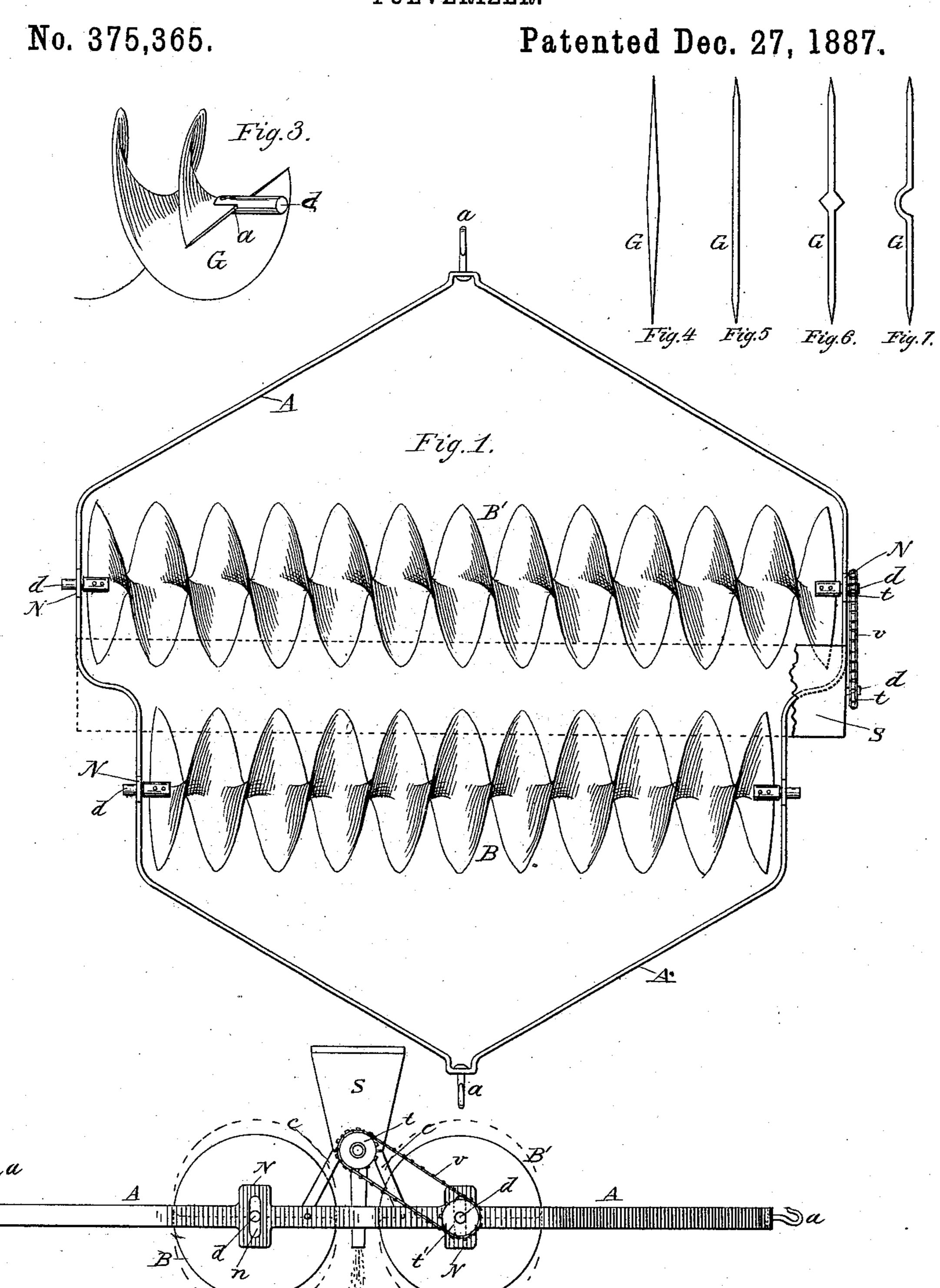
## C. LA DOW.

PULVERIZER.



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## United States Patent Office.

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## PULVERIZER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 375,365, dated December 27, 1887.

