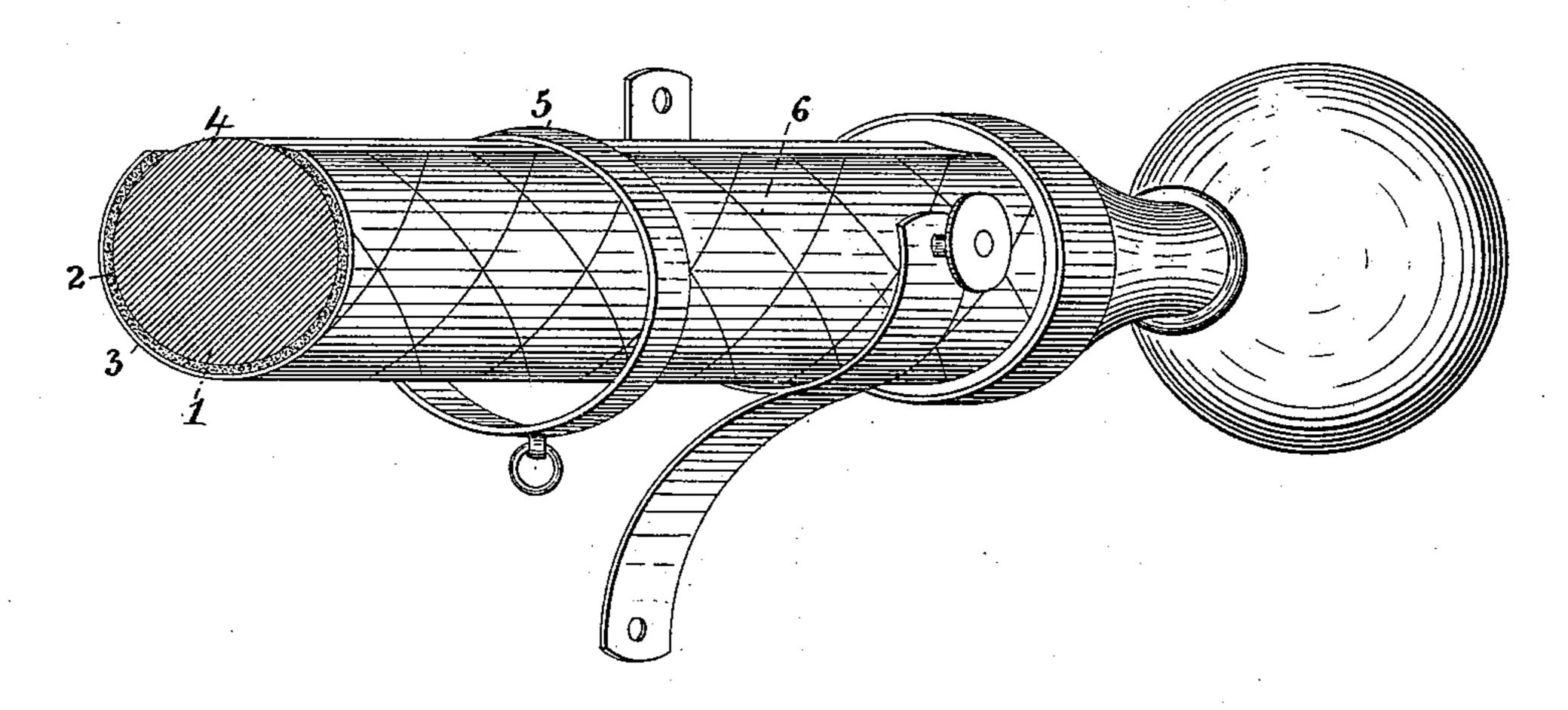
O. A. STROBEL. CURTAIN POLE.

