

(No Model.)

J. A. LITTLEFIELD.

THEATER CHAIR.

No. 364,944.

Patented June 14, 1887.

Fig. 1.

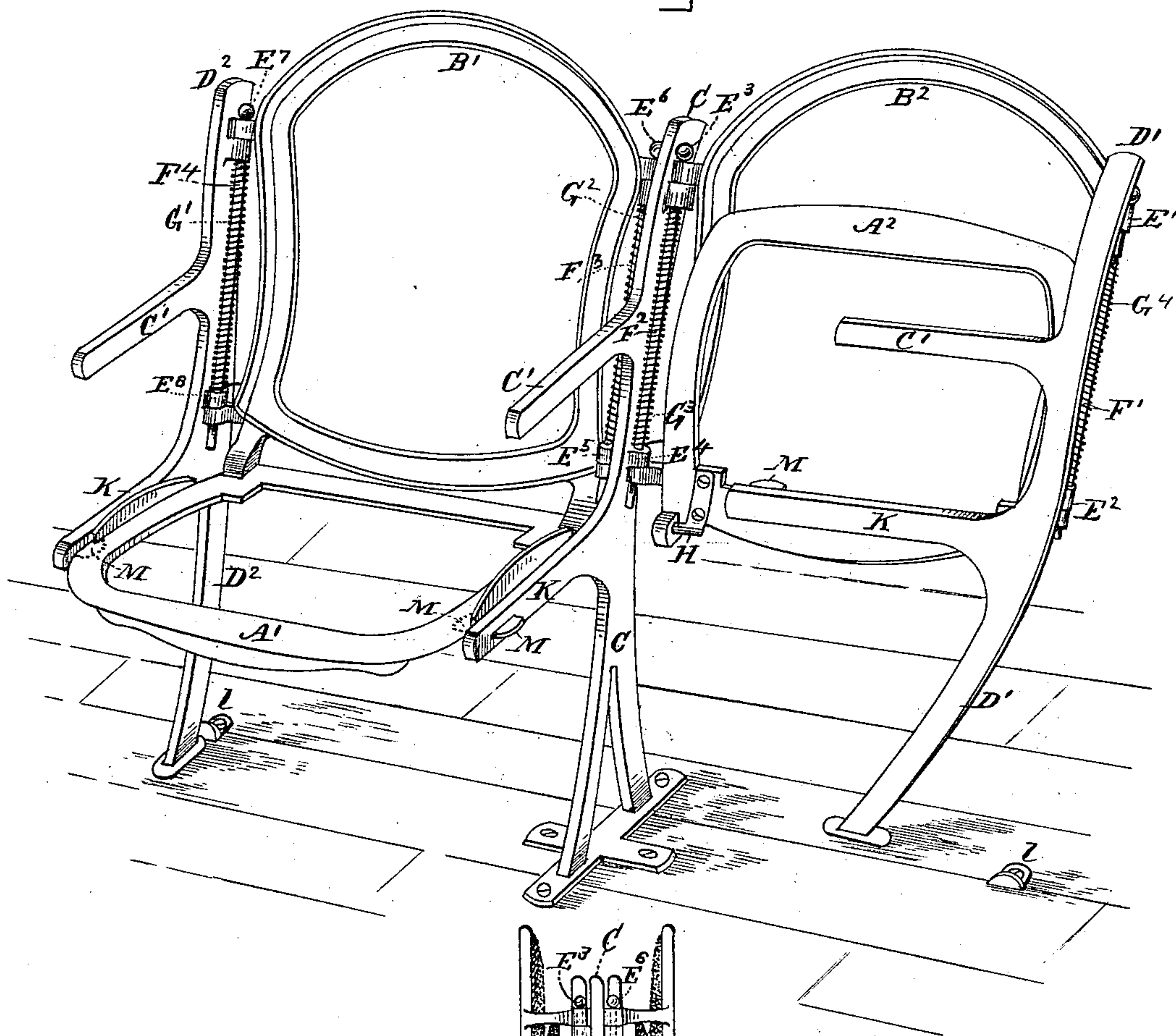


Fig. 2.

