

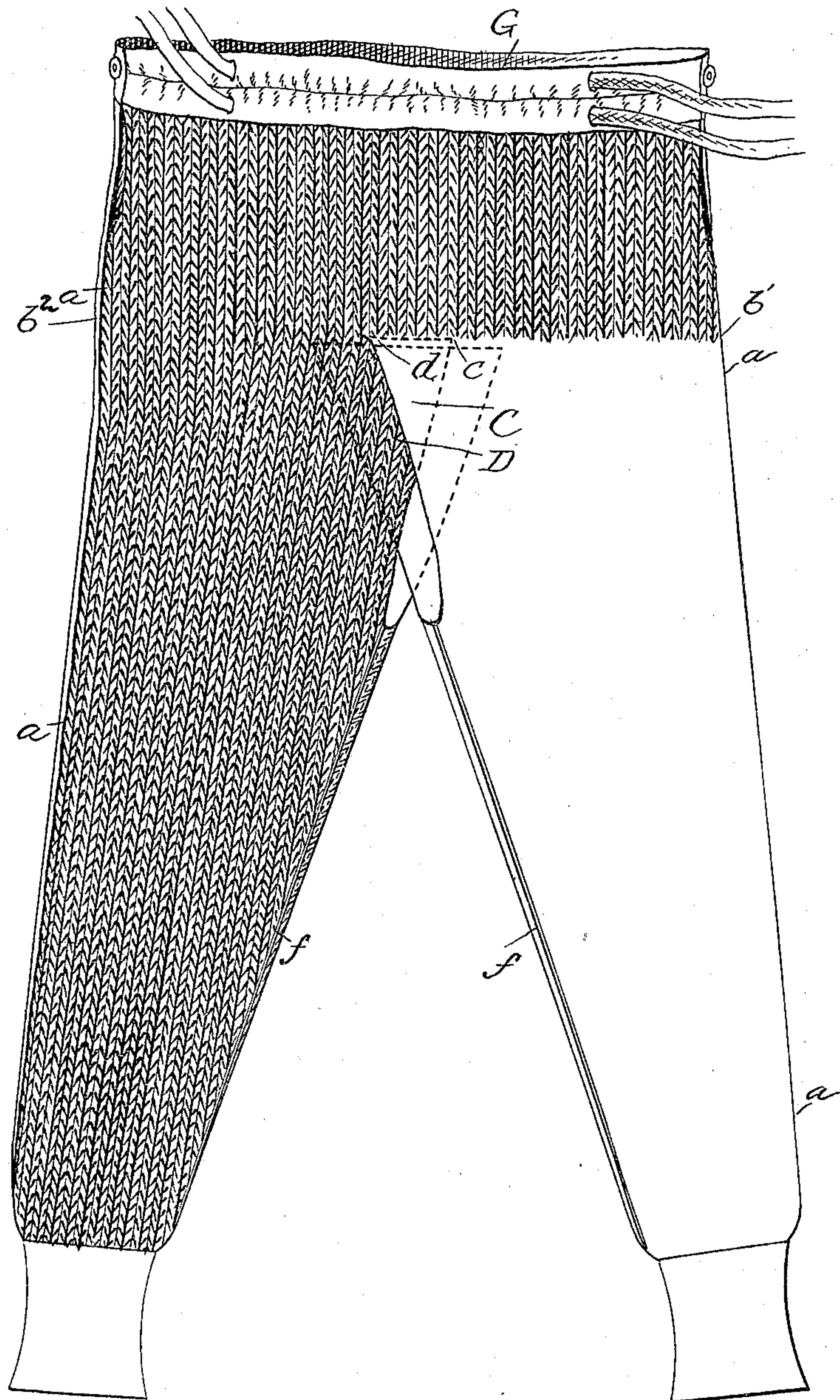
(Model.)

J. PERSCH.

LADY'S KNITTED DRAWERS.

No. 369,549.

Patented Sept. 6, 1887.



Attest:
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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LADY'S KNITTED DRAWERS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 369,549, dated September 6, 1887.

Application filed June 22, 1887. Serial No. 242,120. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN PERSCH, of New York, in the county of New York and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Ladies' Drawers; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the same.

My invention is an improved ladies' drawers.

The invention consists in the construction as hereinafter explained. It is illustrated in the accompanying drawing, in which the figure is a front elevation of my invention.

The garment is a knitted fabric and is ribbed, as represented. The two parts consist of a front and rear piece united by side seams, *a a*. The fabric is knitted from the top continuously down to the line where the flap or overlapping portion commences, (represented by the line *b' b'*.) On this line the needles are thrown out of action from the point *b'* to the point *c*, and the fabric is knitted with suitable narrowing to the end of the leg. Then the needles from the point *b'* to the point *c* are brought into action again, and new stitches are taken up from the point *c* to the point *d*, and the knitting is continued from this point with suitable narrowing to the end of the other leg. This forms an overlap, *C*, and an underlap, *D*, one of said laps being continuous throughout and the other lap having a selvage from the point *c* to the point *d*. This selvage is sewed to the continuous portion on the line *b' b'*, and thus a lap is formed for the garment. The

front part, *A*, thus described is the same as the rear part, with the exception of a difference in the overlap. To complete the garment, the front and rear parts are joined on the outside seams, *a a*, as before explained, and on the inside seams, *f f*, the latter extending up to the desired height, but leaving an opening on the inside of each leg. Suitable side openings are left in the upper part, and the garment is provided with a waistband, *G*. By this construction the complete garment may be knitted of ribbed fabric with ample lateral elasticity, and only the two short horizontal seams where the laps are united to the continuous fabric, besides the ordinary leg-seams. Thus it will be seen that the drawers are formed of only two knitted parts and with lateral or side seams. Each front and rear part has a knitted overlap integral with said front or rear half and united by a short horizontal seam.

I claim—

Knitted drawers formed of front and rear parts, each with a flap or overlap integral with said parts and united thereto by a horizontal seam, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

JOHN PERSCH.

Witnesses:

ANDREW J. SHIVELY,
GEO. S. CARUTH.