally, level the table with the screws E. All is now ready for a game. By a reverse opera-
55 tion the article is quickly replaced against the wall to serve as an ornamental piece of furniture.

I am aware that English Patent No. 1,572 of 1857 describes a billiard-table transversely divided into three sections hinged together, so
60 as to fold upon one another; but

What I claim as new, and desire to protect by Letters Patent, is—

The described article having an undivided billiard-table face on one side, an undivided
65 detachable furniture-face on the opposite side, and an intermediate hollow body to contain the appurtenances of a billiard-table, as set forth, and for the purpose specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in
70 presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM P. FLINT.

Witnesses:

A. J. CUMBERSON,
THOS. J. FLINT.