(No Model.)

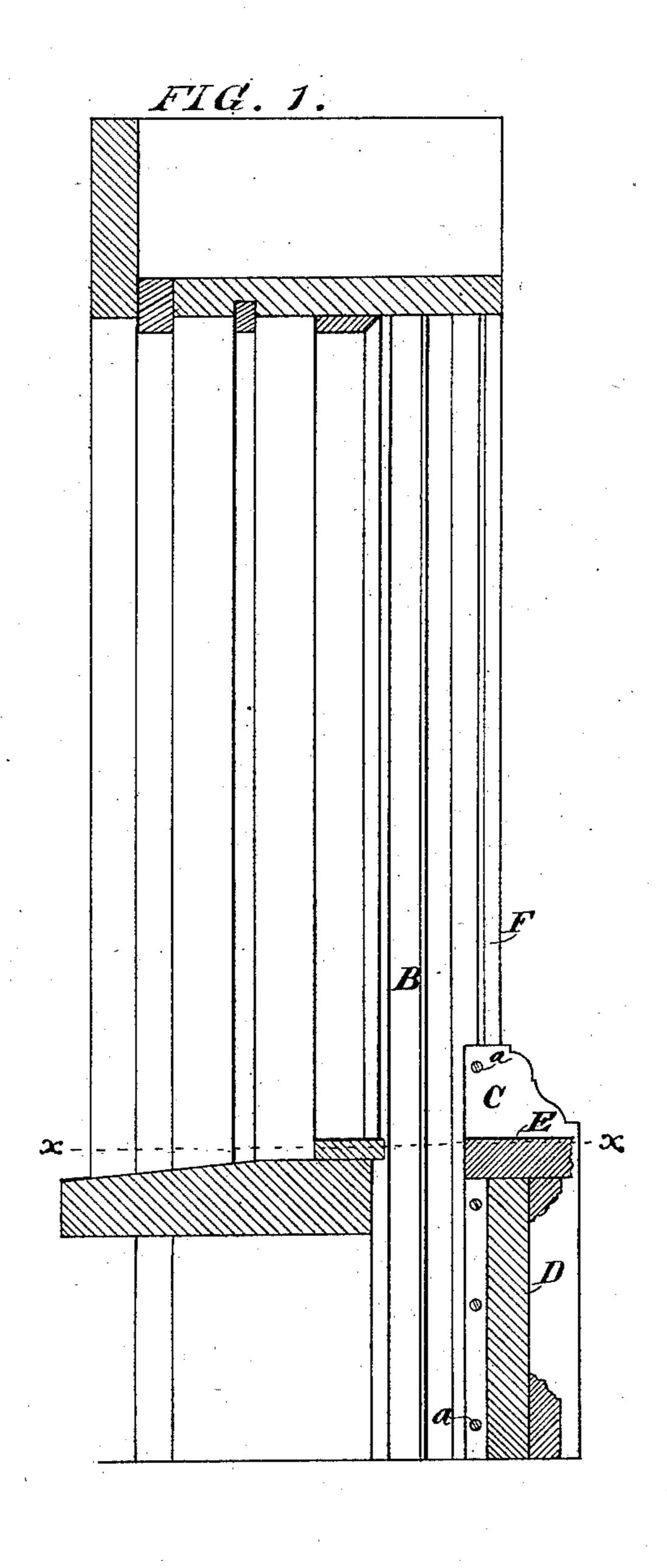
2 Sheets—Sheet 1.

