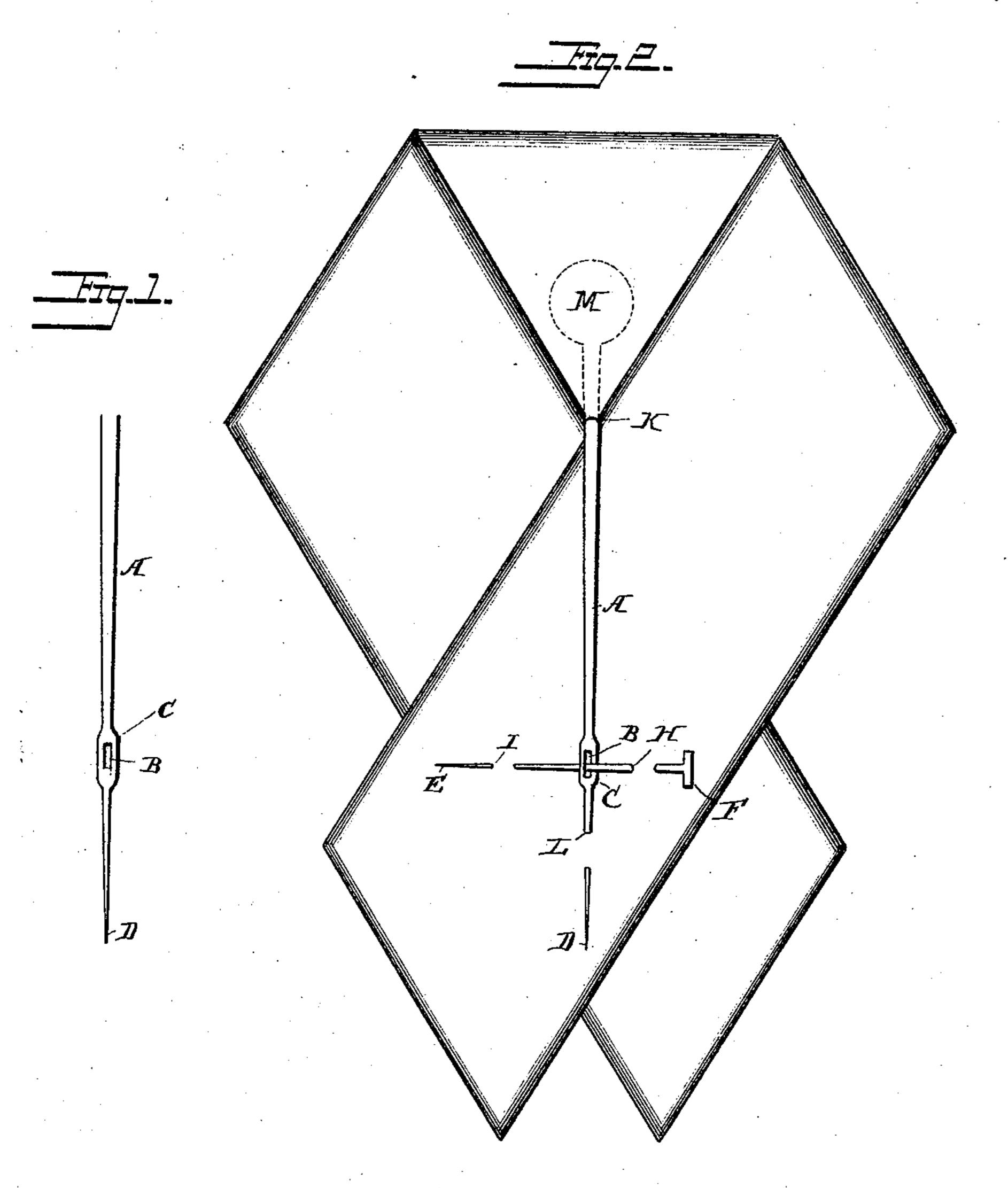
(No Model.)

## L. STERNE.

## PIN AND ATTACHMENT FOR JEWELRY.

No. 378,908.

Patented Mar. 6, 1888.



HttEst: Juo. G. Stinkel Johnson. Sidney L. Johnson. L'Sterne.
INVENTUIT:
Fostir Virenau
actions

## United States Patent Office.

LOUIS STERNE, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

## PIN AND ATTACHMENT FOR JEWELRY.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 378,908, dated March 6, 1888.

Application filed May 28, 1887. Serial No. 239,722. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Louis Sterne, a native of the United States, residing in London, England, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Pins and Attachments for Jewelry, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to an improvement whereby a scarf-pin or other article of jewelry may be secured from loss either by accident or to theft; and it consists in providing the shank of the pin with an aperture through which passes another pin or retaining device adapted to be secured to the article to which the piece of jewelry is attached. Heretofore this end 15 has been attempted to be secured by forming a screw-threaded aperture in the pin and passing through the same a small screw; but this arrangement is subject to certain disadvantages from the small size of the parts, as the 20 screw-threads, being formed in the soft metal of which the pin is composed, are liable to become worn off or otherwise destroyed, which renders the securing device inoperative; further, it is difficult to operate so small a screw 25 as is necessarily used in pins or jewelry containing such a securing device.

In the drawings, wherein I have illustrated my invention, Figure 1 is an enlarged representation of a portion of a pin containing my invention. Fig. 2 shows the invention applied to a scarf-pin. Fig. 3 is a detached view of the retaining-pin.

In the drawings, A represents the shank of a pin by which any article of jewelry may be secured to a dress or article of clothing, it being shown in the illustration which I have selected to accompany this specification as carrying a scarf-pin, M. Near the point end D of the pin is formed an enlarged portion, C, preferably flattened in order to permit the pin to be easily passed through a fabric, in which enlarged portion is formed an aperture, B, that shown being of oblong or elongated form. Passing loosely through this aperture

is a securing device adapted to be attached to 45 the garment, and thereby prevent the removal of the scarf-pin or other article of jewelry, except after first disengaging said securing device from the garment. This securing device I have shown as consisting of a pin, E, 50 having a head, F, the shank or stem of the pin being of such size as to readily pass through the aperture B, and being pointed, so that it may easily perforate the fabric, as at H I.

It will be seen from an examination of the drawings that the arrangement of parts which I have shown may be much more easily operated by the wearer than an arrangement in which a screw-threaded retaining cross bar or 60 pin is passed through the scarf-pin; and, further, that the article of jewelry is more securely held, which latter is effected by attaching the retaining-pin E directly to the fabric in such manner that the article of jewelry 65 cannot be withdrawn without first removing said retaining-pin.

What I claim is—

1. In combination with a scarf-pin or similar article having a perforated pin by which 70 it may be secured to a garment, another pin of smaller size passing freely transversely through the perforation in the pin and having its end pointed, whereby it is adapted to engage with and pass through the fabric and thus secure 75 the pin against loss, substantially as set forth.

2. In combination with a scarf-pin or a similar article having a pin, A, by which it may be attached to an article of clothing, enlarged near its lower end and provided in said enlarged 80 portion with an aperture, a pin, E, passing loosely through said aperture, pointed at one end and having a head at the other end, substantially as set forth.

L. STERNE.

Witnesses:

EMIL A. JULY, LOUIS L. ROLLAND.