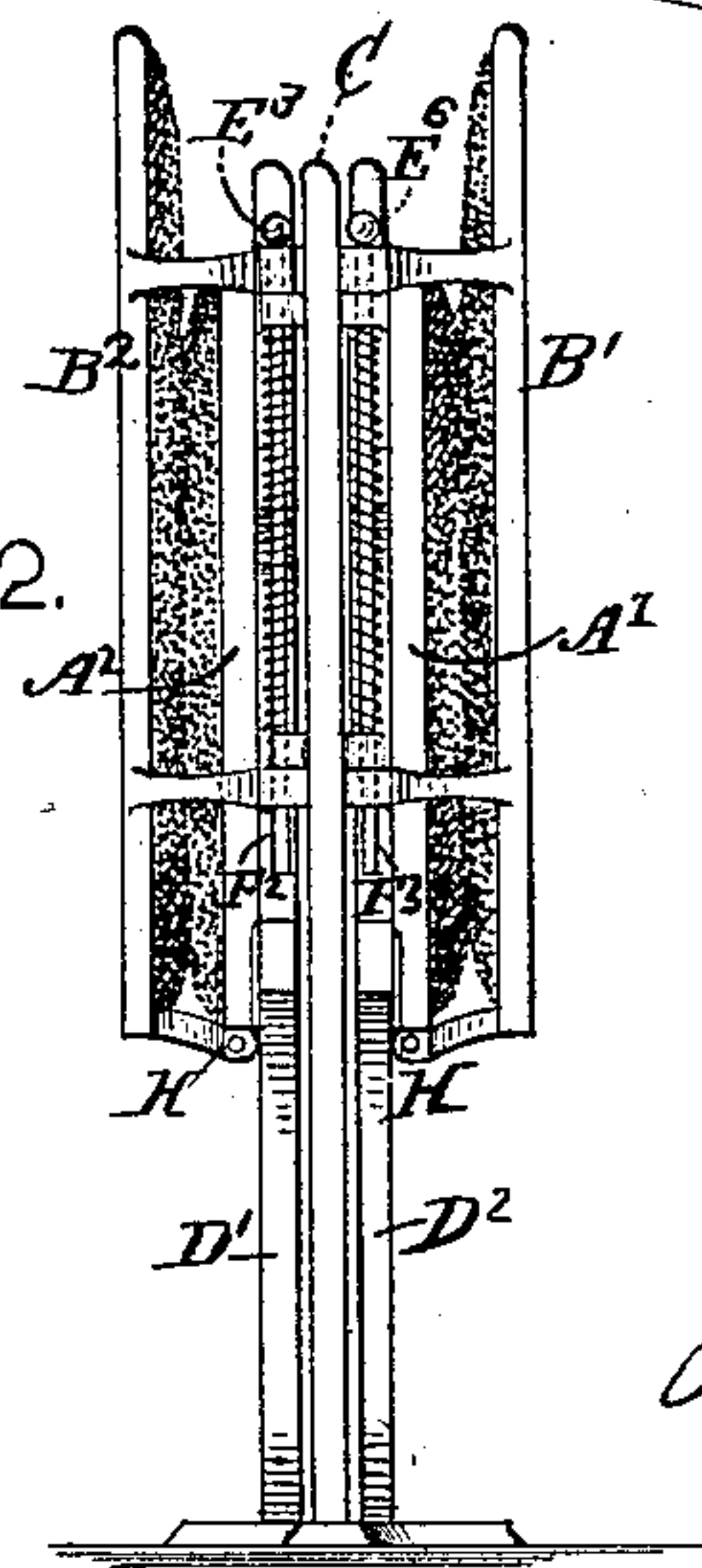
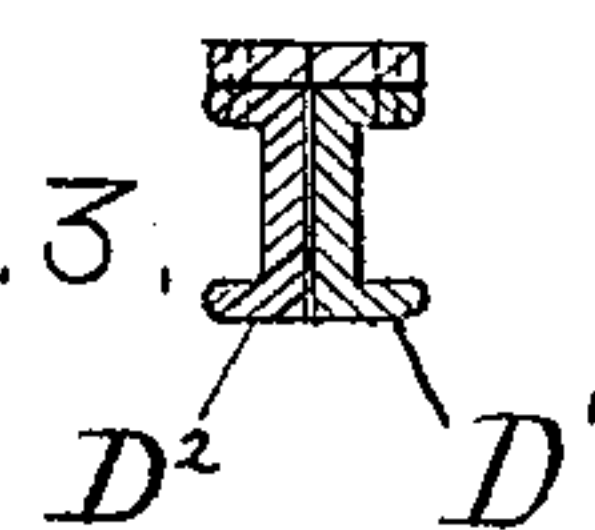


Fig. 3.



Witnesses.

H. Dunham.
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN A. LITTLEFIELD, OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

THEATER-CHAIR.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 364,944, dated June 14, 1887.

