

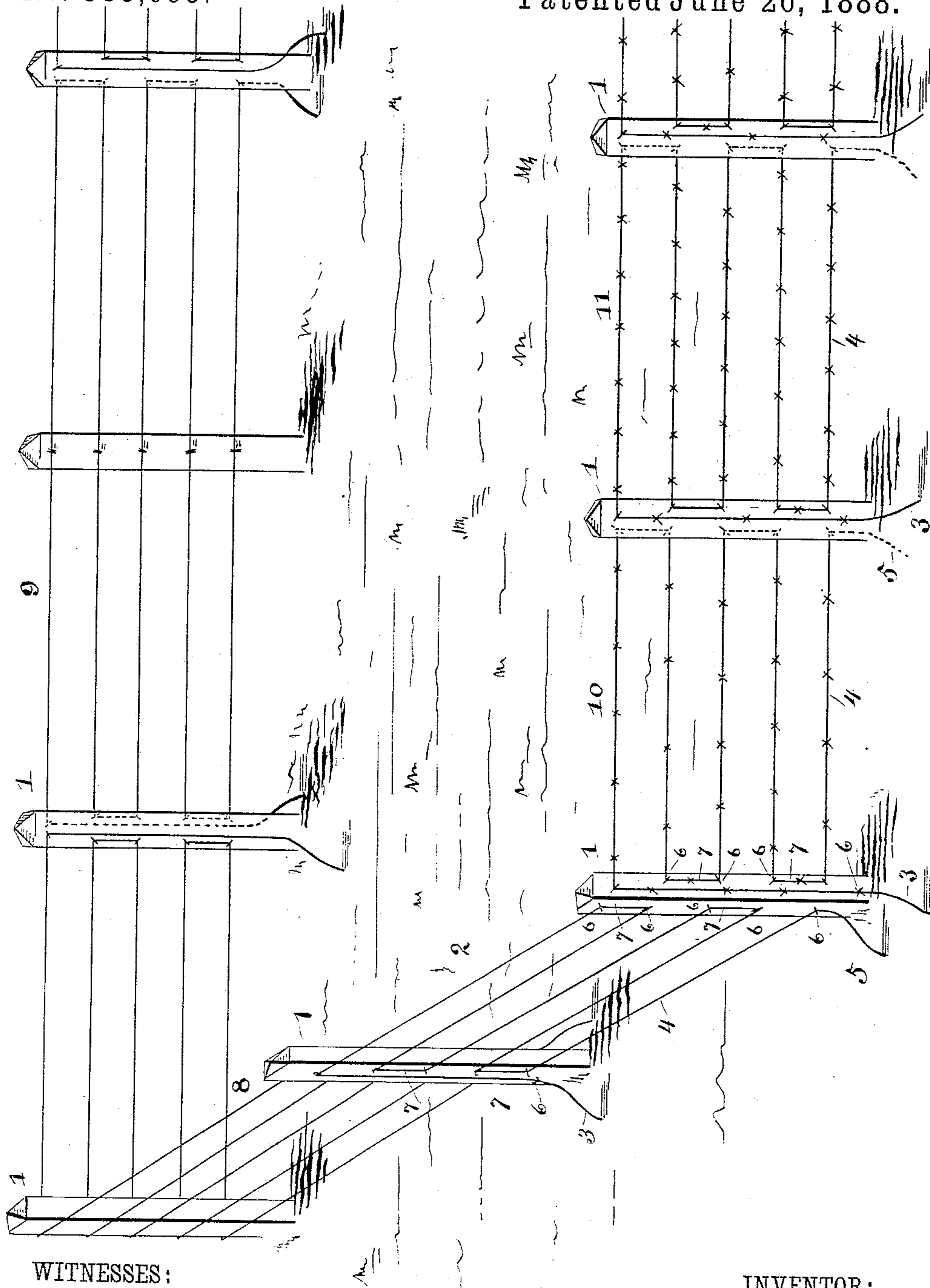
(No Model.)

A. COCKRELL.

## LIGHTNING ESCAPE FOR WIRE FENCES.

No. 385,095.

Patented June 26, 1888.



WITNESSES:

D. D. Mott,  
C. Sedgwick.

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ALLIN COCKRELL, OF LAMAR, MISSOURI.

## LIGHTNING-ESCAPE FOR WIRE FENCES.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 385,095, dated June 26, 1888.

Application filed October 21, 1887. Serial No. 252,973. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, ALLIN COCKRELL, of Lamar, in the county of Barton and State of Missouri, have invented a new and Improved  
5 Wire Fence, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to wire fences, and has for its object to provide a wire fence so constructed that a stroke of lightning will only  
10 affect a portion of the fence and the electricity be carried off directly into the ground, whereby a person or live stock adjacent to the fence at a distance will be in no danger.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying  
15 drawing, forming a part of this specification, in which the figure illustrates a wire fence constructed according to my invention.

In constructing the wire fence wooden posts  
20 1, square or of other suitable shape, are set up at the desired distances apart. A section, 2, of fence is then formed by burying the end 3 of a strand of wire, 4, a sufficient distance in the ground, carrying the wire upon one side  
25 of a post, 1, nearly to the top and across to a second post, and back and forth between the two posts until it reaches the second post, where it is carried down along the post and its end 5 buried in the ground. The wire is  
30 secured by staples 6, or other suitable means, to the posts, the bent portions 7 being located on opposite sides of the post, so as to insulate the section 2 of wire fence from the adjacent sections. It will thus be seen that a section of wire fence is formed having its wire continu-  
35 ous and its terminals grounded, whereby a charge of electricity may be carried off. The fence is constructed of a number of these sections—as 2, 8, 9, 10, 11, &c.—according to the  
40 area to be inclosed, practically forming a continuous wire fencing. It will thus be seen that

if any portion of such a fence be struck by lightning it will only affect a section, and the electricity, instead of being distributed throughout the whole fence, will be carried off  
45 by the terminals of the section. In this way a person or live stock adjacent to the fence at a distance from the section struck by lightning will be unharmed.

The fencing may be made of barbed or smooth wire. It is obvious that the folded ends of the  
50 strand of a fence-section may be secured on the same side of their posts and the folded ends of the strand of the adjacent sections secured on the opposite side of said posts, with the same insulating effect as in the arrange-  
55 ment shown and described.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. In a fence adapted to carry off the elec-  
60 tricity directly into the ground at the portion struck by lightning, a section of wire fence constructed with a single strand of wire extending between posts to which it is secured, and having its terminals grounded, substan-  
65 tially as shown and described.

2. A wire fence adapted to carry off the electricity directly into the ground at the portion struck by lightning, constructed of a number of  
70 sections, each section consisting of a strand of wire extending backward and forward between posts, secured to the latter on the side of the posts opposite to that on which the strand of the adjacent section is secured, and having its terminals grounded, substantially as described.  
75

ALLIN COCKRELL.

Witnesses:

J. B. EMERY,  
JESSE COCKRELL.