Application filed December 31, 1886. Serial No. 223,202. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES LA Dow, of the city of Albany, county of Albany, and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Pulverizers, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to that class of pulverizers which employs spiral or screw cutters twisted in cross-section in the shape of right to and left hand auger-blades, and arranged in two gangs, which are adapted to counteract

the end-thrusts of each other. In the drawings, Figure 1 represents a top view of my invention, showing by dotted lines 15 a seeder-box supported over and between the gangs. Fig. 2 is an end view of my invention, showing by dotted lines that the ends of the spiral cutter gangs may vibrate up and down independently of each other; also show-20 ing the method of mounting the seeder-box relatively to the gang. Fig. 3 represents a perspective view of an end of one of the blades after being twisted into auger shape; also showing the attached journal-bearing. Figs. 25 4, 5, 6, and 7 represent end views of the sheets of metal from which the auger-blades are twisted, in which views (in cross-sections) it will be observed that sharp edges are rolled into the sheets of metal on each side thereof,

30 so that when the said sheets are twisted they are also left sharpened their entire length. Fig. 4, in cross-section, represents a sheet of metal rolled thickest at its middle and tapering in each direction therefrom to its edges. Fig. 5 35 represents a sheet of metal in cross-section of uniform thickness, with its edges beveled. Fig. 6 represents an end view of a sheet of metal having ribs rolled thereon lengthwise of the same to form a solid axle the entire length of 40 the gang, so that when twisted the gang will be very rigid in cross-section. The ribs may also be extended beyond the ends of the blades

and adapted to form journal - bearings therefor. Fig. 7 represents an end view of a sheet 45 of metal having a depression rolled into one side thereof to stiffen the blade in cross section.

In the drawings, A represents the draftframe of the machine, and a a draft-hooks, to go either of which the draft animals may be at- style the sheet metal for the spiral gangs is reco

tached, so as to draw the machine in either direction.

B and B' are the gangs of spiral cutters, which are twisted in the shape of augers in such manner that one gang shall thrust the 55 earth to the right and the other gang to the left as the machine is drawn forward, and thus adapt the machine to travel in a direct line.

Journal-bearings b b may be fastened to the ends of the spiral blades, as shown at a in Fig. 62 3. These journal-bearings are attached to the draft-frame in slots n in such manner that either end of either gang may vibrate up and down independently of its fellow gang. Any other preferred form of attaching the gang to 65 the draft-frame may be used, if desired.

It will be observed that one gang is shorter than the other, and that the machine can be drawn equally well from either of the drafthooks a a. This construction adapts the ma- 70 chine to work equally well on all kinds of soil, as if the ground be very hard the short gang should be drawn in front of the other, and this position reversed if the ground be soft at the first time going over it.

S represents a box for receiving grain or phosphate, and may be of any well-known construction and operated by a chain belt, as shown in the drawings, or by other means, and may be mounted on the frame, either between the 80 gangs or above them, as may be desired.

It will be observed that the gangs, being arranged directly across the line of draft, leave no ridge or furrow the entire width of the machine, so that all the ground is thoroughly 85 broken and stirred at one transit of the machine. It will also be observed that in the arrangement shown of a seeder depositing the grain or phosphate between the gangs affords a great advantage to the methods heretofore go used for depositing the seed in the ground, inasmuch as the preceding gang prepares the ground for the proper reception of seed and the following gang buries it completely, so that the ground is broken, the seed deposited and 95 covered at one operation and during one passage of the machine across the field.

By reference to the drawings, in Figs. 4, 5, 6, and 7 it will be seen that in whichever rolled that both edges of said sheets are sharpened when the metal is rolled, and that when the gangs are twisted the edges are also twisted at the same time. This gives a continuous 5 double edge, which entwines one around the other the entire length of the gangs and is very easily and cheaply produced.

The draft-frame A may be made in other forms, and, if desired, the spiral gangs may be to mounted therein in other ways, and may be made angularly adjustable relatively to each

other.

A draft-pole may be attached to the draftframe A at either side thereof; but I prefer the

15 construction here shown.

By reference to the drawings it will be observed that G in Figs. 4, 5, 6, and 7 represents end views or cross sections of various styles in which the sheets may be rolled for 20 the gangs, while G in Fig. 3 represents a perspective view of Fig. 5 after being twisted, while B B' in Fig. 1 represents the complete gangs after being twisted from the metal rolled, as shown in Fig. 5.

25 In another application, filed by me January 6, 1887, No. 223,616, is shown a machine somewhat similar to that herein illustrated, and I disclaim in this case any subject-matter

claimed in said application.

30 Having thus described my invention, I claim—

1. In a pulverizer, two spiral gangs of oppositely-twisted solid blades of metal adapted to counteract the side thrusts of each other on 35 their draft-frame.

