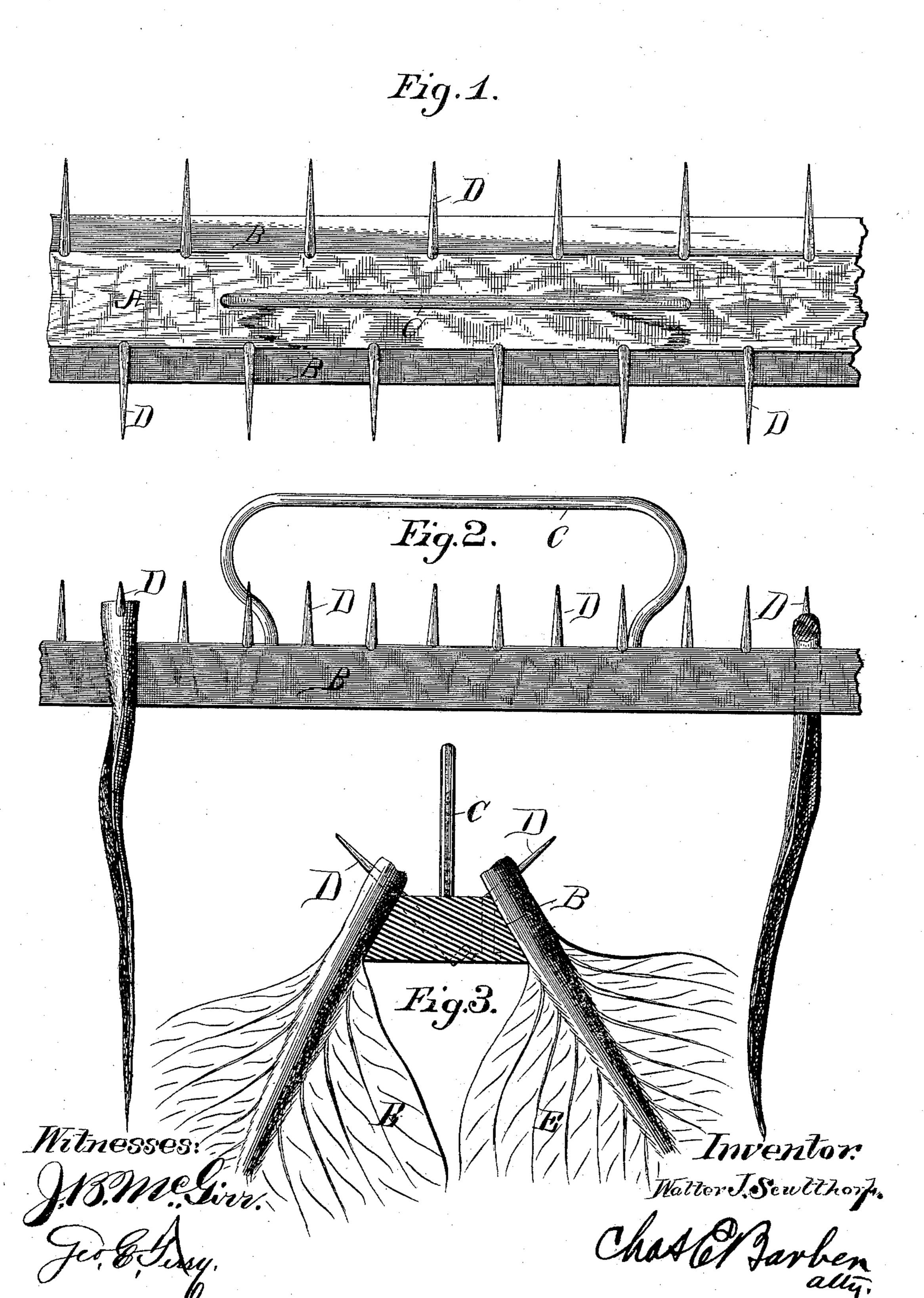
(No Model.)

W. J. SCULTHORP.

TOBACCO HANGER.

No. 378,727.

Patented Feb. 28. 1888.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WALTER JONES SCULTHORP, OF COLUMBIAN GROVE, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO CHARLES M. HARDY, OF WATTSBOROUGH, VIRGINIA.

TOBACCO-HANGER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 378,727, dated February 28, 1888.

Application filed August 27, 1887. Serial No. 248,069. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WALTER JONES SCUL-THORP, a citizen of the United States, residing at Columbian Grove, in the county of Lunen-5 burg and State of Virginia, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Tobacco-Hangers; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in to the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

The object of this invention is to facilitate

the handling and curing of tobacco.