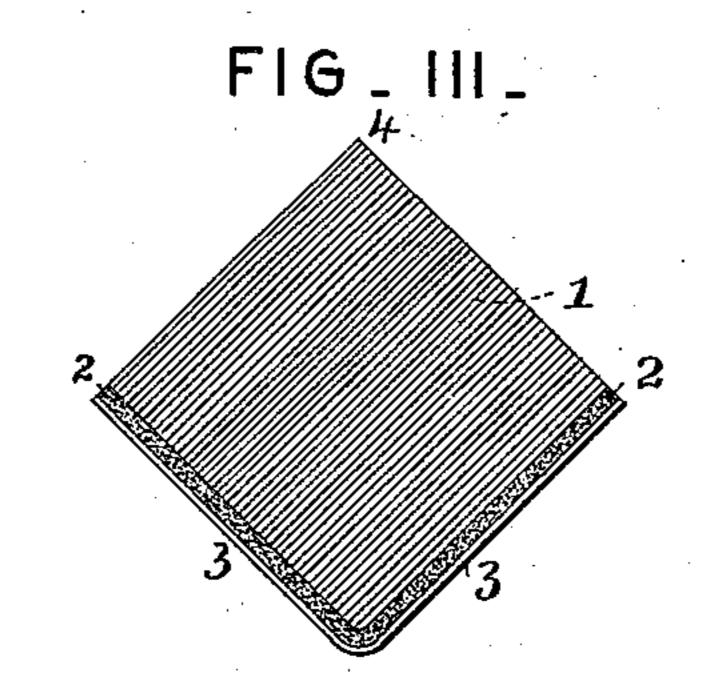
No. 370,289.

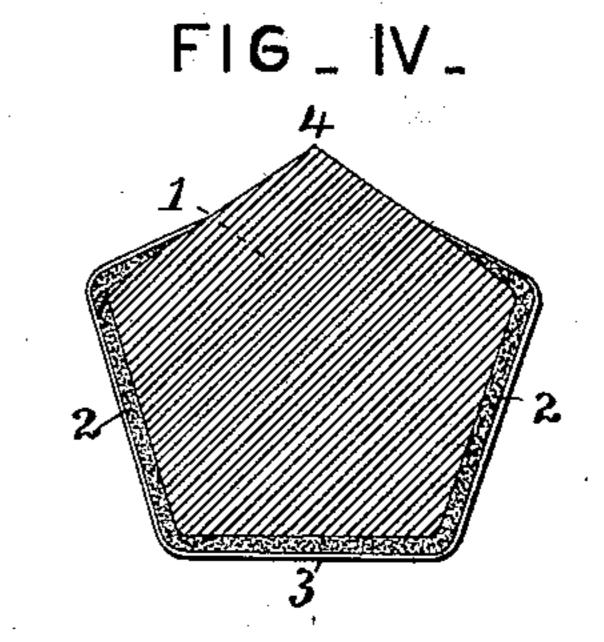
Patented Sept. 20, 1887.