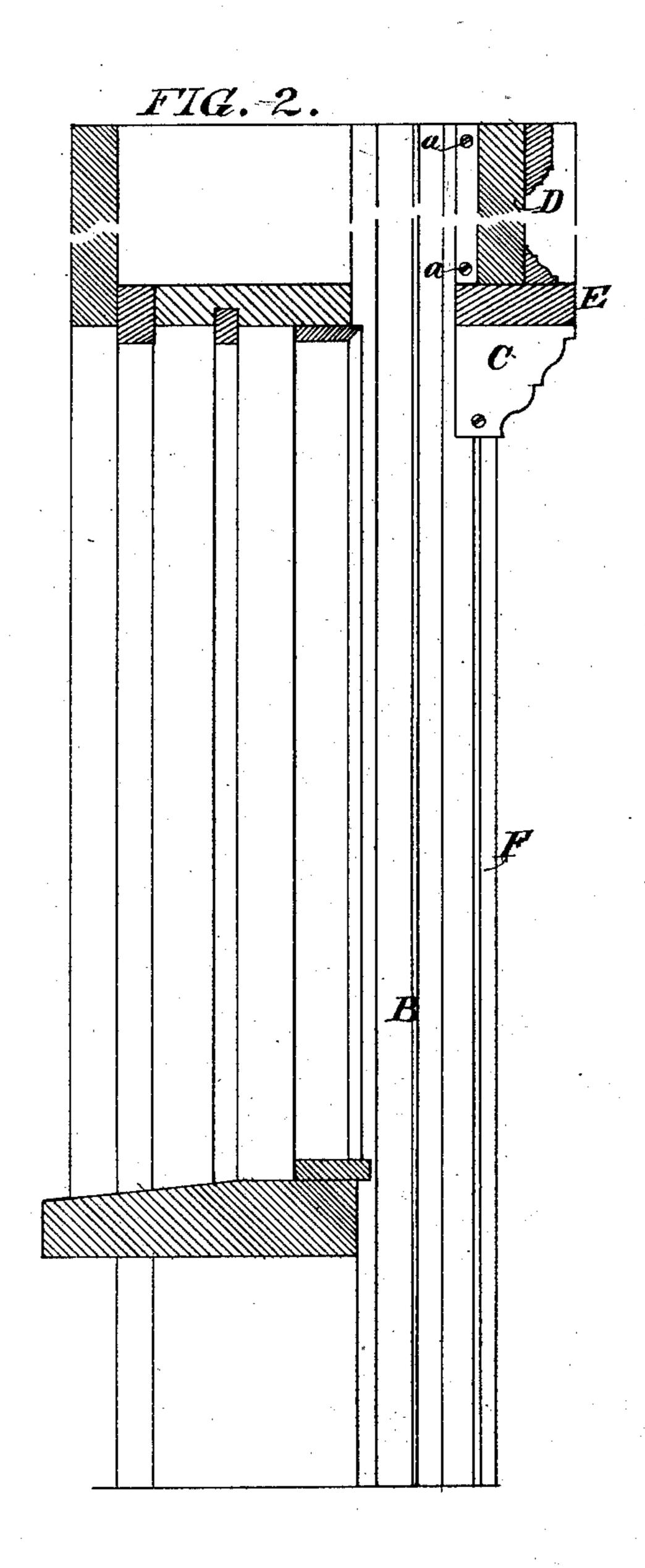
## H. E. WILLER.

RECEPTACLE FOR SLIDING WINDOW BLINDS.

No. 374,384.

Patented Dec. 6, 1887.





WITNESSES:
Offmann,
Leeny,

INVENTOR

Henry E. Willer

BY Enrich of Brandweller

ATTORNEYS.

## H. E. WILLER.

### RECEPTACLE FOR SLIDING WINDOW BLINDS.

No. 374,384

Patented Dec. 6, 1887.

FIG. 3.