There are various well-known ways of curing tobacco-leaves, one process being to string the leaves on wires attached to a stick, which 20 bunches the leaves during the process of curing, and consequently the heat is not evenly distributed among them, which prevents an even color being obtained; also, in the old process of yellowing tobacco, the tobacco being hung 25 unevenly in the barn causes a "sweat" to take place, and also causes the tobacco to "spoil" or turn red before it can be dried off. With my invention this is entirely obviated, as the leaves are all hung separately and evenly dis-30 tributed on the stick or hanger, and by its peculiar and novel construction the leaves cannot come in contact with each other.

In my invention I break the "yellow" or ripe leaves as they yellow or ripen on the stalk, 35 and so am enabled to harvest all the leaves of the plant without waste and secure a yield of great uniformity. This is, however, not new of itself. In order to render such a mode of harvesting tobacco practicable, I have devised 40 a new hanger of novel construction, which I will now proceed to set forth and claim.

In the accompanying drawings, in the several figures of which the several parts are simi- | they ripen are broken from the parent stem larly designated, Figure 1 is a plan view of 45 my invention; Fig. 2, a side elevation of the same; Fig. 3, a cross-section showing the leaves impaled and the angle at which they are held by the peculiar construction of the pins and sides of the body-piece of the hanger.

The body-piece of the hanger consists of a

strip of wood or other material, say four and a half feet long, one and a quarter inch wide, and five-eighths of an inch thick, having its two sides beveled toward the top, and is provided with about ninety pins or nails arranged 55 along its extreme edges on both sides, as shown in Fig. 1, about one inch apart and extending outwardly and upwardly from the body-piece about one inch Along the center of the body is placed for convenience of handling 60 when filled a handle consisting of one or two bowed pieces of wire or other suitable material.

Referring to Fig. 1, letter A represents the upper flat surface of the body-piece, letter B 65 the beveled edges, letter C the handle, and letter D the pins, which are arranged alternately along opposite sides of the body-piece and pointed at their outer ends, Fig. 2 being a side elevation of the same. Letter E, Fig. 3, shows 70 two pins with the leaves impaled thereon and will illustrate the manner in which the leaves will hang with their broadest surfaces at right angles with the length of the body of hanger. In this way it will be readily seen that the 75 leaves will be kept entirely apart and free from all contact with each other, which greatly assists in curing them properly and requires much less heat than in any process heretofore used.

In the barn I have a series of removable poles arranged horizontally and resting on suitable cleats at each side of the barn about four feet apart to receive the hangers, before mentioned, as they are filled with the tobacco- 85 leaves. These poles are arranged in "tiers" or floors about two to three feet apart to the top of the building, although they can be arranged closer if the length of the leaves will admit of it. It is obvious that the top tiers will 90 be filled first and so downward.

The operation is as follows: The leaves as and placed carefully in the wagon (or in baskets, as desired) with their butts all one way. 95 After being taken to the barn, the leaves are taken up, say six at a time, and impaled on the pins of my hanger, one on each pin, in such a manner that the pin will enter the side of the stem or butt of the leaf and cause it to 100

hang as shown in Fig. 3. This is done very rapidly, and after being filled they are handed up to be placed so that each end rests on one of the horizontal poles extending across the 5 barn, each hanger being placed sufficiently far away from its neighbor to prevent contact of the leaves. The unripe leaves are left to ripen on the parent stem and are not cut until ripe, and by removing the ripe leaves from time to to time the ripening of the others is hastened.

A much lower degree of temperature will be found to be sufficient to cure tobacco thus harvested than is usually employed, and the color of the leaf when cured on my hanger will be #5 much improved and more uniform than by the

old methods heretofore employed.

Having thus fully described my invention above, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent of the United States, 20 IS---

1. A tobacco-hanger consisting of a beveledsided body-piece provided with a handle and having pins secured thereto, said pins being set at an angle to the lines of the sides of the body-piece and secured to the body-piece al- 25 ternately on opposite sides, substantially as

and for the purposes specified.

2. A tobacco-hanger consisting of a bodypiece provided with a wire handle made in the shape of a loop, said body-piece being con- 30 structed with beveled sides and made widest at its bottom and provided with upwardly and outwardly inclined pointed pins, substantially as and for the purposes specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in 35

presence of two witnesses.

WALTER JONES SCULTHORP. Witnesses:

S. A. TERRY, GEO. E. TERRY.