FIG _ I _

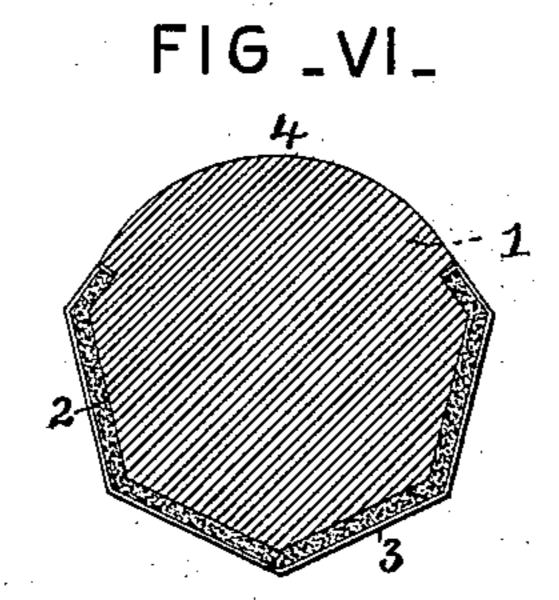


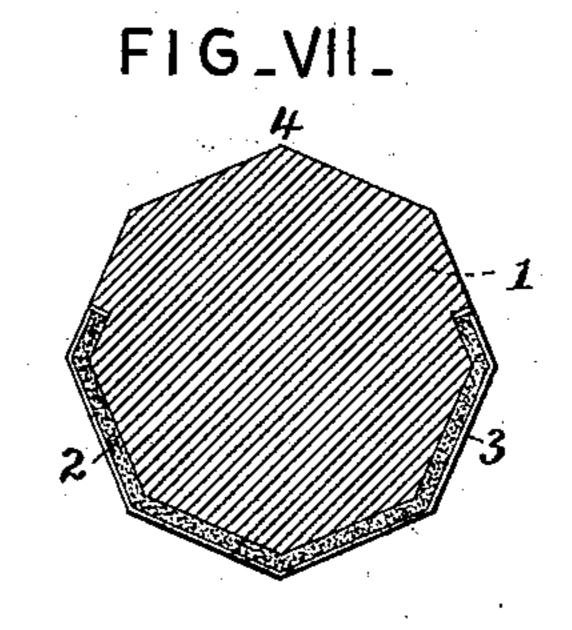
FIG_II_





FIG_V_





Attest
Edward Steer,
6. Arthur

Swentor, Oscar a, Strobel By Smight Bros Attes

United States Patent Office.

OSCAR A. STROBEL, OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

CURTAIN-POLE.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 370,289, dated September 20, 1887.

Application filed April 21, 1887. Serial No. 235,715. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, OSCAR A. STROBEL, of Cincinnati, Hamilton county, Ohio, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Curtain-Poles, of which the following is a specification.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, Figure I is a perspective view representing a portion of a curtain-rod embodying my improvements. Figs. II, III, IV, V, VI, and VII are cross-sections representing different forms of such rod.

1 represents a wooden rod of circular or of approximately circular cross-section—i. e., such as pentagonal, hexagonal, octagonal, rectangular, &c.—or of such form that all diametrical lines through such body will be nearly if not the same length. This rod having been coated with glue or other suitable adhesive substance, there is applied to a portion of its periphery a layer, 2, of cement or enamel, whose outer surface, being in turn treated with an adhesive substance, receives a coating of gold or other metallic foil, 3. In case of an oxidizable metal being employed, its surface may be protected from rust, and any desired color be given by the application of lacquer.

A longitudinal portion, 4, of the rod's periphery, which, when the rod is fixed in place, is uppermost, is left bare or void of enamel to present a hard and smooth track for support and traverse of curtain-rings 5. This bared track, by reason of the form of the curtain-pole and the position of the enamel, supports the rings of the curtain between the edges of the enamel in such a manner that the enamel cannot be removed by the scraping of the rings on the enamel, assaid rings bear all their weight at such intermediate point.

It is neither necessary nor desirable to roughen with ornamentations the surface which is to serve as a track for the rings, and from which the enamel would soon be broken

and become unsightly, and whose fracture would be apt to extend to the visible portions. 45

Any desired ornamentation, 6, may be given to the enameled coating by the suitably-engraved surface of the rollers employed to apply the enamel to the rod.

The portion of the rod which receives the 50 enamel may, if desired, be sunk so as to bring the surface of the enamel flush with the unenameled portion of the rod, as seen in Figs. II, VI, and VII.

I disclaim an enameled molding strip having 55 a bared portion, as my invention consists in an enameled curtain rod having a bared portion for the rings to run on, to do away with or to obtain a cheaper or more beautiful article than the carved or more expensive pole. 50

I claim as new and of my invention—

1. As an article of manufacture, the composite curtain-rod herein described, consisting of a wooden rod, 1, whose diametrical lines are nearly the same length, and having the lower 65 longitudinal portion of its periphery coated with a layer of gilded or plated enamel or cement, 23, and its upper longitudinal portion left bare to form a ring-track between the edges of said layers of enamel or cement, substantially 70 as described.

2. As an article of manufacture, the composite curtain-rod herein described, consisting of a wooden rod, 1, having the lower portion of its longitudinal periphery coated with a 75 countersunk layer of gilded or plated enamel or cement, 23, and its upper portion, 4, left bare and flush with the surface of said enamel or cement to form a ring-track, substantially as described.

In testimony of which invention I hereunto set my hand.

OSCAR A. STROBEL.

Attest:

GEO. H. KNIGHT, L. C. BLACK.