2. In a pulverizer, a twisted spiral cutter formed of a blade of sheet metal rolled with both edges sharpened and adapted to be twisted spirally in such form as shall present parts of 40 both said edges simultaneously to the soil, in combination with a draft-frame for supporting the blade in position.

> 3. In a pulverizer, two gangs of revolving cutters twisted from sheet metal, arranged one 45 in front of the other and adapted to throw the earth in opposite directions, in combination with a draft-frame attached directly to the

ends of the gang-blades.

4. In a pulverizer, two gaugs of oppositely-50 acting screw-cutters adapted to vibrate independently of each other in a vertical direction, in combination with a draft-frame which supports the cutters in substantially parallel planes relatively to each other while operat-55 ing to turn the soil in opposite directions to each other.

5. As a new article of manufacture, a pulverizer-blade formed in cross-section of sheet metal rolled substantially as shown in Figs. 4,

- 6c 5, 6, or 7, and having an auger-shaped twist, substantially as shown in Fig. 3, adapted to give said blade a spiral shear cut when revolving either directly or obliquely across the line of draft.
- 6. In a pulverizer, two gangs of oppositelyacting screw-cutters, in combination with a draft-frame adapted to support one gang in the other, said gangs being adapted to turn

rear of the other while turning furrows across the path of the machine.

7. In a pulverizer, two gangs of opposing 7c spiral cutters, each gang being made of sheet metal and twisted, as shown, the screw of each cutter being adapted to rotate in an opposite direction to its fellow by tractional contact with the ground.

8. In a pulverizer, two gangs of oppositely acting and revolving cutters, which move the soil laterally in opposite directions, and are arranged to leave no furrow or ridge between their ends, and a seeding device adapted to 8c discharge the grain so as to be covered by the soil turned by the cutters, in combination with a frame adapted to support a seeder and cut-

9. In a pulverizer, a sheet of metal rolled 85 with a bevel on opposite edges thereof and twisted spirally, as shown, in combination with a draft-frame, in which it is mounted at two points to permit its revolution.

10. In a pulverizer, a metal cutter having a 90 strengthening-rib, enlargement, or groove on one side thereof, in combination with the spiral cutting edges surrounding said rib or en-

largement.

11. In a pulverizer, a sheet of metal rolled 95 thinnest at its edges, in combination with spiral curves, substantially as shown, which adapt the inner thicker portions of the blade to strengthen the edges of the cutter transversely.

12. In a pulverizer, two independently-revolving gangs of spiral cutters having a continuous cutting-edge the entire length of the gang, one gang adapted to follow the other and turn the soil in a direction opposite to that in 105 which it was turned by the preceding gang, in combination with a draft-frame.

13. In a pulverizer, a gang of spiral cutters formed of a blade of sharpened twisted metal, in combination with the journal-bearing d, at- 110 tached to the gang, substantially as shown.

14. In a pulverizer, two gangs of spiral cutters adapted to turn the earth in opposite directions, one gang following the other, a draftframe in which they are mounted, and con- 115 nections between the frame and gangs which permit an end of the front gang to raise without raising the corresponding end of its fellow gang.

15. In a pulverizer, two independently mov- 120 ing or vibrating gangs of spiral cutters adapted to turn the earth in opposite directions, and each gang arranged at substantially a right angle to the line of draft, in combination with

a draft-frame.

16. In a pulverizer, two independent gangs of spiral cutters adapted to turn the earth in opposite directions, and each gang arranged at substantially a right angle to the line of draft, in combination with a draft-frame 130 adapted to be drawn from either end.

17. In a pulverizer, two independent gangs of spiral cutters, one gang being longer than

the earth in opposite directions, in combination with a draft-frame.

18. In a pulverizer, the combination of the frame A, spiral gang B, and oppositely-twisted spiral gang B', arranged one in advance of the other.

19. In a pulverizer, a draft-frame, two gangs of revolving cutters adapted to turn the earth laterally in opposite directions, arranged one in advance of the other, in combination with seeding devices adapted to discharge the grain between said gangs.

20. In a pulverizer, a reversible draft-frame, a seed-distributing box mounted thereon, in combination with two gangs of cutters, one 13 arranged in advance of the other, said gangs being adapted to maintain the seed-box in an upright position while the draft is being applied to the opposite end of the machine.

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Witnesses:
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