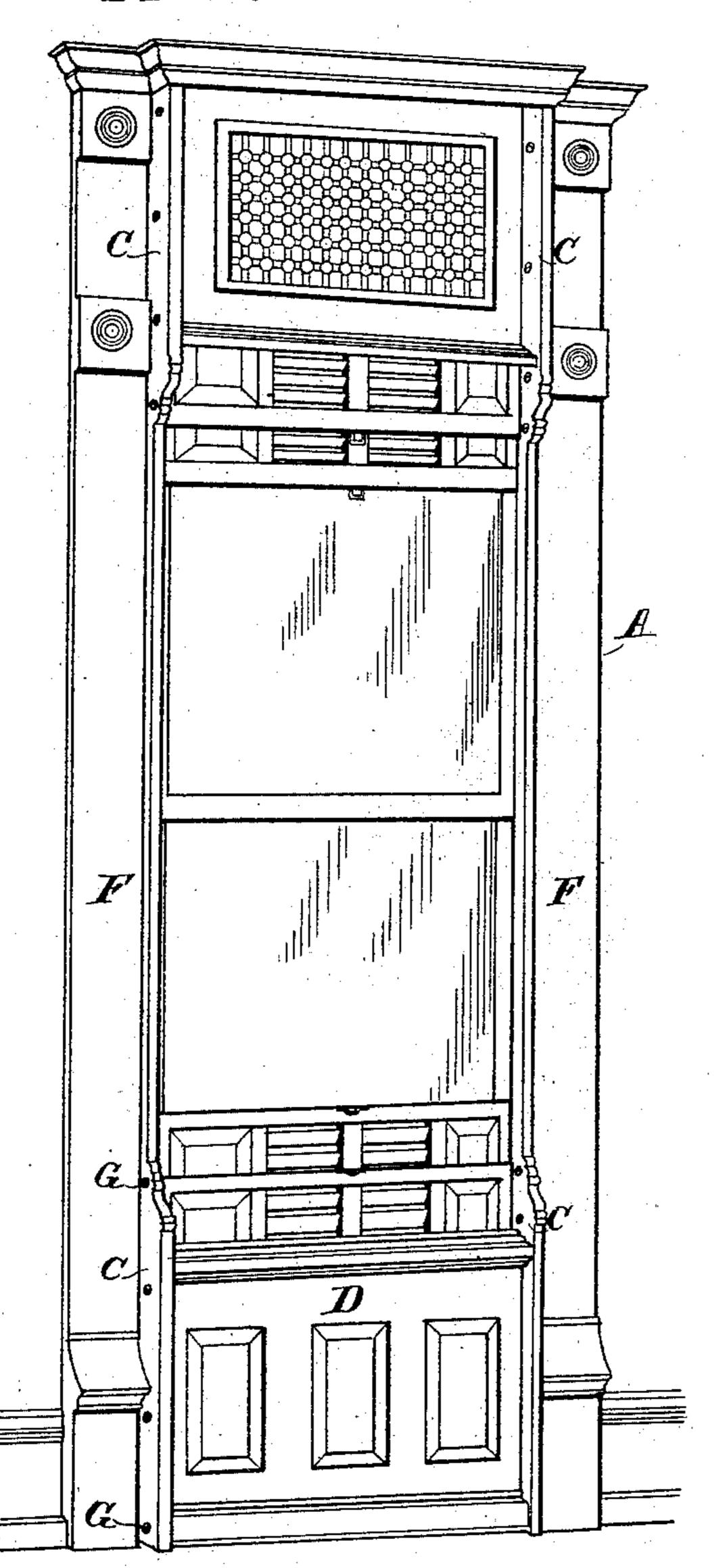
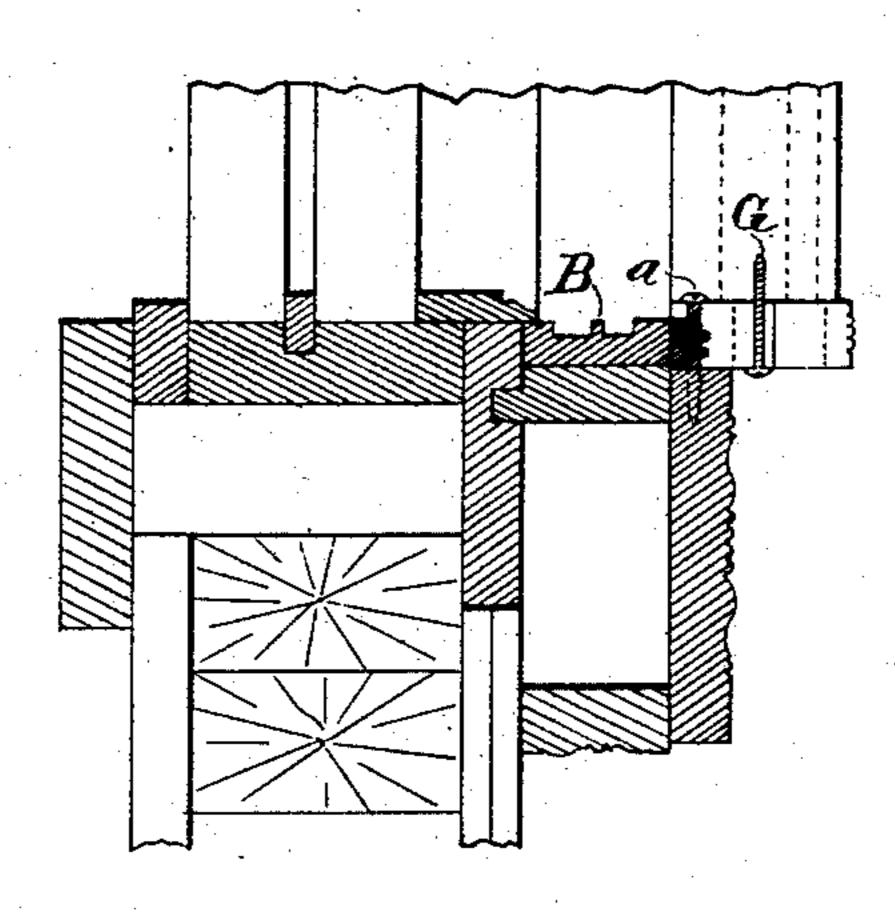


FIG.4.