Application filed August 5, 1886. Serial No. 210,148. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN A. LITTLEFIELD, of Boston, in the county of Suffolk and State of Massachusetts, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Theater-Chairs, of which the following, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification.

My invention relates to improvements in folding chairs commonly used in theaters and halls; and the objects of my improvements are, first, to provide a folding chair simple in arrangement and easily folded; second, to allow a larger floor-space to be occupied than is generally used; third, to give more clear floor-space when folded, and thus make an easier egress.

I attain these objects by the mechanism and arrangement illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my invention with one chair partially folded. Fig. 2 is a rear view of the chairs folded. Fig. 3 is a transverse section of the arms of two adjoining chairs.

Similar letters refer to similar parts throughout the several views.

C is a standard firmly fixed to the floor, provided with a side, K, and an arm, C', and to this standard, on either side, by hinged joints E³ E⁴ E⁵ E⁶, having rods F² F³ passing through both upper and lower joints, I attach the backs B' B², and to each of said backs is attached a seat, A' A², by hinged joints or pivots H at each corner of the back part of the seats, and on the other side of said backs B' B², by hinged joints E' E² E' E³, similar to those by which said backs are attached to said fixed standard C, I attach movable standards D' D², provided with sides K and arms C'. The seats B' B² are supported in rear by joints H, the pivotal pin fastened to the seats resting in the sockets on the frame of the backs, and in front by pins or ledges M upon the fixed standard C and inner side of movable standards D' D².

The seats A' A² fold upward by hand against the backs B' B² on the hinges H, and thus allow the movable standards D' D² to fold or be folded inwardly on hinges E' E² E' E³, as shown on right of Fig. 1, and the backs B' B², with the seats A' A² and movable standards D' D², fold against the fixed standard C, turning in-

wardly on hinges E³ E⁴ E⁵ E⁶, thus clearing all the floor-space covered by said chairs except that covered by the actual aggregated thickness of the several parts folded together, as described and shown in Fig. 1.

In Fig. 1 I have shown the hinge-rods F' F² F³ F⁴ encircled with torsional springs G' G² G³ G⁴, which are connected at one end with the movable standards D' D² and fixed standard C, by the end of the spring passing around the back of said standards, and the lower ends passing around the frame of the backs B' B², their functions being to automatically fold the several parts together, as above described. It is obvious that said movable standards and said backs may be folded against said fixed standard by hand, without said torsional springs, if desired.

To prepare the chairs for occupancy, I have only to fold the parts outwardly and turn the seats A' A² down between the several standards, the said seats holding the said movable standards apart, resisting and preventing the torsional springs, if used, from acting until the said seats are again turned upward. The legs of the movable standards D' D² are curved inwardly toward the front of the seat, that they may bear the pressure of the seats, and when the chairs are unfolded their feet rest against a fixed plate, L, of any convenient shape. This plate may be used or not, as desired, its function being simply to assist in giving firmness to the movable standards.

The fixed standard C, I fasten to the floor in any suitable manner.

When two seats adjoin, the arms and sides come close together, as shown in Fig. 3.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim is—

1. In a folding chair, in combination, a fixed standard, C, provided with side K, with ledge M thereon, and arm C', the back B², connected with said standard C by hinge-joints E³ E⁴, and rod F², encircled by a torsional spring fastened to said fixed standard and back B², the seat A², connected with said back B² by hinges H, the movable standard D', provided with arm C', and side K, having ledge M thereon, and inwardly-curved leg, and connected with said back by hinge-joints E' E², and rod F', encircled by a torsional spring fastened to said

movable standard and back, all arranged and operating substantially as described, and for the purpose set forth.

2. In a folding chair, in combination, the
5 fixed standard C, provided with arm C', and side K, with ledges M thereon, the backs B' B² respectively connected, by hinge-joints and rods encircled by torsional springs, with said standard C, the seats A' A², each connected
10 with the backs B' B², respectively, by hinge-joints H, the movable standards D' D², having inwardly-curved legs, and provided with arms C', and sides K, having ledges M on inner side,

and connected with backs B' B², respectively, by hinge-joints and rods encircled by torsional 15 springs fastened to said standards and backs, all arranged and operated substantially as described, and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification, in the presence of two sub- 20 scribing witnesses, on this 15th day of July, A. D. 1886.

JOHN A. LITTLEFIELD.

Witnesses:

W. HAYNES,

H. DUNHAM.