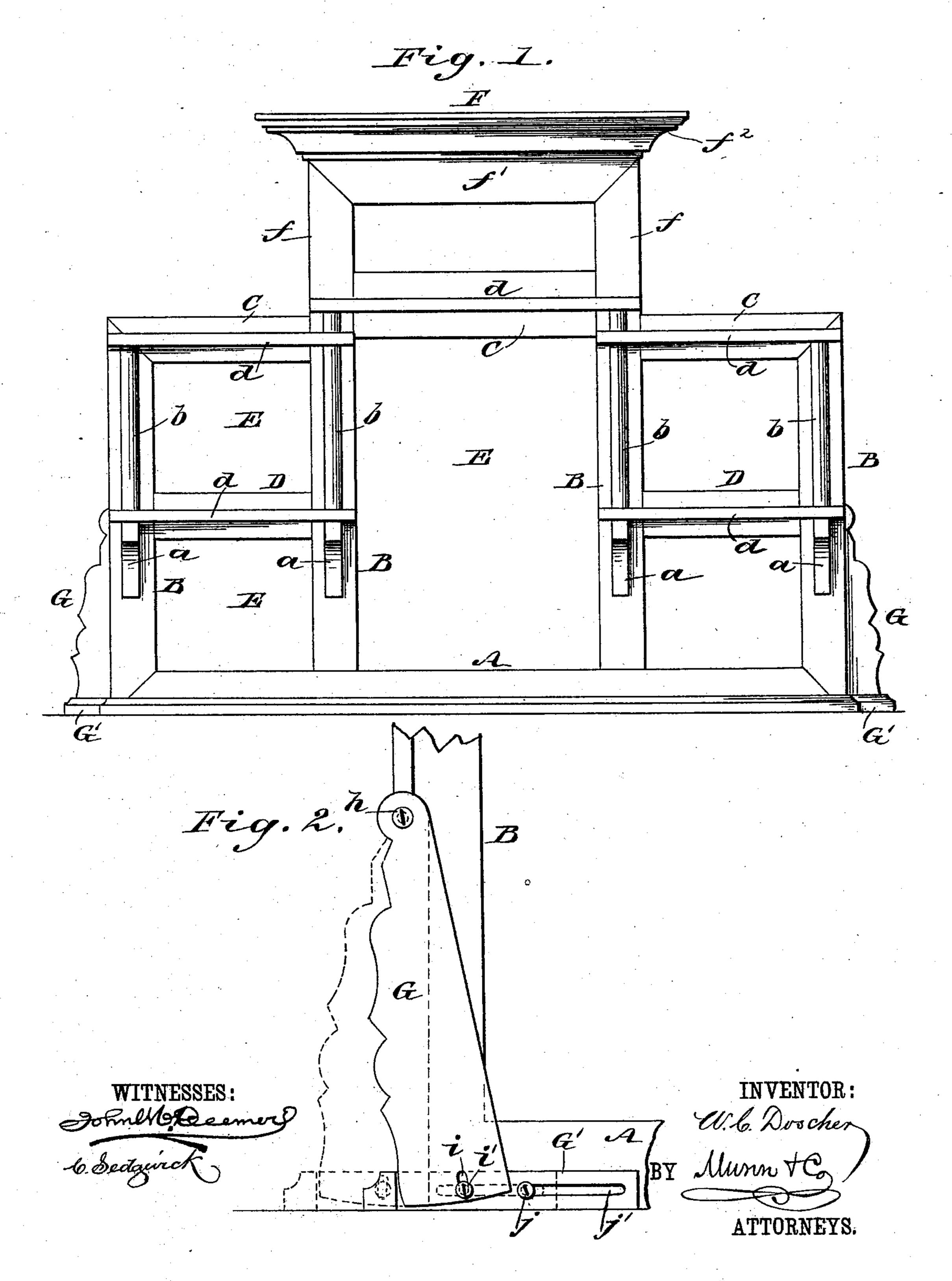
## W. C. DOSCHER.

MANTEL CABINET.

No. 369,103.

Patented Aug. 30, 1887.



## United States Patent Office.

WILLIAM C. DOSCHER, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## MANTEL-CABINET.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 369, 103, dated August 30, 1887.

Application filed April 4, 1887. Serial No. 233,597. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM C. DOSCHER, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Mantel-Cabinet, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The invention consists of the special construction of the cabinet, all as hereinafter described and claimed.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a front elevation of a mantel-cabinet made in accordance with my invention.

Fig. 2 is an enlarged detailed view of one of the lower corners of the cabinet, showing the

adjustable end or corner piece. The cabinet is formed of a frame consist-20 ing, in this instance, of a base, A, suitable uprights, B, top pieces, C, and pieces D, forming panels, in which glass E is set. The central part of the cabinet is surmounted with the ornamental portion F, consisting of the 25 side pieces, f f, top cross-piece, f, and top molding,  $f^2$ . The face of the cabinet is provided with the brackets a a, pillars b b, and the shelves d d. To the side uprights, B, are attached, by the screws or pins h, the orna-30 mental side pieces, G, which are adapted to be adjusted sidewise to extend or contract the width of the cabinet as the length of the mantel-piece requires. The lower end of each side piece, G, is formed with a slot, i, and is con-

nected by a pin or screw, i', passing through 35 said slot, to a sliding bar, G', which is connected to the back of the base piece A by a screw, j, passed through a slot, j', made in the said bar, as shown clearly in Fig. 2. By loosening the screw j the bar G' may be moved 40 endwise for adjusting the side piece, G, as circumstances require. The outer ends of the bars G' are ornamented like the base A to finish the lower corners of the cabinet, as will be understood from Fig. 1.

By making the cabinet adjustable as to width, as described, it will be seen that the same cabinet may be made to fit almost any mantel-piece, and hence may be moved from house to house or from one mantel-piece to another, and fitted so that it will always present a handsome appearance, as though especially made for the mantel on which it may be placed.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters 55 Patent, is—

1. The combination, with a mantel-cabinet, of the corner-pieces G, adjustably attached to the lower corners of the cabinet, substantially as and for the purposes described.

2. The base A of a cabinet mantel-piece, provided with the sliding blocks G', in combination with the ornamental corner-pieces G, substantially as described.

WILLIAM C. DOSCHER.

Witnesses:

H. A. West, C. Sedgwick.