L. Hoffmann Mitnesses: L. Hoffmann Of Keeners Hours & Willer

BY
Comming Brushiet

ATTORNEYS

# United States Patent Office.

HENRY E. WILLER, OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

#### RECEPTACLE FOR SLIDING WINDOW-BLINDS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 374,384, dated December 6, 1887.

Application filed January 17, 1887. Serial No. 224,563. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HENRY E. WILLER, of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, have invented new and 5 useful Improvements in Receptacles for Sliding Window-Blinds; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of said invention, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letto ters or figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

The object of my invention is to provide a removable receptacle for sliding blinds of windows, which, owing to its peculiar con-15 struction, is adapted to be more easily attached to and detached from a window-frame than the blind-receptacle of ordinary con-

struction.

My invention is explained by reference to

20 the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 represents a vertical section through the window-frame and blind-receptacles, showing the blind-receptacle at the bottom of the window only. Fig. 2 represents a similar 25 view of a window-frame, showing the blindreceptacle at the top of the window-frame. Fig. 3 represents a perspective view of a window provided with blind-receptacles at both top and bottom, showing side brackets 30 extending from the lower to the upper receptacle. Fig. 4 is a horizontal section drawn on line x x of Fig. 1.

Like parts are represented by the same reference-letters through the several views.

The window-frame A and blindway-strips B are constructed and arranged in the ordi-

nary manner.

My blind-receptacle, consisting of the side brackets, C C, panel D, and horizontal cross-40 bar E, is secured in place between the edges of the front casing, F F, as follows: The brackets C C are first secured to the edge of the casings F F by a series of screws, a a, which screws are inserted from the inner side 45 through the brackets C and into the edge of | the casings F. When this is done, the panel D, with the horizontal cross-bar E, is placed between the brackets CC, when it is thus secured by a series of inward-projecting screws 50 G G, (shown in Fig. 4,) which screws are inserted through the brackets C from their outer

sides, and thence into the panel D and horizontal cross-bar E. The space thus formed behind the panel D, between the brackets CC, serves as a receptacle or pocket for the blinds 55 when desirous to remove them from in front of the window, and by which they are excluded from view.

The receptacles may, as shown, be located at either the top or bottom of the window, or 60 at both the top and bottom, as desired. When both an upper and lower receptacle are used, the side brackets, CC, on the respective sides of the window may be formed in a single piece extending from the top to the bottom of 65 the window, as shown in Fig. 3. It is obvious that by thus inserting the panels and stool between brackets, the edges of which project forward past said parts, a neater and richer appearance is given to the window, while recepta-70 cles thus attached are, if desired, easily removed.

Having thus described my invention, what I

claim as new is—

1. In a removable blind-receptacle for win- 75 dows, the combination, with the window-casings F F, of the vertically-arranged brackets CC, affixed at their rear edges to the inner opposing edges of the casings F F and projecting edgewise outward or forward past the 80 front surface of said casings, retaining-screws a, passing outward through said brackets C and into the edges of the respective casings F F, horizontally-arranged cross-bar E, located between said brackets C and secured therein 85 by the inward-projecting screws G, which pass through said brackets into the ends of said cross bar E, and vertically-arranged panel D, secured in place between the opposing surfaces of said brackets C by series of screws G, 90 which extend inward toward each other through said brackets C and into the respective edges of said panel D, all substantially as and for the purpose specified.

2. In a removable blind-receptacle for both 95 the top and bottom of windows, the combination, with the window-casings F F, of the vertically - arranged brackets C, projecting edgewise outward or forward past the front surface of said casings and extending from the 100 bottom to the top of the window and affixed at their rear edges to the inward opposing

edges of the casings F F by series of outwardprojecting screws a, cross-bars E E, secured,
respectively, one at the top and the other at
the bottom of the window between the opposing surfaces of said brackets C by the inwardprojecting screws G and panels D D, located,
respectively, one at the top and one at the
bottom of the window between the opposing
surfaces of said brackets C and secured therein

by series of inward-projecting screws G, sub- 10 stantially as and for the purpose specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

HENRY E. WILLER.

Witnesses:

Jas. B. Erwin, O. L. Hoffmann.